AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II

Annual Report

OCTOBER 31, 2012



A unit of AllianceBernstein L.P.

Investment Products Offered

- Are Not FDIC Insured
- May Lose Value
- Are Not Bank Guaranteed

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Fund carefully before investing. For copies of our prospectus, which contains this and other information, visit us online at www.bernstein.com and click on "Investments", then "Stocks" or "Bonds", then "Prospectuses, SAIs and Shareholder Reports" or call your financial advisor or call Bernstein's mutual fund shareholder help line at 212.756.4097. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

This shareholder report must be preceded or accompanied by the Fund's prospectus for individuals who are not current shareholders of the Fund.

You may obtain a description of the Fund's proxy voting policies and procedures, and information regarding how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30, without charge. Simply visit AllianceBernstein's website at www.alliancebernstein.com, or go to the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "Commission") website at www.sec.gov, or call AllianceBernstein at (800) 227-4618.

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the Commission for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available on the Commission's website at www.sec.gov. The Fund's Forms N-Q may also be reviewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC; information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330. AllianceBernstein publishes full portfolio holdings for the Fund monthly at www.alliancebernstein.com.

AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. (ABI) is the distributor of the AllianceBernstein family of mutual funds. ABI is a member of FINRA and is an affiliate of AllianceBernstein L.P., the manager of the funds.

AllianceBernstein® and the AB Logo are registered trademarks and service marks used by permission of the owner. AllianceBernstein L.P.

December 11, 2012

Annual Report

This report provides management's discussion of fund performance for AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II (the "Fund") for the annual reporting period ended October 31, 2012.

Investment Objective and Policies

The Fund's investment objective is total return from long-term growth of capital and income.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in the equity securities of real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), and other real estate industry companies, such as real estate operating companies. The Fund invests in real estate companies that AllianceBernstein L.P. (the "Adviser") believes have strong property fundamentals and management teams. The Fund seeks to invest in real estate companies whose underlying portfolios are diversified geographically and by property type.

The Fund invests in U.S. and non-U.S. issuers. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests significantly (at least 40%—unless market conditions are not deemed favorable by the Adviser) in securities of non-U.S. companies. In addition, the Fund invests, under normal circumstances, in the equity securities of companies located in at least three countries. The Fund's investment policies emphasize investment in companies determined by the Adviser to be undervalued relative to their peers, using a fundamental value approach.

Currencies can have a dramatic impact on equity return, significantly adding to returns in some years and greatly diminishing them in others. The Adviser evaluates currency and equity positions separately and may seek to hedge the currency exposure resulting from securities positions when it finds the currency exposure unattractive. To hedge a portion of its currency risk, the Fund may from time to time invest in currency-related derivatives, including forward currency exchange contracts, futures, options on futures, swaps and options. The Adviser also may seek investment opportunities by taking long or short positions in currencies through the use of currency-related derivatives.

The Fund may invest in mortgagebacked securities, which are securities that directly or indirectly represent participation in, or are collateralized by and payable from, mortgage loans secured by real property. These securities include mortgage pass-through mortgage certificates, real estate investment conduit certificates, and collateralized mortgage obligations. The Fund may also invest in shortterm investment-grade debt securities and other fixed income securities.

The Fund invests in equity securities that include common stock, shares of beneficial interest of REITs, and securities with common stock characteristics, such as preferred stock or convertible securities ("real estate equity securities"). The Fund may enter into forward commitments and standby commitment agreements. The Fund may enter into derivatives transactions, including options, futures, forwards and swap agreements.

Investment Results

The table on page 5 shows the Fund's performance compared to its global benchmark, the Financial Times Stock Exchange ("FTSE") European Public Real Estate Association ("EPRA")/ National Association of Real Estate Trusts ("NAREIT") Investment Developed Real Estate ("RE") Index for the six- and 12-month periods ended October 31, 2012. A comparison to the global equity market is also shown, as represented by the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI") World Index, for the same timeframes, as well as the Standard & Poor's ("S&P") 500 Index and the FTSE NAREIT Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REIT") Index.

For the 12-month period ended October 31, 2012, the Fund advanced and outperformed its global benchmark. Sector selection was positive, as an underweight to the residential sector and an overweight to the specialty sector contributed; an overweight to the lodging sector detracted. Stock selection was also positive; the industrial and specialty sectors contributed, while the residential sector detracted

For the six-month period ended October 31, 2012, the Fund advanced in absolute terms but underperformed the global benchmark. Sector selection was negative, weighed down by an overweight to the lodging sector. Stock selection in the specialty and diversified sectors benefited returns, and was partially offset by negative stock selection in the residential sector.

During both periods, derivatives in the form of currency forwards were utilized for hedging and investment purposes, which detracted from returns.

Market Review and Investment Strategy

Policy announcements by several of the world's central banks and hopes for better global economic growth helped real estate markets post solid gains during the six- and 12-month periods ended October 31, 2012. Global real estate stocks have been benefitting from investor appetite for yield in this low interest rate environment.

Global real estate stocks have also been benefiting from other positive trends. For example, both debt and equity financing have remained available at attractive prices. And, despite challenging macroeconomic environment, real estate fundamentals have generally been improving. Indeed, some recent pockets of weakness on the global property landscape have begun to improve. In Australia, the residential market has been benefiting from lower interest rates and an improved supply and demand balance. In Japan, the office market has been showing initial signs of a recovery in rents and the vacancy rate. Property markets in Hong Kong, Singapore and Canada have all remained well-supported. While property demand in Europe is likely to remain weak, supply has been constrained for many years. The Fund's Senior Investment Management team has been finding opportunities across a wide group of countries and sectors, focusing on attractively-priced companies with improving fundamentals, together with the balance sheet strength to withstand periods of renewed volatility.

DISCLOSURES AND RISKS

Benchmark Disclosure

The FTSE® EPRA/NAREIT Developed RE Index, the MSCI World Index, the S&P 500® Index and the FTSE® NAREIT Equity REIT Index are unmanaged and do not reflect fees and expenses associated with the active management of a mutual fund portfolio. The FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed RE Index and the FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Index are market-value weighted indices based upon the last closing price of the month for tax-qualified REITs listed on the NYSE, AMEX and the NASDAQ. The MSCI World Index is a free-float, market capitalization-weighted index that measures equity market performance of developed markets. The MSCI World Index values are calculated using net returns, which include the reinvestment of dividends after deduction of non-U.S. withholding tax. MSCI makes no express or implied warranties or representations, and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any MSCI data contained herein. The MSCI data may not be further redistributed or used as a basis for other indices, any securities or financial products. This report is not approved, reviewed or produced by MSCI. The S&P 500 Index includes 500 U.S. stocks and is a common representation of the performance of the overall U.S. stock market. An investor cannot invest directly in an index, and its results are not indicative of the performance for any specific investment, including the Fund.

A Word About Risk

Market Risk: The value of the Fund's assets will fluctuate as the stock or bond market fluctuates. The value of its investments may decline, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, simply because of economic changes or other events that affect large portions of the market.

Interest Rate Risk: Changes in interest rates will affect the value of investments in fixed-income securities. When interest rates rise, the value of investments in fixed-income securities tend to fall and this decrease in value may not be offset by higher income from new investments. Interest rate risk is generally greater for fixed-income securities with longer maturities or durations.

Credit Risk: An issuer or guarantor of a fixed-income security, or the counterparty to a derivatives or other contract, may be unable or unwilling to make timely payments of interest or principal, or to otherwise honor its obligations. The issuer or guarantor may default, causing a loss of the full principal amount of a security. The degree of risk for a particular security may be reflected in its credit rating. There is the possibility that the credit rating of a fixed-income security may be downgraded after purchase, which may adversely affect the value of the security. Investments in fixed-income securities with lower ratings tend to have a higher probability that an issuer will default or fail to meet its payment obligations.

Real Estate Risk: The Fund's investments in real estate securities have many of the same risks as direct ownership of real estate, including the risk that the value of real estate could decline due to a variety of factors affecting the real estate market generally. Investments in REITs may have additional risks. REITs are dependent on the capability of their managers, may have limited diversification, and could be significantly affected by changes in taxes.

Foreign (Non-U.S.) Risk: Investment in securities of non-U.S. issuers may involve more risk than those of U.S. issuers. These securities may fluctuate more widely in price and may be less liquid due to adverse market, economic, political, regulatory or other factors.

Currency Risk: Fluctuations in currency exchange rates may negatively affect the value of the Fund's investments or reduce its returns.

(Disclosures, Risks and Note about Historical Performance continued on next page)

DISCLOSURES AND RISKS

(continued from previous page)

Prepayment Risk: The value of mortgage-related or other asset-backed securities may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates. Early payments of principal on some mortgage-related securities may occur during periods of falling mortgage interest rates and expose the Fund to a lower rate of return upon reinvestment of principal. Early payments associated with mortgage-related securities cause these securities to experience significantly greater price and yield volatility than is experienced by traditional fixed-income securities. During periods of rising interest rates, a reduction in prepayments may increase the effective life of mortgage-related securities, subjecting them to greater risk of decline in market value in response to rising interest rates. If the life of a mortgage-related security is inaccurately predicted, the Fund may not be able to realize the rate of return it expected.

Derivatives Risk: Investments in derivatives may be illiquid, difficult to price, and leveraged so that small changes may produce disproportionate losses for the Fund, and may be subject to counterparty risk to a greater degree than more traditional investments.

Leverage Risk: When the Fund borrows money or otherwise leverages its portfolio, it may be more volatile because leverage tends to exaggerate the effect of any increase or decrease in the value of the Fund's investments. The Fund may create leverage through the use of reverse repurchase agreements or forward commitments, or by borrowing money.

Management Risk: The Fund is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed investment fund. The Adviser will apply its investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there is no guarantee that its techniques will produce the desired results.

These risks are fully discussed in the Fund's prospectus.

An Important Note About Historical Performance

The investment return and principal value of an investment in the Fund will fluctuate, so that shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance shown on the following pages represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance information shown. You may obtain performance information current to the most recent month-end by visiting www.bernstein.com. Click on "Private Clients", then "Investments", then "Stocks" or "Bonds", then "Mutual Fund Performance at a Glance".

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Fund carefully before investing. For copies of our prospectus, which contains this and other information, visit us online at www.bernstein.com and click on "Investments", then "Stocks" or "Bonds", then "Prospectuses, SAIs and Shareholder Reports" or call your financial advisor or call Bernstein's mutual fund shareholder help line at 212.756.4097. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

All fees and expenses related to the operation of the Fund have been deducted. Performance assumes reinvestment of distributions and does not account for taxes. There are no sales charges associated with investing in the Fund.

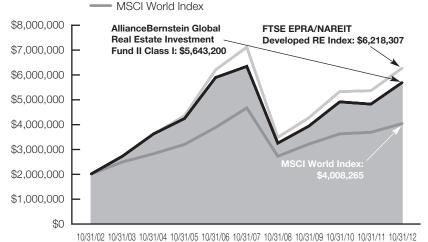
HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

THE FUND VS. ITS BENCHMARK	BENCHMARK Returns	
PERIODS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2012	6 Months	12 Months
AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II Class I	6.14%	18.04%
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed RE Index	6.15%	16.91%
MSCI World Index	1.77%	9.45%
S&P 500 Index	2.16%	15.21%
FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Index	2.08%	16.79%

Please keep in mind that high, double-digit returns are highly unusual and cannot be sustained. Investors should also be aware that these returns were primarily achieved during favorable market conditions.

GROWTH OF A \$2,000,000 INVESTMENT IN THE FUND 10/31/02 TO 10/31/12





This chart illustrates the total value of an assumed \$2,000,000 investment in AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II Class I shares (from 10/31/02 to 10/31/12) as compared to the performance of the Fund's benchmark, the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed RE Index, and the overall global stock market, as represented by the MSCI World Index. The chart assumes the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions.

See Disclosures, Risks and Note about Historical Performance on pages 3-4.

(Historical Performance continued on next page)

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

(continued from previous page)

AVERAGE ANNUAL RETURNS AS OF OCTOBER 31, 2012

	Returns
Class I Shares	
1 Year	18.04%
5 Years	-2.16%
10 Years	10.93%

AVERAGE ANNUAL RETURNS AS OF THE MOST RECENT CALENDAR QUARTER-END (SEPTEMBER 30, 2012)

Oleve I Chause	Returns
Class I Shares 1 Year	31.21%
5 Years	-1.63%
10 Years	10.22%

The Fund's current prospectus fee table shows the Fund's total annual operating expense ratio as 0.62% for Class I shares.

