

AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy

Annual Report

October 31, 2012

Investment Products Offered

- **Are Not FDIC Insured**
- **May Lose Value**
- **Are Not Bank Guaranteed**

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Fund carefully before investing. For copies of our prospectus or summary prospectus, which contain this and other information, visit us online at www.alliancebernstein.com or contact your AllianceBernstein Investments representative. Please read the prospectus and/or summary prospectus carefully before investing.

This shareholder report must be preceded or accompanied by the Fund's prospectus for individuals who are not current shareholders of the Fund.

You may obtain a description of the Fund's proxy voting policies and procedures, and information regarding how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30, without charge. Simply visit AllianceBernstein's website at www.alliancebernstein.com, or go to the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "Commission") website at www.sec.gov, or call AllianceBernstein at (800) 227-4618.

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the Commission for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available on the Commission's website at www.sec.gov. The Fund's Forms N-Q may also be reviewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC; information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330. AllianceBernstein publishes full portfolio holdings for the Fund monthly at www.alliancebernstein.com.

AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. (ABI) is the distributor of the AllianceBernstein family of mutual funds. ABI is a member of FINRA and is an affiliate of AllianceBernstein L.P., the manager of the funds.

AllianceBernstein® and the AB Logo are registered trademarks and service marks used by permission of the owner, AllianceBernstein L.P.

Annual Report

This report provides management's discussion of fund performance for AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy (the "Strategy") for the annual period ended October 31, 2012.

Investment Objectives and Policies

The Strategy seeks to maximize real after-tax return for investors subject to federal income taxes, without undue risk to principal. Real return is the rate of return after adjusting for inflation. The Strategy pursues its objective by investing principally in high-quality, predominantly investment grade, municipal securities, that pay interest exempt from federal taxation. As a fundamental policy, the Strategy will invest at least 80% of its net assets in municipal securities. These securities may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax for some taxpayers.

The Strategy will invest at least 80% of its total assets in fixed-income securities rated A or better or the equivalent by one or more national rating agencies or deemed to be of comparable credit quality by AllianceBernstein L.P. (the "Adviser"). In deciding whether to take direct or indirect exposure, the Strategy may invest up to 20% of its total assets in fixed-income securities rated BB or B or the equivalent by one or more national rating agencies (or deemed to be of comparable credit quality by the Adviser), which are not investment grade ("junk bonds"). If the rating of a fixed-income security falls below investment grade, the Strategy will not be obligated to sell the security and

may continue to hold it if, in the Adviser's opinion, the investment is appropriate under the circumstances. The Strategy may invest in fixed-income securities with any maturity and duration.

To provide inflation protection, the Strategy will typically enter into inflation swap agreements. The Strategy may use other inflation-protected instruments. Payments to the Strategy pursuant to swap agreements will result in taxable income, either ordinary income or capital gains, rather than income exempt from federal income taxation. It is expected that the Strategy's primary use of derivatives will be for the purpose of inflation protection.

The Strategy may also invest in forward commitments; zero coupon municipal securities and variable, floating and inverse floating rate municipal securities; certain types of mortgage related securities; and derivatives, such as options, futures, forwards and swaps.

The Strategy may also utilize leverage for investment purposes through the use of Tender Option Bonds ("TOB") transactions. The Adviser will consider the impact of TOB's, swap agreements and other derivatives in making its assessments of the Strategy's risks. The resulting exposures to markets, sectors, issuers or specific securities will be continuously monitored by the Adviser.

Investment Results

The table on page 6 shows the Strategy's performance compared to its benchmark, the Barclays Capital

("BC") 1-10 year Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities ("TIPS") Index and to the Lipper Intermediate Municipal Debt Funds Average (the "Lipper Average"). Funds in the Lipper Average have generally similar investment objectives to the Strategy, although some may have different investment policies and sales management fees.

For both the six- and 12-month periods, Class A shares of the Strategy outperformed the benchmark, before sales charges. Class A shares underperformed the Lipper Average for both periods.