See Disclosures, Risks and Note about Historical Performance on pages 3-4.

FUND EXPENSES

(unaudited)

As a shareholder of the Fund, you incur two types of costs: (1) transaction costs, including sales charges (loads) on purchase payments, contingent deferred sales charges on redemptions and (2) ongoing costs, including management fees; distribution (12b-1) fees; and other Fund expenses. This example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the Fund and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the period and held for the entire period as indicated below.

Actual Expenses

The first line of the table below provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use the information in this line, together with the amount you invested, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number in the first line under the heading entitled "Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during this period.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes

The second line of the table below provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed annual rate of return of 5% before expenses, which is not the Fund's actual return. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period. You may use this information to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Fund and other funds by comparing this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of other funds.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight your ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional costs, such as sales charges (loads), or contingent deferred sales charges on redemptions. Therefore, the second line of the table is useful in comparing ongoing costs only, and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. In addition, if these transactional costs were included, your costs would have been higher.

	Beginning Account Value May 1, 2012	Ending Account Value October 31, 2012	Expenses Paid During Period*	Annualized Expense Ratio*
Actual	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,061.40	\$ 3.26	0.63%
Hypothetical**	\$ 1.000	\$ 1.021.97	\$ 3.20	0.63%

Expenses are equal to the Fund's annualized expense ratio, multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by 184/366 (to reflect the one-half year period).

^{**} Assumes 5% return before expenses.

PORTFOLIO SUMMARY

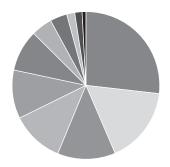
October 31, 2012 (unaudited)

PORTFOLIO STATISTICS

Net Assets (\$mil): \$615.0

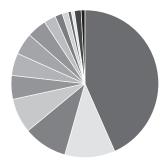
INDUSTRY BREAKDOWN*

- 26.8% Diversified/Specialty
- 16.7% Shopping Center/ Other Retail
- 12.7% Office
- 11.5% Multi-Family
- 10.7% Regional Mall
- 9.1% Health Care
- 4.6% Lodging
- 3.7% Industrial Warehouse Distribution
- 1.8% Self Storage
- 1.6% Single Family
- 0.8% Short-Term



COUNTRY BREAKDOWN*

- 43.4% United States
- 11.0% Japan
- 9.6% Hong Kong
 - 7.6% Australia
- 5.2% Canada
- 4.9% Singapore
- 4.8% France
- 4.3% United Kingdom
- 2.6% China
- 1.6% Netherlands
- 1.3% Sweden
- 0.7% Germany
- 0.7% Brazil
- 1.5% Other
- 0.8% Short-Term



* All data are as of October 31, 2012. The Fund's industry and country breakdowns are expressed as a percentage of total investments (excluding collateral for securities loaned) and may vary over time. The Fund also enters into derivative transactions, which may be used for hedging or investment purposes (see "Portfolio of Investments" section of the report for additional details). "Other" country weightings represent 0.7% or less in the following countries: Belgium, Finland and Thailand.

Please note: The industry classifications presented herein are based on industry categorization methodology of the Adviser. These industry classifications are broadly defined. The "Portfolio of Investments" section of the report reflects more specific sector information and is consistent with the investment restrictions discussed in the Fund's prospectus.

TEN LARGEST HOLDINGS*

October 31, 2012 (unaudited)

Company	U.S. \$ Value	Percent of Net Assets	
Simon Property Group, Inc.	\$ 30,458,743	5.0%	
Unibail-Rodamco SE	18,275,385	3.0	
Westfield Group	16,962,281	2.8	
Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.	15,545,144	2.5	
Sun Hung Kai Properties Ltd.	14,037,568	2.3	
Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd.	13,477,364	2.2	
Ventas, Inc.	12,598,323	2.0	
General Growth Properties, Inc.	12,371,055	2.0	
Stockland	12,137,465	2.0	
HCP, Inc.	11,310,233	1.8	
	\$ 157,173,561	25.6 %	

^{*} Long-term investments.

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS October 31, 2012

Company	Shares	U.S. \$ Value
COMMON STOCKS – 98.8% Equity: Other – 35.9%		
Diversified/Specialty - 26.8%		
Artis Real Estate Investment Trust	141,200	\$ 2,310,096
Australand Property Group	493,246	1,543,767
BioMed Realty Trust, Inc	241,390	4,615,377
British Land Co. PLC	963,253	8,227,796
CapitaLand Ltd	877,000	2,335,579
Cofinimmo	24,270	2,760,085
Duke Realty Corp	163,187	2,362,948
Dundee Real Estate Investment Trust	145,631	5,344,056
Evergrande Real Estate Group Ltd.(a)	10,411,000	4,515,361
GPT Group	370,150	1,366,910
Hang Lung Properties Ltd	582,000	2,018,966
Henderson Land Development Co., Ltd	347,000	2,395,248
ICADE	15,315	1,378,368
Land Securities Group PLC	320,745	4,168,145
Lexington Realty Trust ^(a)	356,750	3,385,558
LPN Development PCL (NVDR)	3,570,300	2,109,063
Mapletree Commercial Trust	3,811,000	3,772,721
Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd	681,000	13,477,364
Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd	769,000	15,545,144
Morguard Real Estate Investment Trust	116,290	2,095,840
New World Development Co., Ltd	4,902,180	7,542,407
Regal Real Estate Investment Trust	1,090,800	296,904
Spirit Realty Capital, Inc.(b)	383,911	6,273,106
Sumitomo Realty & Development Co., Ltd	314,000	8,676,482
Sun Hung Kai Properties Ltd	1,015,454	14,037,568
Suntec Real Estate Investment Trust	2,349,000	3,085,268
Supalai PCL	3,222,900	2,018,913
Swire Properties Ltd	1,504,200	4,657,204
Telecity Group PLC	205,407	2,992,096
UOL Group Ltd.	1,165,710	5,393,763
Vornado Realty Trust	48,280	3,872,539
Weyerhaeuser Co	242,280	6,708,733
Wharf Holdings Ltd	1,438,000	9,832,435
Wheelock & Co., Ltd.	748,000	3,277,158
		164,392,968
Health Care – 9.1%		
Chartwell Seniors Housing Real Estate	200 260	2.066.064
Investment Trust	298,260	3,066,964
HCP, Inc.	255,310	11,310,233
Health Care REIT, Inc.	171,849	10,212,986
LTC Properties, Inc	109,150 214,450	3,603,042
•		4,919,483
Sabra Health Care REIT, IncSenior Housing Properties Trust	71,810 398,880	1,595,618 8,767,382
Ventas, Inc.	199,120	12,598,323
v & II (a	199,120	
		56,074,031
		220,466,999

Company	Shares	U.S. \$ Value
Retail – 27.3% Regional Mall – 10.7%	0.40.000	Φ. 4.000.005
CapitaMall Trust	942,000 629,250 398,309 200,110	\$ 1,620,805 12,371,055 4,249,957 30,458,743
Westfield Group	1,534,477	16,962,281 65,662,841
Aeon Mall Co., Ltd	194,800 681,200	5,052,699 2,231,244
Corio NV Eurocommercial Properties NV Fortune Real Estate Investment Trust	123,622 105,300 2,217,000	5,507,097 4,129,461 1,750,375
Fukuoka REIT Co	138 2,650 279,540	1,038,067 4,831,173 5,456,621
Kite Realty Group Trust	505,752 149,984 1,095,860	2,766,464 5,563,401 5,438,650
Mercialys SA	192,510 158,470 540,162	4,038,028 7,609,729 6,838,451
(Toronto)	81,555 164,710 81,139	2,224,339 5,183,424 18,275,385
Weingarten Realty Investors	252,720 2,354,900	6,823,440 7,561,751 102,319,799
Residential – 14.8%		167,982,640
Multi-Family – 11.4% Ascott Residence Trust Associated Estates Realty Corp.(a) AvalonBay Communities, Inc Berkeley Group Holdings PLC(b) Brookfield Incorporacoes SA	1,723,000 353,350 45,290 141,840 898,900	1,798,517 5,296,717 6,139,512 3,490,406 1,571,155
Brookfield Incorporacoes SA ^(b)	267,515 1,244,000 2,530,797 119,740 110,164	470,214 3,255,142 3,299,701 6,874,273 4,528,209
KWG Property Holding Ltd. Meritage Homes Corp.(b) Mirvac Group NVR, Inc.(b) PulteGroup, Inc.(b)	8,440,000 78,630 3,019,552 3,590 190,350	4,986,874 2,907,737 4,711,149 3,244,427 3,300,669
Rossi Residencial SAStockland	1,061,000 3,382,785	2,230,605 12,137,465 70,242,772

Company	Shares	U.S. \$ Value
Self Storage – 1.8%		
Extra Space Storage, Inc. (a)	162,223	\$ 5,595,071
Public Storage	37,053	5,136,658
		10,731,729
Single Family – 1.6%		
Fortune Brands Home & Security, Inc.(b)	113,060	3,215,426
Realogy Holdings Corp.(b)	189,764	6,744,213
		9,959,639
		90,934,140
Office – 12.6%		
Office - 12.6% Allied Properties Real Estate Investment		
Trust	115,208	3,645,129
Boston Properties, Inc.	72,564	7,713,553
Brandywine Realty Trust	198,320	2,300,512
Castellum AB	252,370	3,382,808
Cominar Real Estate Investment Trust	204,770	4,889,877
Commonwealth Property Office Fund	1,986,825	2,224,360
Corporate Office Properties Trust Douglas Emmett, Inc	180,700 202,159	4,508,465 4,740,629
Dundee International Real Estate Investment	202,109	4,740,029
Trust	194,398	2,170,251
Hongkong Land Holdings Ltd	641,000	4,052,896
Hufvudstaden AB – Class A	354,464	4,502,141
Japan Excellent, Inc.	523	2,899,530
Japan Real Estate Investment Corp	364	3,644,846
Kenedix Realty Investment Corp. – Class A ^(a) Kilroy Realty Corp	1,049 47,242	3,583,205 2,098,017
Liberty Property Trust	81,750	2,871,060
Mack-Cali Realty Corp.(a)	177,730	4,619,203
Nippon Building Fund, Inc.	419	4,501,411
Orix JREIT, Inc	874	4,255,626
Parkway Properties, Inc./MD ^(a)	257,700	3,548,529
Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc.(a)	89,510	1,593,278
		77,745,326
Lodging – 4.5%		
Lodging – 4.5% Ashford Hospitality Trust, Inc.	371,360	2 100 002
Far East Hospitality Trust(a)(b)	3,781,000	3,189,982 3,053,193
Great Eagle Holdings Ltd.	1,146,000	3,382,588
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.	269,710	3,900,007
InterContinental Hotels Group PLC	181,946	4,501,665
Pebblebrook Hotel Trust	57,909	1,228,829
RLJ Lodging Trust	402,020	7,163,996
Strategic Hotels & Resorts, Inc.(b)	269,344	1,478,699
		27,898,959

Company	Shares	U.S. \$ Value
Industrials – 3.7% Industrial Warehouse Distribution – 3.7% Global Logistic Properties Ltd. Granite Real Estate, Inc. Mapletree Logistics Trust ProLogis, Inc. Segro PLC.	2,371,000 163,740 4,587,000 132,598 734,380	\$ 4,974,575 6,005,983 4,163,178 4,546,785 2,815,804 22,506,325
Total Common Stocks (cost \$515,901,811)		607,534,389
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS – 0.8% Investment Companies – 0.8% AllianceBerstein Fixed-Income Shares, Inc. – Government STIF Portfolio, 0.15%(a) (cost \$5,238,118) Total Investments Before Security Lending Collateral for Securities	5,238,118	5,238,118
Loaned - 99.6% (cost \$521,139,929)		 612,772,507
INVESTMENTS OF CASH COLLATERAL FOR SECURITIES LOANED - 2.9% Investment Companies - 2.9% AllianceBernstein Exchange Reserves - Class I, 0.18%(c) (cost \$17,464,382)	17,464,382	17,464,382
Total Investments – 102.5% (cost \$538,604,311)		 630,236,889 (15,203,731)
Net Assets – 100.0%		\$ 615,033,158