Over both periods, the most significant determinants of relative returns versus the benchmark were the performance of municipal bonds versus Treasury bonds, and derivatives used to hedge inflation. Given the investment objective of after-tax returns net of inflation, the Strategy's benchmark is the index of inflation-protected Treasury bonds, while the Strategy invests in municipal bonds. Over both periods, the Strategy outperformed as rates fell more for municipal bonds than for Treasuries. Furthermore, the Strategy's focus on A-rated municipals versus AA- and AAA-rated tax-exempt issues further added to performance as medium-grade bonds outperformed the highest-quality bonds.

The Strategy had generally less exposure to interest rates than the benchmark. As interest rates declined over both periods, this detracted from relative performance.

The Strategy used derivatives, in the form of consumer price index ("CPI") swaps, for hedging purposes, which added to performance on an absolute basis. As the market's expectation of inflation increased, the value of the swaps were driven higher.

Market Review and Investment Strategy

The municipal bond market rallied over both the six- and 12- month periods ended October 31, 2012, in response to slow economic growth and increasingly accommodative monetary policy; the U.S. Federal Reserve has said it would likely keep short-term interest rates low through at least the summer of 2015, continue "Operation Twist", which entails monthly purchases of \$45 billion in long-term Treasury bonds, through the end of 2012, and begin "QE3" by purchasing an additional \$40 billion per month in mortgage-backed securities to support the housing market. Strong investor demand coupled with declining supply also pushed municipal bond prices higher. Net flows into municipal funds were positive throughout the 12-month period while the volume of outstanding municipal bonds continued to shrink as issuers' primary focus was to refinance outstanding debt at lower interest rates.

Compensation for public employees has been in the headlines as governments look to balance their budgets in a slow-growth environment. State and local government revenues rise and fall with the economy. State revenue col-

lections are just now recovering from the 2008 recession, while local government collections are still under pressure due to their greater dependence on property tax revenues. In addition, poor investment returns and reduced annual contributions have left many pension plans underfunded, causing state and local governments to increase their required pension contributions instead of spending on other goods and services. For all these reasons, in the view of the Municipal Bond Investment Team (the “Team”), state and local governments are more vulnerable than normal to an economic downturn at this point in a recovery. To reduce this vulnerability in the Strategy, the Team has limited holdings of state and local government bonds and instead has been favoring essential purpose revenue and dedicated tax-backed bonds. The Team believes these bonds are less economically sensitive and are well-insulated from the current financial challenges of state and local governments.

The large U.S. federal deficit and accumulating debt has given rise to talk of possible tax reform. The value of municipal bonds is partly determined by the value of their tax-exemption. An increase in tax rates could increase this value, while a limit on the municipal bonds’ tax exemption could reduce their value. The Strategy’s most effective defense against this uncertainty is through limiting the Strategy’s exposure to long-maturity bonds that would be most affected by changes in the tax code.

The Strategy may purchase municipal securities that are insured under policies issued by certain insurance companies. Historically, insured municipal securities typically received a higher credit rating, which meant that the issuer of the securities paid a lower interest rate. As a result of declines in the credit quality and associated downgrades of most municipal securities insurers, insurance has less value than it did in the past. The market now values insured municipal securities primarily based on the credit quality of the issuer of the security with little value given to the insurance feature. In purchasing such insured securities, the Adviser evaluates the risk and return of municipal securities through its own research. The ratings of most insurance companies have been downgraded and it is possible that an insurance company may become insolvent. If an insurance company’s rating is downgraded or the company becomes insolvent, the prices of municipal securities insured by the insurance company may decline. As of October 31, 2012, 9.6% of the Strategy’s total investments were in insured bonds. There were no investments in pre-refunded/escrowed to maturity bonds.

The Team believes that downgrades in insurance company ratings or insurance company insolvencies present limited risk to the Strategy.