FORWARD CURRENCY EXCHANGE CONTRACTS (see Note C)

Counterparty	Contracts to Deliver (000)	In Exchange For (000)	Settlement Date	Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
Barclays Bank PLC Wholesale	USD 9,072	GBP 5,792	11/15/12	\$ 274,609
BNP Paribas SA	SEK 13,657	USD 2,096	11/15/12	37,444
Citibank NA	JPY 253,012	USD 3,155	2/19/13	(17,869)
Credit Suisse London Branch (GFX)	GBP 1,601	USD 2,580	11/15/12	(3,373)
Credit Suisse London Branch (GFX)	USD 15,933	EUR 12,216	11/15/12	(97,201)
Credit Suisse London Branch (GFX)	USD 4,166	NOK 25,521	11/15/12	307,808
Credit Suisse London Branch (GFX)	GBP 7,084	USD 11,413	2/19/13	(15,205)
Deutsche Bank AG London	CAD 2,637	USD 2,600	11/15/12	(39,994)
Deutsche Bank AG London	USD 6,408	AUD 6,190	11/15/12	10,585
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets LP	GBP 4,191	USD 6,794	11/15/12	31,148
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets LP	USD 5,364	NZD 6,500	11/15/12	(22,360)
HSBC BankUSA	USD 8,016	NOK 46,865	11/15/12	200,665

Counterparty	Contracts to Deliver (000)	In Exchange For (000)	Settlement Date	Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
JPMorgan Chase Bank NA	JPY 615,274	USD 7,836	11/15/12	\$ 128,216
Morgan Stanley and Co., Inc.	AUD 8,707	USD 9,026	11/15/12	(3,004)
Royal Bank of Canada	CAD 8,999	USD 9,032	11/15/12	24,728
Royal Bank of Canada	JPY 280,456	USD 3,573	11/15/12	59,645
Royal Bank of Canada	USD 4,276	CAD 4,248	11/15/12	(24,266)
Royal Bank of Canada	CAD 3,944	USD 3,967	2/19/13	27,322
Royal Bank of Scotland PLC	EUR 6,215	USD 7,635	11/15/12	(421,104)
Royal Bank of Scotland PLC	USD 22,689	EUR 17,498	11/15/12	(6,192)
Royal Bank of Scotland PLC	USD 1,298	NOK 7,501	2/19/13	12,579
State Street Bank & Trust Co.	EUR 23,499	USD 29,054	11/15/12	(1,407,852)
UBS AG	AUD 1,623	USD 1,688	11/15/12	5,046
UBS AG	USD 4,607	NOK 27,195	11/15/12	161,079
UBS AG	USD 19,053	SEK 127,971	11/15/12	233,075
Westpac Banking Corp.	USD 4,242	AUD 4,140	11/15/12	51,171
				\$ (493,300)

- (a) Represents entire or partial securities out on loan. See Note D for securities lending information.
- (b) Non-income producing security.
- (c) Investment in affiliated money market mutual fund. The rate shown represents the 7-day yield as of period end.

Currency Abbreviations:

AUD - Australian Dollar

CAD - Canadian Dollar

EUR - Euro

GBP - Great British Pound

JPY - Japanese Yen

NOK – Norwegian Krone

NZD - New Zealand Dollar

SEK - Swedish Krona

USD - United States Dollar

Glossary:

NVDR - Non Voting Depositary Receipt

REIT - Real Estate Investment Trust

See notes to financial statements.

9.59

STATEMENT OF ASSETS & LIABILITIES

October 31, 2012

Assets		
Investments in securities, at value Unaffiliated issuers (cost \$515,901,811)	\$	607,534,389 ^(a)
Affiliated issuers (cost \$22,702,500—including investment of	ψ	007,004,009
cash collateral for securities loaned of \$17,464,382)		22,702,500
Foreign currencies, at value (cost \$3,235,255)		3,236,560
Receivable for investment securities sold		5,987,366
Unrealized appreciation of forward currency exchange		
contracts		1,565,120
Dividends and interest receivable		1,238,442
Receivable for capital stock sold	_	387,057
Total assets	_	642,651,434
Liabilities		
Payable for collateral received on securities loaned		17,464,382
Payable for investment securities purchased and foreign currency		5 445 000
transactions		5,415,028
Payable for capital stock redeemed		2,233,946
contracts		2,058,420
Advisory fee payable		292,011
Administrative fee payable		18,401
Transfer Agent fee payable		1,501
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	_	134,587
Total liabilities		27,618,276
Net Assets	\$	615,033,158
Composition of Net Assets	_	
Capital stock, at par	\$	64,143
Additional paid-in capital		977,978,662
Distributions in excess of net investment income		(2,771,260)
Accumulated net realized loss on investment and foreign		
currency transactions		(451,346,545)
Net unrealized appreciation on investments and foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities		01 100 150
denominated assets and liabilities	_	91,108,158
	\$	615,033,158
Class I Net Asset Value Per Share—3 billion shares of capital		
stock authorized, \$.001 par value (based on 64,142,895		

capital shares outstanding)

⁽a) Includes securities on loan with a value of \$16,947,944 (see Note D). See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

Unaffiliated issuers (net of foreign taxes

Year Ended October 31, 2012

ı			1		
	Investn	nent	ın	CO	me

Dividends

withheld of \$1,064,846) Affiliated issuers Interest Securities lending income	50,297 2,562	\$ 21,514,902
Expenses Advisory fee (see Note B) Custodian Audit Directors' fees Administrative Registration fees Legal	3,535,837 188,758 63,167 55,726 51,891 46,218 43,864	
Transfer agency	42,056	

11,256

30.370

4,069,143

17,445,759

88,455,352

Total expenses

transactions

Transactions

Net realized gain (loss) on:

Net Increase in Net Assets from
Operations \$ 105,901,111

(a) Net of increase in accrued foreign capital gains taxes of \$22,036.

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		
from Operations Net investment income Net realized gain on investment and foreign	\$ 17,445,759	\$ 16,600,393
currency transactions	56,758,632	88,859,067
depreciation of investments and foreign currency denominated assets and		
liabilities	31,696,720	(112,594,053)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	105,901,111	(7,134,593)
Dividends to Shareholders from		
Net investment income	(22,924,348)	(43,539,134)
Capital Stock Transactions		
Net decrease	(149,169,903)	(151,201,264)
Total decrease	(66,193,140)	(201,874,991)
Net Assets		
Beginning of period	681,226,298	883,101,289
End of period (including distributions in excess of net investment income of (\$2,771,260) and (\$11,681,686),		
respectively)	\$ 615,033,158	\$ 681,226,298

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

October 31, 2012

NOTE A Significant Accounting Policies

AllianceBernstein Institutional Funds, Inc. (the "Company"), was organized as a Maryland corporation on October 3, 1997 and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") as an open-end series investment company. The Company is comprised of one fund, AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II (the "Fund"). The Fund offers Class I shares. Sales are made without a sales charge, at the Fund's net asset value per share. The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") which require management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Fund.

1. Security Valuation

Portfolio securities are valued at their current market value determined on the basis of market quotations or, if market quotations are not readily available or are deemed unreliable, at "fair value" as determined in accordance with procedures established by and under the general supervision of the Company's Board of Directors.

In general, the market value of securities which are readily available and deemed reliable are determined as follows: Securities listed on a national securities exchange (other than securities listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. ("NASDAQ")) or on a foreign securities exchange are valued at the last sale price at the close of the exchange or foreign securities exchange. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the last traded price from the previous day. Securities listed on more than one exchange are valued by reference to the principal exchange on which the securities are traded; securities listed only on NASDAQ are valued in accordance with the NASDAQ Official Closing Price; listed or over the counter ("OTC") market put or call options are valued at the mid level between the current bid and ask prices. If either a current bid or current ask price is unavailable, AllianceBernstein L.P. (the "Adviser") will have discretion to determine the best valuation (e.g. last trade price in the case of listed options); open futures contracts are valued using the closing settlement price or, in the absence of such a price, the most recent quoted bid price. If there are no quotations available for the day of valuation, the last available closing settlement price is used; U.S. government securities and other debt instruments having 60 days or less remaining until maturity are valued at amortized cost if their original maturity was 60 days or less; or by amortizing their fair value as of the 61st day prior to maturity if their original term to maturity exceeded 60 days; fixed-income securities, including mortgage backed and asset backed securities, may be valued on the basis of prices provided by a pricing service or at a price obtained from one or more of the major broker/dealers. In cases where broker/dealer quotes are obtained, the Adviser may establish procedures whereby changes in market yields or spreads are used to adjust, on a daily basis, a recently obtained quoted price on a security. Swaps and other derivatives are valued daily, primarily using independent pricing services, independent pricing models using market inputs, as well as third party broker-dealers or counterparties. Investments in money market funds are valued at their net asset value each day.

Securities for which market quotations are not readily available (including restricted securities) or are deemed unreliable are valued at fair value. Factors considered in making this determination may include, but are not limited to, information obtained by contacting the issuer, analysts, analysis of the issuer's financial statements or other available documents. In addition, the Fund may use fair value pricing for securities primarily traded in non-U.S. markets because most foreign markets close well before the Fund values its securities at 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time. The earlier close of foreign markets gives rise to the possibility that significant events, including broad market moves, may have occurred between the close of the foreign markets and the time at which the Fund values its securities which may materially affect the value of securities trading in such markets.

2. Fair Value Measurements

In accordance with U.S. GAAP regarding fair value measurements, fair value is defined as the price that the Fund would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset (including those valued based on their market values as described in Note 1 above) liability. Inputs may be observable or unobservable and refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. Each investment is assigned a level based upon the observability of the inputs which are significant to the overall valuation. The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized below.

- Level 1—quoted prices in active markets for identical investments
- Level 2—other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3—significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

Where readily available market prices or relevant bid prices are not available for certain equity investments, such investments may be valued based on similar

publicly traded investments, movements in relevant indices since last available prices or based upon underlying company fundamentals and comparable company data (such as multiples to earnings or other multiples to equity). Where an investment is valued using an observable input, by pricing vendors, such as another publicly traded security, the investment will be classified as Level 2. If management determines that an adjustment is appropriate based on restrictions on resale, illiquidity or uncertainty, and such adjustment is a significant component of the valuation, the investment will be classified as Level 3. An investment will also be classified as Level 3 where management uses company fundamentals and other significant inputs to determine the valuation.

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Fund's investments by the above fair value hierarchy levels as of October 31, 2012:

Investments in Securities:		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:			Ξ			
Common Stocks:						
Equity: Other	\$	95,802,369	\$	124,664,630	\$ -0-	\$ 220,466,999
Retail		83,982,223		84,000,417	-0-	167,982,640
Residential		52,726,677		38,207,463	-0-	90,934,140
Office		44,698,503		33,046,823	-0-	77,745,326
Lodging		20,014,706		7,884,253	-0-	27,898,959
Industrials		10,552,768		11,953,557	-0-	22,506,325
Short-Term Investments		5,238,118		-0-	-0-	5,238,118
Investments of Cash Collateral for						
Securities Loaned in Affiliated						
Money Market Fund	_	17,464,382	_		0 -	17,464,382
Total Investments in Securities		330,479,746		299,757,143+	-0-	630,236,889
Other Financial Instruments*:						
Assets:						
Forward Currency Exchange						
Contracts		-0-		1,565,120	-0-	1,565,120
Liabilities:						
Forward Currency Exchange						
Contracts		<u> </u>		(2,058,420)	0 -	(2,058,420)
Total++	\$	330,479,746	\$	299,263,843	<u>\$ -0</u> -	\$ 629,743,589

- * Other financial instruments are derivative instruments, such as futures, forwards and swap contracts, which are valued at the unrealized appreciation/depreciation on the instrument.
- + A significant portion of the Fund's foreign equity investments are categorized as Level 2 investments since they are valued using fair value prices based on third party vendor modeling tools to the extent available, see Note A.1.
- ++ There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the reporting period.

The Fund recognizes all transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy assuming the financial instruments were transferred at the beginning of the reporting period.

The following is a reconciliation of investments in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value.

	Rights_	Total
Balance as of 10/31/11	\$ 827,207 \$	827,207
Accrued discounts/(premiums)	-0-	-0-
Realized gain (loss)	-0-	-0-
Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation	(827,207)	(827,207)
Purchases	-0-	-0-
Sales	-0-	-0-
Transfers in to Level 3	-0-	-0-
Transfers out of Level 3	-0-	<u> </u>
Balance as of 10/31/12	\$ -0-\$	-0-
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation from investments held as of 10/31/12*	\$ <u>-0</u> -\$	-0-

^{*} The unrealized appreciation/depreciation is included in net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation of investments in the accompanying statement of operations.

The Adviser has established a Valuation Committee (the "Committee") which is responsible for overseeing the pricing and valuation of all securities held in the Fund. The Committee operates under pricing and valuation policies and procedures established by the Adviser and approved by the Board, including pricing policies which set forth the mechanisms and processes to be employed on a daily basis to implement these policies and procedures. In particular, the pricing policies describe how to determine market quotations for securities and other instruments. The Committee's responsibilities include: 1) fair value and liquidity determinations (and oversight of any third parties to whom any responsibility for fair value and liquidity determinations is delegated), and 2) regular monitoring of the Adviser's pricing and valuation policies and procedures and modification or enhancement of these policies and procedures (or recommendation of the modification of these policies and procedures) as the Committee believes appropriate.

The Committee is also responsible for monitoring the implementation of the pricing policies by the Adviser's Pricing Group (the "Pricing Group") and a third party which performs certain pricing functions in accordance with the pricing policies. The Pricing Group is responsible for the oversight of the third party on a day-to-day basis. The Committee and the Pricing Group perform a series of activities to provide reasonable comfort over the accuracy of prices including: 1) periodic vendor due diligence meetings, review methodologies, new developments, process at vendors, 2) daily compare of security valuation versus prior day for all fixed income securities that exceed established thresholds, 3) monthly multi-source pricing compares, reviewed and submitted to the Committee, and 4) daily review of unpriced, stale, and variance reports with exceptions reviewed by senior management and the Committee.

In addition, there are several processes outside of the pricing process that are used to monitor valuation issues including: 1) performance and performance

attribution reports are monitored for anomalous impacts based upon benchmark performance, and 2) portfolio managers review all portfolios for performance and analytics (which are generated using the Adviser's prices).

3. Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and commitments under forward currency exchange contracts are translated into U.S. dollars at the mean of the quoted bid and ask prices of such currencies against the U.S. dollar. Purchases and sales of portfolio securities are translated into U.S. dollars at the rates of exchange prevailing when such securities were acquired or sold. Income and expenses are translated into U.S. dollars at rates of exchange prevailing when accrued.

Net realized gain or loss on foreign currency transactions represents foreign exchange gains and losses from sales and maturities of foreign fixed income investments, foreign currency exchange contracts, holding of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on foreign investment transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Fund's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized currency gains and losses from valuing foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities at period end exchange rates are reflected as a component of net unrealized appreciation or depreciation of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

4. Taxes

It is the Fund's policy to meet the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute all of its investment company taxable income and net realized gains, if any, to shareholders. Therefore, no provisions for federal income or excise taxes are required. The Fund may be subject to taxes imposed by countries in which it invests. Such taxes are generally based on income and/or capital gains earned or repatriated. Taxes are accrued and applied to net investment income, net realized gains and net unrealized appreciation/depreciation as such income and/or gains are earned.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP requirements regarding accounting for uncertainties in income taxes, management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken or expected to be taken on federal and state income tax returns for all open tax years (the current and the prior three tax years) and has concluded that no provision for income tax is required in the Fund's financial statements.

5. Investment Income and Investment Transactions

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date or as soon as the Fund is informed of the dividend. Interest income is accrued daily. Investment transactions are accounted for on the date the securities are purchased or sold. Investment gains or losses are determined on the identified cost basis. The Fund amortizes premiums and accretes discounts as adjustments to interest income.

6. Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to shareholders, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Income dividends and capital gains distributions are determined in accordance with federal tax regulations and may differ from those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. To the extent these differences are permanent, such amounts are reclassified within the capital accounts based on their federal tax basis treatment; temporary differences do not require such reclassification.

NOTE B

Advisory Fee and Other Transactions with Affiliates

Under the terms of the investment advisory agreement, the Fund pays the Adviser an advisory fee at an annual rate of .55% of the first \$2.5 billion, .45% of the next \$2.5 billion and .40% in excess of \$5 billion of the Fund's daily net assets. The fee is accrued daily and paid monthly.

Pursuant to the investment advisory agreement, the Fund may reimburse the Adviser for certain legal and accounting services provided to the Fund by the Adviser. For the year ended October 31, 2012, the reimbursement for such services amounted to \$51,891.

The Fund compensates AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc. ("ABIS"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Adviser, under a Transfer Agency Agreement for providing personnel and facilities to perform transfer agency services for the Fund. ABIS may make payments to intermediaries that provide omnibus account services, sub-accounting services and/or networking services. Such compensation retained by ABIS amounted to \$18,000 for the year ended October 31, 2012.

The Fund may invest in the AllianceBernstein Fixed-Income Shares, Inc.—Government STIF Portfolio ("Government STIF Portfolio"), an open-end management investment company managed by the Adviser. The Government STIF Portfolio is offered as a cash management option to mutual funds and other institutional accounts of the Adviser, and is not available for direct purchase by members of the public. The Government STIF Portfolio pays no investment management fees but does bear its own expenses. A summary of the Fund's transactions in shares of the Government STIF Portfolio for the year ended October 31, 2012 is as follows:

Market Value	Purchases	Sales	Market Value	Dividend
October 31, 2011	at Cost	Proceeds	October 31, 2012	Income
(000)	(000)	(000)	(000)	(000)
\$ 3,393	\$ 204,432	\$ 202,587	\$ 5,238	\$ 4

Brokerage commissions paid on investment transactions for the year ended October 31, 2012 amounted to \$1,817,517, of which \$2 and \$5,325, respectively, was paid to Sanford C. Bernstein & Co. LLC and Sanford C. Bernstein Limited, affiliates of the Adviser.

NOTE C

Investment Transactions

Purchases and sales of investment securities (excluding short-term investments) for the year ended October 31, 2012 were as follows:

	_	Purchases		Sales	
Investment securities (excluding					
U.S. government securities)	\$	641,444,543	\$	790,721,816	
U.S. government securities		-0-	_	-0.	_

The cost of investments for federal income tax purposes, gross unrealized appreciation and unrealized depreciation (excluding foreign currency transactions) are as follows:

Cost	\$ 575,137,370
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 98,893,527
Gross unrealized depreciation	 (43,794,008)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$ 55,099,519

1. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Fund may use derivatives in an effort to earn income and enhance returns, to replace more traditional direct investments, to obtain exposure to otherwise inaccessible markets (collectively, "investment purposes"), or to hedge or adjust the risk profile of its portfolio.

The principal type of derivatives utilized by the Fund, as well as the methods in which they may be used are:

Forward Currency Exchange Contracts

The Fund may enter into forward currency exchange contracts in order to hedge its exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates on its foreign portfolio holdings, to hedge certain firm purchase and sale commitments denominated in foreign currencies and for non-hedging purposes as a means of making direct investments in foreign currencies, as described below under "Currency Transactions".

A forward currency exchange contract is a commitment to purchase or sell a foreign currency at a future date at a negotiated forward rate. The gain or loss arising from the difference between the original contract and the closing of such contract would be included in net realized gain or loss on foreign currency transactions. Fluctuations in the value of open forward currency exchange contracts are recorded for financial reporting purposes as unrealized appreciation and/or depreciation by the Fund. Risks may arise from the potential inability of a counterparty to meet the terms of a contract and from unanticipated movements in the value of a foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar.

During the year ended October 31, 2012, the Fund held forward currency exchange contracts for hedging and non-hedging purposes.

At October 31, 2012, the Fund had entered into the following derivatives:

	Asset Deriv	atives	Liability Deriv	Liability Derivatives		
Derivative Type	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value		
Foreign exchange contracts	Unrealized appreciation of forward currency exchange contracts	\$ 1,565,120	Unrealized depreciation of forward currency exchange contracts	\$ 2,058,420		
Total	ŭ	\$ 1,565,120	Ü	\$ 2,058,420		

The effect of derivative instruments on the statement of operations for the year ended October 31, 2012:

Derivative Type	Location of Gain or (Loss) on Derivatives	Realized Gain or (Loss) on Derivatives	Change in Unrealized Appreciation or (Depreciation)
Foreign exchange contracts	Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions; Net change in unrealized appreciation/ depreciation of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities	\$ (1,269,237)	\$ (624,525)
Total		\$ (1,269,237)	\$ (624,525)

The following table represents the volume of the Fund's derivative transactions during the year ended October 31, 2012:

Forward Currency Exchange Contracts:	
Average principal amount of buy contracts	\$100,953,043
Average principal amount of sale contracts	\$ 93,296,199

2. Currency Transactions

The Fund may invest in non-U.S. Dollar securities on a currency hedged or unhedged basis. The Fund may seek investment opportunities by taking long or short positions in currencies through the use of currency-related derivatives, including forward currency exchange contracts, futures and options on futures, swaps, and other options. The Fund may enter into transactions for investment opportunities when it anticipates that a foreign currency will appreciate or depreciate in value but securities denominated in that currency are not held by the Fund and do not present attractive investment opportunities. Such transactions may also be used when the Adviser believes that it may be more efficient than a direct

investment in a foreign currency-denominated security. The Fund may also conduct currency exchange contracts on a spot basis (i.e., for cash at the spot rate prevailing in the currency exchange market for buying or selling currencies).

NOTE D Securities Lending

The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions. Under the Fund's securities lending program, all securities loans will be collateralized continually by cash. The Fund will be compensated for the loan from a portion of the net return from the income earned on cash collateral after a rebate is paid to the borrower (in some cases, this rebate may be a "negative rebate" or fee paid by the borrower to the Fund in connection with the loan), and payments are made for fees of the securities lending agent and for certain other administrative expenses. It is the policy of the Fund to receive collateral consisting of cash in an amount exceeding the value of the securities loaned. The Fund will have the right to call a loan and obtain the securities loaned at any time on notice to the borrower within the normal and customary settlement time for the securities. While the securities are on loan, the borrower is obligated to pay the Fund amounts equal to any income or other distributions from the securities. The Fund will not have the right to vote any securities during the existence of a loan, but will have the right to regain ownership of loaned securities in order to exercise voting or other ownership rights. The lending agent has agreed to indemnify the Fund in the case of default of any securities borrower. Collateral received and securities loaned are marked to market daily to ensure that the securities loaned are secured by collateral. The lending agent will invest the cash collateral received in AllianceBernstein Exchange Reserves, an eligible money market vehicle, in accordance with the investment restrictions of the Fund, and as approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The collateral received on securities loaned is recorded as an asset as well as a corresponding liability in the statement of assets and liabilities. When the Fund lends securities, its investment performance will continue to reflect changes in the value of the securities loaned. At October 31, 2012, the Fund had securities on loan with a value of \$16,947,944 and had received cash collateral which has been invested into AllianceBernstein Exchange Reserves of \$17,464,382. The cash collateral will be adjusted on the next business day to maintain the required collateral amount. The Fund earned securities lending income of \$575,447 and \$46,256 from the borrowers and AllianceBernstein Exchange Reserves, respectively, for the year ended October 31, 2012; these amounts are reflected in the statement of operations. A principal risk of lending portfolio securities is that the borrower will fail to return the loaned securities upon termination of the loan and that the collateral will not be sufficient to replace the loaned securities. A summary of the Fund's transactions in shares of AllianceBernstein Exchange Reserves for the year ended October 31, 2012 is as follows:

Market Value	Purchases	Sales	Market Value	Dividend
October 31, 2011	at Cost	Proceeds	October 31, 2012	Income
(000)	(000)	(000)	(000)	(000)
\$ 12,893	\$ 276,109	\$ 271,538	\$ 17,464	\$ 46

NOTE E Capital Stock

Transactions in capital shares were as follows:

	Shares		Amount		
	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011	
Class I					
Shares sold	5,611,947	12,792,952	\$ 49,352,743	\$ 114,152,190	
Shares issued in reinvestment of					
dividends	1,836,906	3,720,577	15,658,285	32,311,718	
Shares redeemed	(24,175,348)	(33,324,168)	(214,180,931)	(297,665,172)	
Net decrease	(16,726,495)	(16,810,639)	\$ (149,169,903)	\$ (151,201,264)	

NOTE F Risks Involved in Investing in the Fund

Foreign Securities Risk—Investing in securities of foreign companies or foreign governments involves special risks which include changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the possibility of future political and economic developments which could adversely affect the value of such securities. Moreover, securities of many foreign companies or foreign governments and their markets may be less liquid and their prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies or of the U.S. government.