DISCLOSURES AND RISKS

Benchmark Disclosure

The BC 1-10 Year TIPS Index does not reflect fees and expenses associated with the active management of a portfolio. The BC 1-10 Year TIPS Index represents the performance of inflation-protected securities issued by the U.S. Treasury. An investor cannot invest directly in an index, and its results are not indicative of the performance for any specific investment, including the Strategy.

A Word About Risk

Market Risk: The value of the Strategy's assets will fluctuate as the stock or bond market fluctuates. The value of the Strategy's investments may decline, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, simply because of economic changes or other events that affect large portions of the market.

Credit Risk: An issuer or guarantor of a fixed-income security, or the counterparty to a derivatives or other contract, may be unable or unwilling to make timely payments of interest or principal, or to otherwise honor its obligations. The issuer or guarantor may default causing a loss of the full principal amount of a security. The degree of risk for a particular security may be reflected in its credit rating. There is the possibility that the credit rating of a fixed-income security may be downgraded after purchase, which may adversely affect the value of the security. Investments in fixed-income securities with lower ratings (commonly referred to as "junk bonds") tend to have a higher probability that an issuer will default or fail to meet its payment obligations.

Municipal Market Risk: This is the risk that special factors may adversely affect the value of municipal securities and have a significant effect on the yield or value of the Strategy's investments in municipal securities. These factors include economic conditions, political or legislative changes, uncertainties related to the tax status of municipal securities, or the rights of investors in these securities. To the extent that the Strategy invests more of its assets in a particular state's municipal securities, the Strategy may be vulnerable to events adversely affecting that state, including economic, political and regulatory occurrences, court decisions, terrorism and catastrophic natural disasters, such as hurricanes or earthquakes. The Strategy's investments in certain municipal securities with principal and interest payments that are made from the revenues of a specific project or facility, and not general tax revenues, may have increased risks. Factors affecting the project or facility, such as local business or economic conditions, could have a significant effect on the project's ability to make payments of principal and interest on these securities.

Interest Rate Risk: Changes in interest rates will affect the value of investments in fixed-income securities. When interest rates rise, the value of investments in fixed-income securities tends to fall and this decrease in value may not be offset by higher income from new investments. Interest rate risk is generally greater for fixed-income securities with longer maturities or durations.

Inflation Risk: This is the risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the value of the Strategy's assets can decline as can the value of the Strategy's distributions. This risk is significantly greater for fixed-income securities with longer maturities.

Derivatives Risk: The Strategy's investments in derivatives, such as swaps, futures, options and forwards, may be illiquid, difficult to price, and leveraged so that small changes may produce disproportionate losses for the Strategy, and may be subject to counterparty risk to a greater degree than more traditional investments. The use of inflation protection derivatives to help meet the Strategy's investment objective may not be successful.

(Disclosures, Risks and Note about Historical Performance continued on next page)

DISCLOSURES AND RISKS

(continued from previous page)

Leverage Risk: To the extent the Strategy uses leveraging techniques, its net asset value (“NAV”) may be more volatile because leverage tends to exaggerate the effect of changes in interest rates and any increase or decrease in the value of the Strategy’s investments.

Liquidity Risk: Liquidity risk exists when particular investments, such as lower-rated securities, are difficult to purchase or sell, possibly preventing the Strategy from selling out of these illiquid securities at an advantageous price. The Strategy is subject to liquidity risk because the market for municipal securities is generally smaller than many other markets. Derivatives and securities involving substantial market and credit risk tend to involve greater liquidity risk.

Management Risk: The Strategy is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed investment fund. The Adviser will apply its investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions, but there is no guarantee that its techniques will produce the intended results.

These risks are fully discussed in the Strategy’s prospectus.

An Important Note About Historical Performance

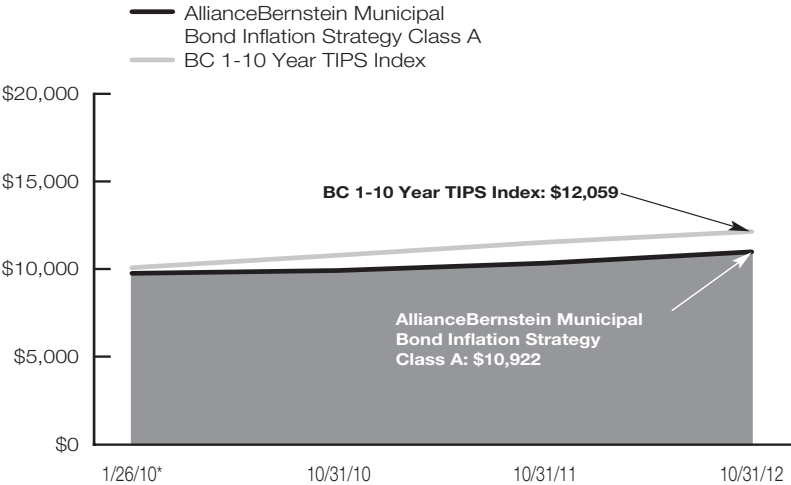
The investment return and principal value of an investment in the Strategy will fluctuate, so that shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance shown on the following pages represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance information shown. You may obtain performance information current to the most recent month-end by visiting www.alliancebernstein.com. For Class 1 shares click on “Private Clients”, then “Investments”, then “Stocks” or “Bonds”, then “Mutual Fund Performance at a Glance”.

All fees and expenses related to the operation of the Strategy have been deducted. NAV returns do not reflect sales charges; if sales charges were reflected, the Strategy’s quoted performance would be lower. SEC returns reflect the applicable sales charges for each share class: a 3.00% maximum front-end sales charge for Class A shares; and a 1% 1 year contingent deferred sales charge for Class C shares. Class 1 and 2 shares do not carry sales charges. Returns for the different share classes will vary due to different expenses associated with each class. Performance assumes reinvestment of distributions and does not account for taxes.

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

THE STRATEGY VS. ITS BENCHMARK PERIODS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2012	NAV Returns	
	6 Months	12 Months
AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy		
Class 1*	2.36%	6.45%
Class 2*	2.40%	6.54%
Class A	2.25%	6.22%
Class C	1.90%	5.51%
Advisor Class Shares**	2.50%	6.64%
BC 1-10 Year TIPS Index	2.17%	5.17%
Lipper Intermediate Municipal Debt Funds Average	2.56%	7.51%
* Class 1 shares are only available to private clients of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co. LLC. Class 2 shares are only available to private clients of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC and the Adviser's institutional clients or through other limited arrangements. ** Please note that these share classes are for investors purchasing shares through accounts established under certain fee-based programs sponsored and maintained by certain broker-dealers and financial intermediaries, institutional pension plans and/or investment advisory clients of, and certain other persons associated with, the Adviser and its affiliates or the Strategy.		

GROWTH OF A \$10,000 INVESTMENT IN THE STRATEGY 1/26/10* TO 10/31/12



This chart illustrates the total value of an assumed \$10,000 investment in AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy Class A shares (from 1/26/10* to 10/31/12) as compared to the performance of its benchmark. The chart reflects the deduction of the maximum 3.00% sales charge from the initial \$10,000 investment in the Strategy and assumes the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions.

* Inception date: 1/26/10.

See Disclosures, Risks and Note about Historical Performance on pages 4-5.
(Historical Performance continued on next page)

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

(continued from previous page)

AVERAGE ANNUAL RETURNS AS OF OCTOBER 31, 2012

	NAV Returns	SEC Returns	SEC Yields*
Class 1 Shares**			0.89%
1 Year	6.45%	6.45%	
Since Inception†	4.56%	4.56%	
Class 2 Shares**			0.99%
1 Year	6.54%	6.54%	
Since Inception†	4.68%	4.68%	
Class A Shares			0.57%
1 Year	6.22%	3.03%	
Since Inception†	4.40%	3.25%	
Class C Shares			-0.10%
1 Year	5.51%	4.51%	
Since Inception†	3.68%	3.68%	
Advisor Class Shares‡			0.88%
1 Year	6.64%	6.64%	
Since Inception†	4.71%	4.71%	