Currency Risk—This is the risk that changes in foreign currency exchange rates may negatively affect the value of the Fund's investments or reduce the returns of the Fund. For example, the value of the Fund's investments in foreign currency-denominated securities or currencies may decrease if the U.S. Dollar is strong (i.e., gaining value relative to other currencies) and other currencies are weak (i.e., losing value relative to the U.S. Dollar). Currency markets are generally not as regulated as securities markets. Independent of the Fund's investments denominated in foreign currencies, the Fund's positions in various foreign currencies may cause the Fund to experience investment losses due to the changes in exchange rates and interest rates.

Derivatives Risk—The Fund may enter into derivative transactions such as forwards, options, futures and swaps. Derivatives may be illiquid, difficult to price, and leveraged so that small changes may produce disproportionate losses for the Fund, and subject to counterparty risk to a greater degree than more traditional investments. Derivatives may result in significant losses, including losses that are far greater than the value of the derivatives reflected in the statement of assets and liabilities.

Concentration of Risk—Although the Fund does not invest directly in real estate, it invests primarily in real estate equity securities and has a policy of concentration of its investments in the real estate industry. Therefore, an investment in the Fund is subject to certain risks associated with the direct ownership of real estate and with the real estate industry in general. To the extent that assets underlying the Fund's investments are concentrated geographically, by property type or in certain other respects, the Fund may be subject to additional risks.

In addition, investing in Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs") involves certain unique risks in addition to those risks associated with investing in the real estate industry in general. REITs are dependent upon management skills, are not diversified, and are subject to heavy cash flow dependency, default by borrowers and self-liquidation. REITs are also subject to the possibilities of failing to qualify for tax-free pass-through of income under the Code and failing to maintain their exemptions from registration under the 1940 Act. REITs (especially mortgage REITs) also are subject to interest rate risks.

Indemnification Risk—In the ordinary course of business, the Fund enters into contracts that contain a variety of indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown. However, the Fund has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these indemnification provisions and expects the risk of loss thereunder to be remote. Therefore, the Fund has not accrued any liability in connection with these indemnification provisions.

NOTE G Joint Credit Facility

A number of open-end mutual funds managed by the Adviser, including the Fund, participate in a \$140 million revolving credit facility (the "Facility") intended to provide short-term financing, if necessary, subject to certain restrictions in connection with abnormal redemption activity. Commitment fees related to the Facility are paid by the participating funds and are included in miscellaneous expenses in the statement of operations. The Fund did not utilize the Facility during the year ended October 31, 2012.

NOTE H Distributions to Shareholders

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended October 31, 2012 and October 31, 2011 were as follows:

	2012	2011
Distributions paid from:		
Ordinary income	\$ 22,924,348	\$ 43,539,134
Total taxable distributions paid	\$ 22,924,348	\$ 43,539,134

As of October 31, 2012, the components of accumulated earnings/(deficit) on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed ordinary income	\$ 25,115,522
Accumulated capital and other losses	(443,193,583) ^(a)
Unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	55,068,399 ^(b)
Total accumulated earnings/(deficit)	\$ (363,009,662)

- (a) On October 31, 2012, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$443,193,583. During the fiscal year, the Fund utilized \$45,372,699 of capital loss carryforwards to offset current year net realized gains.
- (b) The differences between book-basis and tax-basis unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) are attributable primarily to the tax deferral of losses on wash sales, the realization for tax purposes of gains/losses on certain derivative instruments, and the tax treatment of passive foreign investment companies (PFICs).

For tax purposes, net capital losses may be carried over to offset future capital gains, if any. Under the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010, funds are permitted to carry forward capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 22, 2010 for an indefinite period. These postenactment capital losses must be utilized prior to the pre-enactment capital losses, which are subject to expiration. Post-enactment capital loss carryforwards will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses rather than being considered short-term as under previous regulation.

As of October 31, 2012, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$443,193,583 which will expire as follows:

SHORT-TERM AMOUNT	LONG-TERM AMOUNT	EXPIRATION		
\$ 14,425,325	n/a	2016		
418,457,249	n/a	2017		
10,311,009	n/a	2018		

During the current fiscal year, permanent differences primarily due to foreign currency reclassifications and the tax treatment of passive foreign investment companies (PFICs) resulted in a net decrease in distributions in excess of net investment income and a net increase in accumulated net realized loss on investment and foreign currency transactions. These reclassifications had no effect on net assets.

NOTE I

Recent Accounting Pronouncement

In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued an Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") related to disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities in financial statements. The amendments in this update require an entity to disclose both gross and net information for derivatives and other financial instruments that are either offset in the statement of assets and liabilities or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The

ASU is effective during interim or annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. At this time, management is evaluating the implication of this ASU and its impact on the financial statements has not been determined.

NOTE J Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date the financial statements are issued. Management has determined that there are no material events that would require disclosure in the Fund's financial statements through this date.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Selected Data For A Share Of Capital Stock Outstanding Throughout Each Period

			Class I		
	Year Ended October 31,				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 8.42	\$ 9.04	\$ 7.78	\$ 6.64	\$ 18.03
Income From Investment Operations					
Net investment income ^(a) Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investment and foreign currency	.24	.18	.22	.24	.28
transactions	1.24	(.34)	1.61	1.09	(7.33)
Net increase (decrease) in net asset value from operations	1.48	(.16)	1.83	1.33	(7.05)
Less: Dividends and Distributions		, ,			
Dividends from net investment income	(.31)	(.46)	(.57)	(.19)	(.56)
Tax return of capital	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	(.23)
Distributions from net realized gain on investment transactions	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	(3.55)
Total dividends and distributions	(.31)	(.46)	(.57)	(.19)	(4.34)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 9.59	\$ 8.42	\$ 9.04	\$ 7.78	\$ 6.64
Total Return					
Total investment return based on net asset value ^(b)	18.04 %	(1.87)%	24.73 %	20.93 %	(48.70)%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of period (000's omitted)	\$615,033	\$681,226	\$883,101	\$883,493	\$835,750
Expenses	.63 %	.62 %	.62 %	(c) .63 %	.63 %
Net investment income	2.71 %		2.79 %	(c) 3.80 %	2.62 %
Portfolio turnover rate	101 %	66 %	62 %	68 %	62 %

- (a) Based on average shares outstanding.
- (b) Total investment return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption on the last day of the period. Total return does not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on fund distributions or the redemption of fund shares. Total investment return calculated for a period of less than one year is not annualized.
- (c) The ratio includes expenses attributable to costs of proxy solicitation.

See notes to financial statements.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of AllianceBernstein Institutional Funds, Inc. and Shareholders of AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the portfolio of investments, of the AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II (the "Fund") (comprising the AllianceBernstein Institutional Funds, Inc.) as of October 31, 2012, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2012 by correspondence with the custodian and others or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from others were not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II of the AllianceBernstein Institutional Funds, Inc. at October 31, 2012, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Ernst + Young LLP

New York, New York December 27, 2012

2012 FEDERAL TAX INFORMATION

(unaudited)

For Federal income tax purposes, the following information is furnished with respect to the distributions paid by the Fund during the taxable year ended October 31, 2012. For corporate shareholders, 0.27% of dividends paid qualify for the dividends received deduction.

The Fund intends to make an election to pass through foreign taxes to its shareholders. For the taxable year ended October 31, 2012, \$902,349 of foreign taxes may be passed through and the associated foreign source income for information reporting purposes is \$14,454,567.

For the taxable year ended October 31, 2012, the Fund designates \$1,564,919 as the maximum amount that may be considered qualified dividend income for individual shareholders.

Shareholders should not use the above information to prepare their income tax returns. The information necessary to complete your income tax returns will be included with your Form 1099-DIV which will be sent to you separately in January 2013.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

William H. Foulk, Jr.(1), Chairman

John H. Dobkin(1)

Michael J. Downey(1)

D. James Guzy(1)

Nancy P. Jacklin⁽¹⁾

Robert M. Keith, President and Chief Executive Officer

Garry L. Moody(1)

Marshall C. Turner, Jr.(1)

Earl D. Weiner(1)

OFFICERS

Philip L. Kirstein, Senior Vice President and Independent Compliance Officer

Eric J. Franco⁽²⁾, Vice President

Emilie D. Wrapp, Secretary

Joseph J. Mantineo, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

Phyllis J. Clarke, Controller

Principal Underwriter

AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. 1345 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10105

Custodian and Accounting Agent

State Street Bank and Trust Company One Lincoln Street Boston, MA 02111

Legal Counsel

Seward & Kissel LLP One Battery Park Plaza New York, NY 10004

Transfer Agent

AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc. P.O. Box 786003 San Antonio, TX 78278-6003 Toll-Free (800) 221-5672

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Ernst & Young LLP 5 Times Square New York, NY 10036

- (1) Member of the Audit Committee, the Governance and Nominating Committee and the Independent Directors Committee. Mr. Foulk is the sole member of the Fair Value Pricing Committee.
- (2) The day-to-day management of, and investment decisions for, the Fund's portfolio are made by the Global Real Estate Senior Investment Management Team. Mr. Eric J. Franco is the investment professional with the most significant responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Board of Directors Information

The business and affairs of the Fund are managed under the direction of the Board of Directors. Certain information concerning the Fund's Directors is set forth below.

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
INTERESTED DIRECTOR			
Robert M. Keith, + 1345 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10105 52 (2010)	Senior Vice President of AllianceBernstein L.P. (the "Adviser") and head of AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. ("ABI") since July 2008; Director of ABI and President of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds. Previously, he served as Executive Managing Director of ABI from December 2006 to June 2008. Prior to joining ABI in 2006, Executive Managing Director of Bernstein Global Wealth Management, and prior thereto, Senior Managing Director and Global Head of Client Service and Sales of the Adviser's institutional investment management business since 2004. Prior thereto, he was Managing Director and Head of North American Client Service and Sales in the Adviser's institutional investment management business, with which he had been associated since prior to	101	None

2004.