The Strategy's current prospectus fee table shows the Strategy's total annual operating expense ratios as 0.92%, 0.85%, 1.20%, 1.91%, 0.88% for Class 1, Class 2, Class A, Class C, and Advisor Class shares, respectively, gross of any fee waivers or expense reimbursements. Contractual fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements limit the Strategy's annual operating expense ratios, exclusive of interest expense, to 0.60%, 0.50%, 0.80%, 1.50%, 0.50% for Class 1, Class 2, Class A, Class C, and Advisor Class shares, respectively. These waivers/reimbursements extend through January 31, 2013 and may be extended by the Adviser for additional one-year terms. Absent reimbursements or waivers, performance would have been lower. The Financial Highlights section of this report sets forth expense ratio data for the current reporting period; the expense ratios shown above may differ from the expense ratios in the Financial Highlights sections since they are based on different time periods.

* SEC yields are calculated based on SEC guidelines for the 30-day period ended October 31, 2012.

** Class 1 shares are only available to private clients of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co. LLC. Class 2 shares are only available to private clients of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC and the Adviser's institutional clients or through other limited arrangements. These share classes do not carry front end sales charges; therefore their respective NAV and SEC returns are the same.

† Inception date: 1/26/2010.

‡ These share classes are offered at NAV to eligible investors and their SEC returns are the same as the NAV returns. Please note that these share classes are for investors purchasing shares through accounts established under certain fee-based programs sponsored and maintained by certain broker-dealers and financial intermediaries, institutional pension plans and/or investment advisory clients of, and certain other persons associated with, the Adviser and its affiliates or the Strategy. The inception date for these share classes are listed above.

See Disclosures, Risks and Note about Historical Performance on pages 4-5.

(Historical Performance continued on next page)

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

(continued from previous page)

SEC AVERAGE ANNUAL RETURNS (WITH ANY APPLICABLE SALES CHARGES) AS OF THE MOST RECENT CALENDAR QUARTER-END (SEPTEMBER 30, 2012)

	SEC Returns
Class 1 Shares*	
1 Year	5.85%
Since Inception**	4.48%
Class 2 Shares*	
1 Year	6.04%
Since Inception**	4.59%
Class A Shares	
1 Year	2.54%
Since Inception**	3.13%
Class C Shares	
1 Year	3.92%
Since Inception**	3.57%
Advisor Class Shares†	
1 Year	5.94%
Since Inception**	4.60%

* Class 1 shares are only available to private clients of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co. LLC. Class 2 shares are only available to private clients of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC and the Adviser's institutional clients or through other limited arrangements.

** Inception date: 1/26/2010.

† These share classes are offered at NAV to eligible investors and their SEC returns are the same as the NAV returns. Please note that these share classes are for investors purchasing shares through accounts established under certain fee-based programs sponsored and maintained by certain broker-dealers and financial intermediaries, institutional pension plans and/or investment advisory clients of, and certain other persons associated with, the Adviser and its affiliates or the Strategy. The inception date for these share classes are listed above.

See Disclosures, Risks and Note about Historical Performance on pages 4-5.

FUND EXPENSES

(unaudited)

As a shareholder of a mutual fund, you may incur two types of costs: (1) transaction costs, including sales charges (loads) on purchase payments, contingent deferred sales charges on redemptions and (2) ongoing costs, including management fees; distribution (12b-1) fees; and other fund expenses. This example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the Fund and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the period and held for the entire period as indicated below.

Actual Expenses

The table below provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use the information in this line, together with the amount you invested, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number in the first line under the heading entitled "Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during this period.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes

The table below provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed annual rate of return of 5% before expenses, which is not the Fund's actual return. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period. You may use this information to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Fund and other funds by comparing this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of other funds.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight your ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional costs, such as sales charges (loads), or contingent deferred sales charges on redemptions. Therefore, the hypothetical example is useful in comparing ongoing costs only, and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. In addition, if these transactional costs were included, your costs would have been higher.

	Beginning Account Value May 1, 2012	Ending Account Value October 31, 2012	Expenses Paid During Period*	Annualized Expense Ratio*
Class A				
Actual	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,022.50	\$ 4.07	0.80%
Hypothetical**	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,021.11	\$ 4.06	0.80%
Class C				
Actual	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,019.00	\$ 7.61	1.50%
Hypothetical**	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,017.60	\$ 7.61	1.50%
Advisor Class				
Actual	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,025.00	\$ 2.55	0.50%
Hypothetical**	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,022.62	\$ 2.54	0.50%
Class 1				
Actual	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,023.60	\$ 3.05	0.60%
Hypothetical**	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,022.12	\$ 3.05	0.60%
Class 2				
Actual	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,024.00	\$ 2.54	0.50%
Hypothetical**	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,022.62	\$ 2.54	0.50%

* Expenses are equal to the classes' annualized expense ratios multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by 184/366 (to reflect the one-half year period).

** Assumes 5% return before expenses.

PORTFOLIO SUMMARY

October 31, 2012 (unaudited)

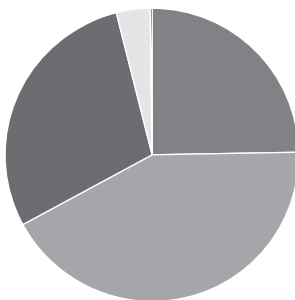
PORTFOLIO STATISTICS

Net Assets (\$mil): \$529.7

QUALITY RATING BREAKDOWN*

Highest of S&P, Moody's and Fitch

- 24.7% AAA
- 42.4% AA
- 29.0% A
- 3.7% BBB
- 0.2% Not Rated



* All data are as of October 31, 2012. The Strategy's quality rating breakdown is expressed as a percentage of the Strategy's total investments in municipal securities and may vary over time. The Strategy also enters into derivative transactions, which may be used for hedging or investment purposes (see "Portfolio of Investments" section of the report for additional details). The quality ratings are determined by using the Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"), Moody's Investors Services, Inc. ("Moody's") and Fitch Ratings, Ltd. ("Fitch"). These ratings are a measure of the quality and safety of a bond or portfolio, based on the issuer's financial condition. AAA is the highest (best) and D is the lowest (worst). If applicable, the pre-refunded category includes bonds which are secured by U.S. Government Securities and therefore are deemed high-quality investment grade by the Adviser. If applicable, Not Applicable (N/A) includes non credit worthy investments; such as, equities, currency contracts, futures and options. If applicable, the Not Rated category includes bonds that are not rated by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization.

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

October 31, 2012

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
MUNICIPAL OBLIGATIONS – 92.8%		
Long-Term Municipal Bonds – 92.8%		
Alabama – 2.6%		
Alabama Pub Sch & Clg Auth 5.00%, 12/01/15	\$ 12,340	\$ 13,978,135
Alaska – 0.8%		
Alaska Ind Dev & Export Auth Series 2010 A 5.00%, 4/01/17	400	465,404
Valdez AK Marine Terminal (BP PLC) Series 2011B 5.00%, 1/01/16	3,140	3,527,068
		<u>3,992,472</u>
Arizona – 3.0%		
Maricopa Cnty AZ CCD GO 4.00%, 7/01/16	2,850	3,185,559
Phoenix AZ Civic Impt Corp. (Phoenix AZ Wastewater) 5.00%, 7/01/26	3,330	4,002,960
Pima Cnty AZ Swr AGM 5.00%, 7/01/21	1,765	2,165,778
Pima Cnty AZ USD #1 GO 5.00%, 7/01/13	2,825	2,913,592
Salt River Proj Agric Impt & Pwr Dist AZ Series 2011A 5.00%, 12/01/24	3,140	3,871,055
		<u>16,138,944</u>
Arkansas – 0.2%		
Fort Smith AR Sales & Use Tax 2.375%, 5/01/27	815	819,621
California – 3.0%		
California Dept Wtr Res Pwr Series 2010 5.00%, 5/01/13	1,225	1,253,469
Series 2011N 5.00%, 5/01/13	7,125	7,290,585
California GO 5.00%, 10/01/16	275	319,206
Series 2011A 5.00%, 10/01/20	5,000	6,132,700
San Francisco City/Cnty CA Arpt Commn (San Francisco CA Intl Airport) Series C 5.00%, 5/01/19	450	539,951
NPFGC-RE Series 2006 32F 5.25%, 5/01/18	290	349,131
		<u>15,885,042</u>