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
DISINTERESTED DIRECTO			
William H. Foulk, Jr., ++, # Chairman of the Board 80 (1997)	Investment Adviser and an Independent Consultant since prior to 2007. Previously, he was Senior Manager of Barrett Associates, Inc., a registered investment adviser. He was formerly Deputy Comptroller and Chief Investment Officer of the State of New York and, prior thereto, Chief Investment Officer of the New York Bank for Savings. He has served as a director or trustee of various AllianceBernstein Funds since 1983 and has been Chairman of the AllianceBernstein Funds and of the Independent Directors Committee of such Funds since 2003. He is also active in a number of mutual fund organizations and committees.	101	None
John H. Dobkin, # 70 (1997)	Independent Consultant since prior to 2007. Formerly, President of Save Venice, Inc. (preservation organization) from 2001-2002, Senior Advisor from June 1999-June 2000 and President of Historic Hudson Valley (historic preservation) from December 1989-May 1999. Previously, Director of the National Academy of Design. He has served as a director or trustee of various AllianceBernstein Funds since 1992, and as Chairman of the Audit Committees of a number of such Funds from 2001-2008.	101	None

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**) DISINTERESTED DIRECTO	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
(continued) Michael J. Downey, # 68 (2005)	Private Investor since prior to 2007. Formerly, managing partner of Lexington Capital, LLC (investment advisory firm) from December 1997 until December 2003. From 1987 until 1993, Chairman and CEO of Prudential Mutual Fund Management, director of the Prudential mutual funds and member of the Executive Committee of Prudential Securities, Inc. He has served as a director or trustee of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2005 and is a director of two other registered investment companies (and Chairman of one of them).	101	Asia Pacific Fund, Inc. and The Merger Fund since prior to 2007 and Prospect Acquisition Corp. (financial services) from 2007 until 2009
D. James Guzy, # 76 (2005)	Chairman of the Board of PLX Technology (semi-conductors) and of SRC Computers Inc., with which he has been associated since prior to 2007. He was a director of Intel Corporation (semi-conductors) from 1969 until 2008, and served as Chairman of the Finance Committee of such company for several years until May 2008. He has served as a director or trustee of one or more of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 1982.	101	Cirrus Logic Corporation (semi-conductors) and PLX Technology (semi- conductors) since prior to 2007 and Intel Corporation (semi-conductors) since prior to 2007 until 2008

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
DISINTERESTED DIRECTO	PRS		
(continued) Nancy P. Jacklin, # 64 (2006)	Professorial Lecturer at the Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies since 2008. Formerly, U.S. Executive Director of the International Monetary Fund (December 2002-May 2006); Partner, Clifford Chance (1992-2002); Sector Counsel, International Banking and Finance, and Associate General Counsel, Citicorp (1985-1992); Assistant General Counsel (International), Federal Reserve Board of Governors (1982–1985); and Attorney Advisor, U.S. Department of the Treasury (1973-1982). Member of the Bar of the District of Columbia and of New York; and member of the Council on Foreign Relations. She has served as a director or trustee of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2006.	101	None

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
DISINTERESTED DIRECTO (continued)	DRS		
Garry L. Moody, # 60 (2008)	Independent Consultant. Formerly, Partner, Deloitte & Touche LLP (1995-2008) where he held a number of senior positions, including Vice Chairman, and U.S. and Global Investment Management Practice Managing Partner; President, Fidelity Accounting and Custody Services Company (1993-1995); and Partner, Ernst & Young LLP (1975-1993), where he served as the National Director of Mutual Fund Tax Services. He is also a member of the Governing Council of the Independent Directors Council (IDC), an organization of independent directors of mutual funds. He has served as a director or trustee, and as Chairman of the Audit Committee, of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2008.	101	None

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
DISINTERESTED DIRECTO	ORS		
(continued) Marshall C. Turner, Jr., #71 (2005)	Private Investor since prior to 2007. Interim CEO of MEMC Electronic Materials, Inc. (semiconductor and solar cell substrates) from November 2008 until March 2009. He was Chairman and CEO of Dupont Photomasks, Inc. (components of semiconductor manufacturing), 2003-2005, and President and CEO, 2005-2006, after the company was acquired and renamed Toppan Photomasks, Inc. He has extensive experience in venture capital investing including prior service as general partner of three institutional venture capital partnerships, and serves on the boards of a number of education and science-related non-profit organizations. He has served as a director or trustee of one or more of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 1992.		Xilinx, Inc. (programmable logic semi-conductors) and MEMC Electronic Materials, Inc. (semi-conductor and solar cell substrates) since prior to 2007.
Earl D. Weiner, # 73 (2007)	Of Counsel, and Partner prior to January 2007, of the law firm Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, and member of ABA Federal Regulation of Securities Committee Task Force to draft editions of the Fund Director's Guidebook. He also serves as a director or trustee of various non-profit organizations and has served as Chairman or Vice Chairman of a number of them. He has served as a director or trustee of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2007 and is Chairman of the Governance and Nominating Committees of the Funds.	101	None

- * The address for each of the Fund's disinterested Directors is c/o AllianceBernstein L.P., Attention: Philip L. Kirstein, 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10105.
- ** There is no stated term of office for the Fund's Directors.
- *** The information above includes each Director's principal occupation during the last five years and other information relating to the experience, attributes and skills relevant to each Director's qualifications to serve as a Director, which led to the conclusion that each Director should serve as a Director for the Fund.
- + Mr. Keith is an "interested person" of the Fund, as defined in the "40 Act", due to his position as a Senior Vice President of the Adviser.
- ++ Member of the Fair Value Pricing Committee.
- # Member of the Audit Committee, the Governance and Nominating Committee and the Independent Directors Committee.

Officers of The Fund

Certain information concerning the Fund's Officers is listed below.

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE	PRINCIPAL POSITION(S) HELD WITH FUND	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS
Robert M. Keith 52	President and Chief Executive Officer	See biography above.
Philip L. Kirstein 67	Senior Vice President and Independent Compliance Officer	Senior Vice President and Independent Compliance Officer of the AllianceBernstein Funds, with which he has been associated since October 2004. Prior thereto, he was Of Counsel to Kirkpatrick & Lockhart, LLP from October 2003 to October 2004, and General Counsel of Merrill Lynch Investment Managers, L.P. since prior to March 2003.
Eric J. Franco 52	Vice President	Senior Vice President of the Adviser**, with which he has been associated since prior to 2007.
Emilie D. Wrapp 57	Secretary	Senior Vice President, Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Secretary of ABI**, with which she has been associated since prior to 2007.
Joseph J. Mantineo 53	Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer	Senior Vice President of AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc. ("ABIS")**, with which he has been associated since prior to 2007.
Phyllis J. Clarke 51	Controller	Vice President of ABIS**, with which she has been associated since prior to 2007.

^{*} The address for each of the Fund's Officers is 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10105.

^{**} The Adviser, ABI and ABIS are affiliates of the Fund.

The Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") has additional information about the Fund's Directors and Officers and is available without charge upon request. Contact your financial representative or AllianceBernstein at (800) 227-4618, or visit www.alliancebernstein.com, for a free prospectus or SAI.

Information Regarding the Review and Approval of the Fund's Advisory Agreement

The disinterested directors (the "directors") of AllianceBernstein Institutional Funds, Inc. (the "Company") unanimously approved the continuance of the Company's Advisory Agreement with the Adviser in respect of AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II (the "Fund") at a meeting held on May 1-3, 2012.

Prior to approval of the continuance of the Advisory Agreement in respect of the Fund, the directors had requested from the Adviser, and received and evaluated, extensive materials. They reviewed the proposed continuance of the Advisory Agreement with the Adviser and with experienced counsel who are independent of the Adviser, who advised on the relevant legal standards. The directors also reviewed an independent evaluation prepared by the Fund's Senior Officer (who is also the Fund's Independent Compliance Officer) of the reasonableness of the advisory fee, in which the Senior Officer concluded that the contractual fee for the Fund was reasonable. The directors also discussed the proposed continuance in private sessions with counsel and the Fund's Senior Officer.

The directors considered their knowledge of the nature and quality of the services provided by the Adviser to the Fund gained from their experience as directors or trustees of most of the registered investment companies advised by the Adviser, their overall confidence in the Adviser's integrity and competence they have gained from that experience, the Adviser's initiative in identifying and raising potential issues with the directors and its responsiveness, frankness and attention to concerns raised by the directors in the past, including the Adviser's willingness to consider and implement organizational and operational changes designed to improve investment results and the services provided to the AllianceBernstein Funds. The directors noted that they have four regular meetings each year, at each of which they receive presentations from the Adviser on the investment results of the Fund and review extensive materials and information presented by the Adviser.

The directors also considered all other factors they believed relevant, including the specific matters discussed below. In their deliberations, the directors did not identify any particular information that was all-important or controlling, and different directors may have attributed different weights to the various factors. The directors determined that the selection of the Adviser to manage the Fund and the overall arrangements between the Fund and the Adviser, as provided in the Advisory Agreement, including the advisory fee, were fair and reasonable in light of the services performed, expenses incurred and such other matters as the directors considered relevant in the exercise of their business judgment. The material factors and conclusions that formed the basis for the directors' determinations included the following:

Nature, Extent and Quality of Services Provided

The directors considered the scope and quality of services provided by the Adviser under the Advisory Agreement, including the quality of the investment

research capabilities of the Adviser and the other resources it has dedicated to performing services for the Fund. They also noted the professional experience and qualifications of the Fund's portfolio management team and other senior personnel of the Adviser. The directors also considered that the Advisory Agreement provides that the Fund will reimburse the Adviser for the cost to it of providing certain clerical, accounting, administrative and other services provided at the Fund's request by employees of the Adviser or its affiliates. Requests for these reimbursements are made on a quarterly basis and subject to approval by the directors and, to the extent requested and paid, result in a higher rate of total compensation from the Fund to the Adviser than the fee rate stated in the Fund's Advisory Agreement. The directors noted that the methodology used to determine the reimbursement amounts had been reviewed by an independent consultant retained by the Fund's Senior Officer. The quality of administrative and other services, including the Adviser's role in coordinating the activities of the Fund's other service providers, also were considered. The directors concluded that, overall, they were satisfied with the nature, extent and quality of services provided to the Fund under the Advisory Agreement.

Costs of Services Provided and Profitability

The directors reviewed a schedule of the revenues, expenses and related notes indicating the profitability of the Fund to the Adviser for calendar years 2010 and 2011 that had been prepared with an expense allocation methodology arrived at in consultation with an independent consultant retained by the Fund's Senior Officer. The directors reviewed the assumptions and methods of allocation used by the Adviser in preparing fund-specific profitability data and noted that there are a number of potentially acceptable allocation methodologies for information of this type. The directors noted that the profitability information reflected all revenues and expenses of the Adviser's relationship with the Fund, including those relating to its subsidiaries which provide transfer agency, distribution and brokerage services to the Fund. The directors recognized that it is difficult to make comparisons of profitability of the Advisory Agreement with fund advisory contracts for unaffiliated funds because comparative information is not generally publicly available and is affected by numerous factors. The directors focused on the profitability of the Adviser's relationship with the Fund before taxes and distribution expenses. The directors concluded that they were satisfied that the Adviser's level of profitability from its relationship with the Fund was not unreasonable.

Fall-Out Benefits

The directors considered the other benefits to the Adviser and its affiliates from their relationships with the Fund, including but not limited to benefits relating to soft dollar arrangements (whereby the Adviser receives brokerage and research services from brokers that execute transactions for certain clients, including the Fund); transfer agency fees paid by the Fund to a wholly owned subsidiary of the Adviser; and brokerage commissions paid by the Fund to brokers affiliated with

the Adviser. The directors recognized that the Adviser's profitability would be somewhat lower without these benefits. The directors understood that the Adviser also might derive reputational and other benefits from its association with the Fund.

Investment Results

In addition to the information reviewed by the directors in connection with the meeting, the directors receive detailed performance information for the Fund at each regular Board meeting during the year. At the May 2012 meeting, the directors reviewed information prepared by Lipper showing the performance of the Class I Shares of the Fund as compared with that of a group of similar funds selected by Lipper (the "Performance Group") and as compared with that of a broader array of funds selected by Lipper (the "Performance Universe"), and information prepared by the Adviser showing performance of the Class I Shares as compared with the Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) European Public Real Estate Association (EPRA)/National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT) Developed Real Estate (RE) Index (the "Developed RE Index") and the FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Index, in each case for the 1-, 3-, 5- and 10-year periods ended February 29, 2012 and (in the case of comparisons with the indices) the since inception period (December 1997 inception). The directors noted that the Fund was in the 1st quintile of the Performance Group and 3rd quintile of the Performance Universe for the 1-year period, in the 3rd quintile of the Performance Group and the Performance Universe for the 3- and 5-year periods, and 2nd out of 3 of the Performance Group and the Performance Universe for the 10-year period. The Fund underperformed both indices in all periods except that in the 5-year period it outperformed the Developed RE Index. Based on their review, the directors concluded that the Fund's relative performance was satisfactory.

Advisory Fees and Other Expenses

The directors considered the advisory fee rate paid by the Fund to the Adviser and information prepared by Lipper concerning advisory fee rates paid by other funds in the same Lipper category as the Fund at a common asset level. The directors recognized that it is difficult to make comparisons of advisory fees because there are variations in the services that are included in the fees paid by other funds.

The directors also considered the advisory fees the Adviser charges clients pursuing a substantially similar investment style. For this purpose, they reviewed the relevant fee information from the Adviser's Form ADV and the evaluation from the Fund's Senior Officer. The directors noted that the institutional fee schedule started at a higher rate than the Fund's starting fee rate, but had more breakpoints starting at lower asset levels. Applying the institutional fee schedule to the level of assets of the Fund would result in a higher fee rate than that being paid by the Fund (including the impact of the expense reimbursement to the Adviser

pursuant to the Advisory Agreement). The directors noted that the Adviser may, in some cases, agree to fee rates with large institutional clients that are lower than those reviewed by the directors and that they had previously discussed with the Adviser its policies in respect of such arrangements. The directors also noted that the Adviser advises another AllianceBernstein fund with a substantially similar investment style for the same fee schedule as the Fund.