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Colorado – 3.0%		
Denver CO City & Cnty Arpt (Denver Intl Airport)		
Series 2010 A		
5.00%, 11/15/23	\$ 375	\$ 443,704
Series 2011B		
4.00%, 11/15/14	4,730	5,027,895
Series 2012A		
5.00%, 11/15/24-11/15/25	8,395	9,769,710
Denver CO Urban Renewal Auth (Stapleton)		
Series 2010B-1		
5.00%, 12/01/19	200	221,384
Regional Trnsp Dist CO (Denver Transit Partners)		
5.25%, 7/15/24	440	507,228
		<u>15,969,921</u>
Connecticut – 0.3%		
Connecticut GO		
AMBAC Series 2005B		
3.301%, 6/01/16 ^(a)	1,750	<u>1,798,650</u>
District of Columbia – 0.3%		
Metro Washington Arpt Auth VA		
Series 2010B		
5.00%, 10/01/13	1,495	<u>1,557,237</u>
Florida – 7.4%		
Citizens Ppty Ins Corp. FL		
Series 2010A		
5.00%, 6/01/16	315	352,737
Series 2011A-1		
5.00%, 6/01/15	1,720	1,871,326
Series 2012A-1		
5.00%, 6/01/16	3,165	3,544,167
NPFGC Series A		
5.00%, 3/01/15	275	299,720
Florida Brd of Ed GO (Florida Go)		
Series 2011C		
4.00%, 6/01/13	1,970	2,012,906
Florida Brd of Ed Lottery		
5.00%, 7/01/13	1,000	1,031,230
Series 2010 C		
5.00%, 7/01/16	550	636,504
Florida Hurricane Catastr Fd Fin Corp.		
Series 2008A		
5.00%, 7/01/13	665	685,316

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Series 2010A 5.00%, 7/01/15.....	\$ 700	\$ 774,942
Florida Mun Pwr Agy Series 2011B 5.00%, 10/01/23.....	2,890	3,455,920
Florida Ports Fin Commn (Florida St Trnsp Trust Fund) Series 2011B 5.00%, 6/01/15.....	1,900	2,062,640
Florida St (Florida GO) Series 2011B 5.00%, 6/01/13.....	3,055	3,138,982
Greater Orlando Aviation FL (Greater Orlando Intl Airport) Series 2010 B 5.00%, 10/01/13.....	420	437,249
Jacksonville FL Sales Tax 5.00%, 10/01/20.....	1,720	2,071,826
Jacksonville FL Trnsp Series 2012A 5.00%, 10/01/23-10/01/26	10,190	12,213,755
Lee Cnty FL Port Auth Arpt (Southwest Florida Intl Airport) AGM Series 2010A 5.00%, 10/01/13.....	1,000	1,040,140
Miami Dade Cnty FL SPL Tax Series 2012A 5.00%, 10/01/23 ^(b)	1,500	1,762,425
Tampa FL Wtr & Swr Sys 5.00%, 10/01/26.....	1,565	1,879,753
		<u>39,271,538</u>
Georgia – 2.6%		
Atlanta GA Arpt PFC (Hartsfield Jackson Atlanta Intl Arpt) Series 2010B 5.00%, 1/01/18.....	2,500	2,979,050
Catoosa Cnty GA SD GO 3.00%, 8/01/13.....	2,380	2,429,171
4.00%, 8/01/14.....	4,470	4,755,812
Georgia Mun Elec Auth Series 2011A 5.00%, 1/01/21.....	3,045	3,713,834
		<u>13,877,867</u>
Illinois – 4.6%		
Chicago IL Brd of Ed GO 5.00%, 12/01/17	1,690	1,983,249