The Adviser reviewed with the directors the significantly greater scope of the services it provides to the Fund relative to institutional clients. The Adviser also noted that because mutual funds are constantly issuing and redeeming shares, they are more difficult to manage than an institutional account, where the assets tend to be relatively stable. In light of the substantial differences in services rendered by the Adviser to institutional clients as compared to funds such as the Fund, the directors considered these fee comparisons inapt and did not place significant weight on them in their deliberations.

The directors also considered the total expense ratio of the Class I shares of the Fund in comparison to the fees and expenses of funds within two comparison groups created by Lipper: an Expense Group and an Expense Universe. Lipper described an Expense Group as a representative sample of funds similar to the Fund and an Expense Universe as a broader group, consisting of all "no load" funds in the Fund's investment classification/objective. The Class I expense ratio of the Fund was based on the Fund's latest fiscal year. The directors view expense ratio information as relevant to their evaluation of the Adviser's services because the Adviser is responsible for coordinating services provided to the Fund by others. The directors noted that it was likely that the expense ratios of some of the other funds in the Fund's Lipper category were lowered by waivers or reimbursements by those funds' investment advisers, which in some cases might be voluntary or temporary.

The directors noted that, at the Fund's current size, its contractual effective advisory fee rate of 55 basis points, plus the 1 basis point impact of the administrative expense reimbursement in the latest fiscal year, was lower than the Expense Group median. The directors noted that the Fund's total expense ratio was lower than the Expense Group and the Expense Universe medians. The directors concluded that the Fund's expense ratio was satisfactory.

Economies of Scale

The directors noted that the advisory fee schedule for the Fund contains breakpoints that reduce the fee rates on assets above specified levels. The directors took into consideration prior presentations by an independent consultant on economies of scale in the mutual fund industry and for the AllianceBernstein Funds, and by the Adviser concerning certain of its views on economies of scale. The directors also had requested and received from the Adviser certain updates on economies of scale at the May 2012 meetings. The directors believe that economies of scale may be realized (if at all) by the Adviser across a variety of products and services, and not only in respect of a single fund. The directors noted that there is no established methodology for setting breakpoints that give effect to fund-specific services provided by a fund's adviser and to the economies of scale that an adviser may realize in its overall mutual fund business or those components of it which directly or indirectly affect a fund's operations. The directors observed that in the mutual fund industry as a whole, as well as among funds similar to the Fund, there is no uniformity or pattern in the fees and asset levels at which breakpoints (if any) apply. The directors also noted that the advisory agreements for many funds do not have breakpoints at all. Having taken these factors into account, the directors concluded that the Fund's shareholders would benefit from a sharing of economies of scale in the event the Fund's net assets exceed a breakpoint in the future.

THE FOLLOWING IS NOT PART OF THE SHAREHOLDER REPORT OR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUMMARY OF SENIOR OFFICER'S EVALUATION OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY AGREEMENT¹

The following is a summary of the evaluation of the Investment Advisory Agreement between AllianceBernstein L.P. (the "Adviser") and the AllianceBernstein Institutional Funds, Inc. ("the Company") in respect of AllianceBernstein Global Real Estate Investment Fund II (the "Fund"),² prepared by Philip L. Kirstein, the Senior Officer of the Fund for the Directors of the Fund, as required by the August 2004 agreement between the Adviser and the New York State Attorney General (the "NYAG"). The Senior Officer's evaluation of the Investment Advisory Agreement is not meant to diminish the responsibility or authority of the Board of Directors to perform its duties pursuant to Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "40 Act") and applicable state law. The purpose of the summary is to provide shareholders with a synopsis of the independent evaluation of the reasonableness of the advisory fees proposed to be paid by the Fund which was provided to the Directors in connection with their review of the proposed approval of the continuance of the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Senior Officer's evaluation considered the following factors:

- Advisory fees charged to institutional and other clients of the Adviser for like services:
- 2. Advisory fees charged by other mutual fund companies for like services;
- 3. Costs to the Adviser and its affiliates of supplying services pursuant to the advisory agreement, excluding any intra-corporate profit;
- 4. Profit margins of the Adviser and its affiliates from supplying such services;
- 5. Possible economies of scale as the Fund grows larger; and
- Nature and quality of the Adviser's services including the performance of the Fund.

These factors, with the exception of the first factor, are generally referred to as the "Gartenberg factors," which were articulated by the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit in 1982. Gartenberg v. Merrill Lynch Asset Management, Inc., 694 F. 2d 923 (2d Cir. 1982). On March 30, 2010, the Supreme Court held the Gartenberg decision was correct in its basic formulation of what §36(b) requires: to face liability under §36(b), "an investment adviser

- 1 The information in the fee evaluation was completed on April 19, 2012 and discussed with the Board of Directors on May 1-3, 2012.
- 2 Future references to the Fund do not include "AllianceBernstein." References in the fee summary pertaining to performance and expense ratio rankings refer to the Class I shares of the Fund.

must charge a fee that is so disproportionately large that it bears no reasonable relationship to the services rendered and could not have been the product of arm's length bargaining." *Jones v. Harris Associates L.P.*, 130 S. Ct. 1418 (2010). In *Jones*, the Court stated the *Gartenberg* approach fully incorporates the correct understanding of fiduciary duty within the context of section 36(b) and noted with approval that "*Gartenberg* insists that all relevant circumstances be taken into account" and "uses the range of fees that might result from arm's length bargaining as the benchmark for reviewing challenged fees."³

FUND ADVISORY FEES, NET ASSETS & EXPENSE RATIOS

The Adviser proposed that the Fund pay the advisory fee set forth in the table below for receiving the services to be provided pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement. The fee schedule below, implemented in January 2004 in consideration of the Adviser's settlement with the NYAG in December 2003, is based on a master schedule that contemplates eight categories of funds with almost all funds in each category having the same advisory fee schedule.⁴

Category	Advisory Fee Schedule⁵	Net Assets 3/31/12 (\$MIL)	Fund
Value	55 bp on 1st \$2.5 billion 45 bp on next \$2.5 billion	\$667.4	Global Real Estate Investment
	40 bp on the balance		Fund II

The Adviser is reimbursed as specified in the Investment Advisory Agreement for certain clerical, legal, accounting, administrative and other services provided to the Fund. During the Fund's most recently completed fiscal year, the Adviser received \$62,006 (0.01% of the Fund's average daily net assets) for such services.

Set forth below is the Fund's total expense ratio for the most recently completed fiscal year:

Fund	Total Expense Ratio	Fiscal Year
Global Real Estate Investment Fund II	Class I 0.62%	October 31

³ Jones v. Harris at 1427.

⁴ Most of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds, which the Adviser manages, were affected by the Adviser's settlement with the NYAG.

⁵ The advisory fee is based on a percentage of the average daily net assets and paid on a monthly basis.

I. ADVISORY FEES CHARGED TO INSTITUTIONAL AND OTHER CLIENTS

The advisory fees charged to investment companies which the Adviser manages and sponsors are normally higher than those charged to similar sized institutional accounts, including pension plans and sub-advised investment companies. The fee differential reflects, among other things, different services provided to such clients, and different liabilities assumed. Services to be provided by the Adviser to the Fund that are not provided to non-investment company clients include providing office space and personnel to serve as Fund Officers, who among other responsibilities make the certifications required under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and coordinating with and monitoring the Fund's third party service providers such as Fund counsel, auditors, custodians, transfer agents and pricing services. The accounting, administrative, legal and compliance requirements for the Fund are more costly than those for institutional client assets due to the greater complexities and time required for investment companies, although as previously noted, the Adviser is reimbursed for providing such services. The Adviser also believes that it incurs substantial entrepreneurial risk when offering a new mutual fund, since establishing a new mutual fund requires a large upfront investment and it may take a long time for the fund to achieve profitability since the fund must be priced to scale from inception in order to be competitive and assets are acquired one account at a time. In addition, managing the cash flow of an investment company may be more difficult than managing that of a stable pool of assets, such as an institutional account with little cash movement in either direction, particularly, if a fund is in net redemption and the Adviser is frequently forced to sell securities to raise cash for redemptions. However, managing a fund with positive cash flow may be easier at times than managing a stable pool of assets. Finally, in recent years, investment advisers have been sued by institutional clients and have suffered reputational damage both by the attendant publicity and outcomes other than complete victories. Accordingly, the legal and reputational risks associated with institutional accounts are greater than previously thought, although still not equal to those related to the mutual fund industry.

Notwithstanding the Adviser's view that managing an investment company is not comparable to managing other institutional accounts because the services provided are different, the Supreme Court has indicated consideration should be given to the advisory fees charged to institutional accounts with a similar investment style as the Fund.⁶ In addition to the AllianceBernstein institutional fee schedule, set forth below are the Fund's advisory fee and what would have

⁶ The Supreme Court stated that "courts may give such comparisons the weight that they merit in light of the similarities and differences between the services that the clients in question require, but the courts must be wary of inapt comparisons." Among the significant differences the Supreme Court noted that may exist between services provided to mutual funds and institutional accounts are "higher marketing costs." Jones v. Harris at 1428.

been the effective advisory fee of the Fund had the AllianceBernstein institutional fee schedule been applicable to the Fund based on March 31, 2012 net assets:⁷

Fund	Net Assets	AllianceBernstein ("AB")	Effective	Fund
	3/31/12	Institutional ("Inst.")	AB Inst.	Advisory
	(\$MIL)	Fee Schedule	Adv. Fee	Fee
Global Real Estate Investment Fund II	\$667.4	Global REIT 75 bp on 1st \$25 million 65 bp on next \$25 million 55 bp on the balance Minimum account size: \$25m	0.587%	0.550%

The AllianceBernstein Variable Products Series Fund, Inc. ("AVPS"), which is managed by the Adviser and is available through variable annuity and variable life contracts offered by other financial institutions, offers investors the option to invest in a portfolio with a substantially similar investment style as the Fund. The following table shows the fee schedule of the AVPS portfolio that has a substantially similar investment style as the Fund.⁸ Also shown are what would have been the effective advisory fee of the Fund had the AVPS fee schedule been applicable to the Fund based on March 31, 2012 net assets and the Fund's advisory fee:

Fund	AVPS Portfolio	Fee Schedule	Effective AVPS Adv. Fee	Fund Advisory Fee
Global Real Estate Investment Fund II	Real Estate Investment Portfolio	0.55% on first \$2.5 billion 0.45% on next \$2.5 billion 0.40% on the balance	0.550%	0.550%

⁷ The Adviser has indicated that with respect to institutional accounts with assets greater than \$300 million, it will negotiate a fee schedule. Discounts that are negotiated vary based upon each client relationship.

⁸ The AVPS portfolio was also affected by the settlement between the Adviser and the NYAG. As a result, the Fund has the same fee schedule as the AVPS portfolio.

The Adviser also manages and sponsors retail mutual funds, which are organized in jurisdictions outside the United States, generally Luxembourg and Japan, and sold to non-United States resident investors. The Adviser charges the fees set forth for Global Real Estate Securities Portfolio, which is a Luxembourg fund that has a similar investment style as the Fund:

Fund	Fee ⁹
Global Real Estate Securities Portfolio	
Class A	1.75%
Class I (Institutional)	0.95%

The Adviser represented that it does not sub-advise any registered investment company with a substantially similar investment style as the Fund.

II. MANAGEMENT FEES CHARGED BY OTHER MUTUAL FUND COMPANIES FOR LIKE SERVICES.

Lipper, Inc. ("Lipper"), an analytical service that is not affiliated with the Adviser, compared the fees charged to the Fund with fees charged to other investment companies for similar services offered by other investment advisers. ¹⁰ Lipper's analysis included the comparison of the Fund's contractual management fee, estimated at the approximate current asset level of the Fund, to the median of the Fund's Lipper Expense Group ("EG")¹¹ and the Fund's contractual management fee ranking. ¹²

Lipper describes an EG as a representative sample of comparable funds. Lipper's standard methodology for screening funds to be included in an EG entails the consideration of several fund criteria, including fund type, investment classification/objective, load type and similar 12b-1/non-12b-1 service fees, asset (size) comparability, expense components and attributes. An EG will typically consist of seven to twenty funds.

- 9 Class I shares of the funds are charged an "all-in" fee, which covers investment advisory services and distribution related services, unlike Class I shares, whose fee is for investment advisory services only.
- 10 The Supreme Court cautioned against accepting mutual fund fee comparisons without careful scrutiny since "these comparisons are problematic because these fees, like those challenged, may not be the product of negotiations conducted at arm's length." Jones v. Harris at 1429.
- 11 Lipper does not consider average account size when constructing EGs. Funds with relatively small average account sizes tend to have higher transfer agent expense ratio than comparable sized funds that have relatively large average account sizes. Note that there are limitations on Lipper expense category data because different funds categorize expenses differently.
- 12 The contractual management fee is calculated by Lipper using the Fund's contractual management fee rate at a hypothetical asset level. The hypothetical asset level is based on the combined net assets of all classes of the Fund, rounded up to the next \$25 million. Lipper's total expense ratio information is based on the most recent annual report except as otherwise noted. A ranking of "1" would mean that the Fund had the lowest effective fee rate in the Lipper peer group.

Fund	Contractual Management Fee (%) ¹³	Lipper Exp. Group Median (%)	Rank
Global Real Estate Investment Fund II	0.550	0.867	1/11

Lipper also compared the Fund's total expense ratio to the medians of the Fund's EG and Lipper Expense Universe ("EU"). The EU is a broader group compared to the EG, consisting of all funds that have the same investment classifications/objective and load type as the subject Fund. Set forth below is Lipper's comparison of the Fund's total expense ratio and the medians of the Fund's EG and EU. The Fund's total expense ratio rankings are also shown.

Fund	Ratio	Lipper Exp. Group Median (%)	Group	Universe	Universe
Global Real Estate Investment Fund II	0.621	0.996	1/11	1.006	1/22

Based on this analysis, the Fund has an equally favorable ranking on a management fee basis than and a total expense ratio basis.

III. COSTS TO THE ADVISER AND ITS AFFILIATES OF SUPPLYING SERVICES PURSUANT TO THE MANAGEMENT FEE ARRANGEMENT, EXCLUDING ANY INTRA-CORPORATE PROFIT.

The Adviser utilizes two profitability reporting systems, which operate independently but are aligned with each other, to estimate the Adviser's profitability in connection with investment advisory services provided to the Fund. The Senior Officer has retained a consultant to provide independent advice regarding the alignment of the two profitability systems as well as the methodologies and allocations utilized by both profitability systems. See Section IV for additional discussion

IV. PROFIT MARGINS OF THE ADVISER AND ITS AFFILIATES FOR SUPPLYING SUCH SERVICES.

The Fund's profitability information, prepared by the Adviser for the Board of Directors, was reviewed by the Senior Officer and the consultant. The Adviser's profitability from providing investment advisory services to the Fund decreased during calendar year 2011, relative to 2010.

In addition to the Adviser's direct profits from managing the Fund, certain of the Adviser's affiliates have business relationships with the Fund and may earn a profit from providing other services to the Fund. The courts have referred to this

¹³ The contractual management fee rate does not reflect any expense reimbursement payments made by the Fund to the Adviser for certain clerical, legal, accounting, administrative, and other services.

¹⁴ Most recently completed fiscal year end Class I total expense ratio.

type of business opportunity as "fall-out benefits" to the Adviser and indicated that such benefits should be factored into the evaluation of the total relationship between the Fund and the Adviser. Neither case law nor common business practice precludes the Adviser's affiliates from earning a reasonable profit on this type of relationship provided the affiliates' charges and services are competitive and the relationship otherwise complies with the 40 Act restrictions. These affiliates provide transfer agent, distribution and brokerage related services to the Fund and receive transfer agent fees and brokerage commissions. In addition, the Adviser benefits from soft dollar arrangements which offset expenses the Adviser would otherwise incur.

AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. ("ABI"), an affiliate of the Adviser, is the Fund's principal underwriter. ABI and the Adviser have disclosed in the Fund's prospectus that they may make revenue sharing payments from their own resources to firms that sell shares of the Fund. In 2011, ABI paid approximately 0.04% of the average monthly assets of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds or approximately \$17.0 million for distribution services and educational support (revenue sharing payments).

Fees and reimbursements for out of pocket expenses charged by AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc. ("ABIS"), the affiliated transfer agent for the Fund, are charged on a per account basis, based on the level of service provided and the class of share held by the account. ABIS also receives a fee per shareholder sub-account for each account maintained by an intermediary on an omnibus basis. During the Fund's most recently completed fiscal year, ABIS received \$18,000 in fees from the Fund.¹⁵

The Fund effected brokerage transactions through the Adviser's affiliate, Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC ("SCB & Co.") and/or its U.K. affiliate, Sanford C. Bernstein Limited ("SCB Ltd."), collectively "SCB", and paid commissions for such transactions during the Fund's most recently completed fiscal year. The Adviser represented that SCB's profitability from any business conducted with the Fund is comparable to the profitability of SCB's dealings with other similar third party clients. In the ordinary course of business, SCB receives and pays liquidity rebates from electronic communications networks ("ECNs") derived from trading for its clients. These credits and charges are not being passed onto any SCB client. The Adviser also receives certain soft dollar

¹⁵ The fees disclosed are net of any expense offsets with ABIS. An expense offset is created by the interest earned on the positive cash balance that occurs within the transfer agent account as there is a one day lag with regards to money movement from the shareholder's account to the transfer agent's account and then the transfer agent's account to the Fund's account. Due to lower average balances and interest rates during the Fund's most recently completed fiscal year, monthly fees exceeded interest credits, resulting in zero expense offsets for the period.

benefits from brokers that execute agency trades for its clients. These soft dollar benefits reduce the Adviser's cost of doing business and increase its profitability.

V. POSSIBLE ECONOMIES OF SCALE

The Adviser has indicated that economies of scale are being shared with share-holders through fee structures, ¹⁶ subsidies and enhancement to services. Based on some of the professional literature that has considered economies of scale in the mutual fund industry, it is thought that to the extent economies of scale exist, they may more often exist across a fund family as opposed to a specific fund. This is because the costs incurred by the Adviser, such as investment research or technology for trading or compliance systems can be spread across a greater asset base as the fund family increases in size. It is also possible that as the level of services required to operate a successful investment company has increased over time, and advisory firms make such investments in their business to provide services, there may be a sharing of economies of scale without a reduction in advisory fees.

An independent consultant, retained by the Senior Officer, provided the Board of Directors information on the Adviser's firm-wide average costs from 2005 through 2011 and potential economies of scale. The independent consultant noted that from 2005 through 2007 the Adviser experienced significant growth in assets under management ("AUM"). During this period, operating expenses increased, in part to keep up with growth, and in part reflecting market returns. However, from 2008 through the first quarter of 2009, AUM rapidly and significantly decreased. Some operating expenses, including base compensation and office space, adjusted more slowly during this period, resulting in an increase in average costs. Since 2009, AUM has moved within a range of \$400 to \$500 million ending 2011 with an average of \$411 million in the fourth quarter. The independent consultant noted that changes in operating expenses reflect changes in business composition and business practices in response to changes in financial markets. Finally, the independent consultant concluded that the increase in average cost and the decline in net operating margin across the company since 2008 are inconsistent with the view that there are currently "economies of scale" to be shared with clients through lower fees.

In February 2008, the independent consultant provided the Board of Directors an update of the Deli¹⁷ study on advisory fees and various fund characteristics. ¹⁸ The

¹⁶ Fee structures include fee reductions, pricing at scale and breakpoints in advisory fee schedules.

¹⁷ The Deli study, originally published in 2002 based on 1997 data and updated for the February 2008 Presentation, may be of diminished value due to the age of data used in the presentation and the changes experienced in the industry over the last four years.

¹⁸ The Supreme Court cautioned against accepting mutual fund fee comparisons without careful scrutiny since the fees may not be the product of negotiations conducted at arm's length. See Jones V. Harris at 1429.

independent consultant first reiterated the results of his previous two dimensional comparison analysis (fund size and family size) with the Board of Directors. ¹⁹ The independent consultant then discussed the results of the regression model that was utilized to study the effects of various factors on advisory fees. The regression model output indicated that the bulk of the variation in fees predicted were explained by various factors, but substantially by fund AUM, family AUM, index fund indicator and investment style. The independent consultant also compared the advisory fees of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds to similar funds managed by 19 other large asset managers, regardless of the fund size and each Adviser's proportion of mutual fund assets to non-mutual fund assets.

VI. NATURE AND QUALITY OF THE ADVISER'S SERVICES, INCLUDING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND

With assets under management of approximately \$419 billion as of March 31, 2012, the Adviser has the investment experience to manage and provide non-investment services (described in Section I) to the Fund.

The information prepared by Lipper shows the 1, 3, 5 and 10 year performance returns and rankings²⁰ of the Fund relative to its Lipper Performance Group ("PG") and Lipper Performance Universe ("PU")²¹ for the periods ended February 29, 2012.²²

	Fund Return (%)	PG Median (%)	PU Median (%)	PG Rank	PU Rank
1 year	0.19	-0.69	-0.01	2/11	13/30
3 year	31.83	31.83	31.54	6/11	11/25
5 year	-4.02	-3.91	-4.33	6/10	7/15
10 year	9.51	9.51	9.51	2/3	2/3

- 19 The two dimensional analysis showed patterns of lower advisory fees for funds with larger asset sizes and funds from larger family sizes compared to funds with smaller asset sizes and funds from smaller family sizes, which according to the independent consultant is indicative of a sharing of economies of scale and scope. However, in less liquid and active markets, such is not the case, as the empirical analysis showed potential for diseconomies of scale in those markets. The empirical analysis also showed diminishing economies of scale and scope as funds surpassed a certain high level of assets.
- 20 The performance returns and rankings of the Fund are for the Fund's Class I shares. The Fund's performance returns were provided by Lipper.
- 21 The Fund's PG is identical to the Fund's EG. The Fund's PU is not identical to the Fund's EU as the criteria for including/excluding a fund from a PU is somewhat different from that of an EU.
- 22 The current Lipper investment classification/objective dictates the PG and PU throughout the life of the Fund even if a Fund had a different investment classification/objective at a different point in time.

Set forth below are the 1, 3, 5 and 10 year and since inception performance returns of the Fund (in bold)²³ versus its benchmarks.²⁴ Fund and benchmark volatility and reward-to-variability ratio ("Sharpe Ratio") information is also shown.²⁵

Periods Ending February 29, 2012 Performance Annualized

	1	3	5	10	Since	Annualized		Risk
	Year (%)	Year (%)	Year (%)	Year (%)		Volatility (%)	Sharpe (%)	Period (Year)
Global Real								
Estate Investment								
Fund II	0.19	31.83	-4.02	9.51	6.97	21.79	0.44	10
FTSE EPRA								
NAREIT Developed								
RE Index	0.76	33.95	-4.22	10.78	7.63	21.49	0.50	10
FTSE NAREIT								
Equity REIT Index ²⁶	4.80	41.85	-1.53	10.55	8.45	N/A	N/A	N/A
Inception Date: December 9, 1997								

Based on the factors discussed above the Senior Officer's conclusion is that the proposed fee for the Fund is reasonable and within the range of what would have been negotiated at arm's-length in light of all the surrounding circumstances. This conclusion in respect of the Fund is based on an evaluation of all of these factors and no single factor was dispositive.

May 25, 2012

²³ The performance returns and risk measures shown in the table are for the Class I shares of the Fund.

²⁴ The Adviser provided Fund and benchmark performance return information for periods through February 29, 2012.

²⁵ Fund and benchmark volatility and Sharpe Ratio information was obtained through Lipper LANA, a database maintained by Lipper. Volatility is a statistical measure of the tendency of a market price or yield to vary over time. A Sharpe Ratio is a risk adjusted measure of return that divides a fund's return in excess of the riskless return by the fund's standard deviation. A fund with a greater volatility would be viewed as more risky than a fund with equivalent performance but lower volatility; for that reason, a greater return would be demanded for the more risky fund. A fund with a higher Sharpe Ratio would be viewed as better performing than a fund with a lower Sharpe Ratio.

²⁶ Benchmark since inception date is the nearest month end after the Fund's inception date.

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES



A unit of AllianceBernstein L.P.