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Chicago IL GO		
Series 2008A		
5.25%, 1/01/21	\$ 1,165	\$ 1,341,544
Series 2010A		
5.00%, 1/01/24	1,975	2,238,465
Chicago IL O'Hare Intl Arpt		
(O'Hare Intl Arpt)		
5.00%, 1/01/17	1,930	2,196,108
Chicago IL Transit Auth Fed Hwy Grant		
(Chicago IL Fed Hwy Grant)		
AMBAC		
Series 2004A		
5.25%, 6/01/15	2,425	2,660,031
Cook Cnty IL GO		
5.00%, 11/15/25	2,200	2,518,582
Illinois Finance Auth		
(The Admiral at The Lake)		
6.00%, 5/15/17	145	145,316
Illinois GO		
5.00%, 8/01/15	6,050	6,689,969
Series 2010		
5.00%, 1/01/18	500	574,705
Illinois Sales Tax		
5.00%, 6/15/17	1,450	1,715,031
Springfield ILL Metro San Dist		
Series 2011A		
5.00%, 1/01/21	2,170	2,527,898
		<u>24,590,898</u>
Indiana – 1.6%		
Indiana Mun Pwr Agy		
Series 2011A		
5.00%, 1/01/20-1/01/23	4,965	6,004,825
Indianapolis IN Loc Bond Bank		
(Indianapolis IN Arpt Auth)		
AMBAC		
5.25%, 1/01/14	2,260	2,381,362
		<u>8,386,187</u>
Kentucky – 0.8%		
Kentucky Turnpike Auth		
(Kentucky Turnpike Auth Spl Tax)		
Series 2012A		
5.00%, 7/01/25	2,275	2,799,638
AGM		
5.25%, 7/01/14	1,410	1,522,715
		<u>4,322,353</u>

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Louisiana – 2.9%		
Louisiana Gas & Fuels Tax Series 2012A 5.00%, 5/01/23-5/01/27	\$ 11,560	\$ 14,186,669
Orleans Parish LA Par SD GO AGM 4.00%, 9/01/13.....	910	936,099
		<u>15,122,768</u>
Massachusetts – 4.2%		
Boston MA GO Series 2012A 5.00%, 4/01/15.....	1,300	1,441,687
Massachusetts GO AGM Series 2006C 2.257%, 11/01/19 ^(a)	9,575	10,069,166
Massachusetts Mun Whsl Elec Co. Series 2012A 5.00%, 7/01/15.....	1,430	1,585,484
Massachusetts Spl Obl (Massachusetts Gas Tax) AGM Series 2005A 3.427%, 6/01/20 ^(a)	3,000	3,223,170
Metropolitan Boston Trnsp Pkg Corp. MA 5.00%, 7/01/22-7/01/25	5,025	5,905,319
		<u>22,224,826</u>
Michigan – 4.8%		
Detroit MI City SD GO Series 2012A 4.00%, 5/01/14.....	1,120	1,172,091
Detroit MI Swr Disp Series 2012A 5.00%, 7/01/21.....	3,750	4,223,437
Michigan Finance Auth (Michigan Unemployment) Series 2012B 5.00%, 7/01/23.....	17,050	18,333,865
Univ of Michigan Series 2012C 4.00%, 4/01/14.....	1,795	1,887,030
		<u>25,616,423</u>
Minnesota – 0.4%		
Minnesota Hgr Ed Fac Auth (Gustavus Adolfus College) 5.00%, 10/01/21	1,295	1,535,209
Minnesota Pub Fac Auth (Minnesota SRF) Series 2010A 5.00%, 3/01/13.....	750	761,685
		<u>2,296,894</u>

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Missouri – 1.5%		
Bi-State Dev Agy MO (St. Louis MO City & Cnty Sales Tax) Series 2010B 4.00%, 10/15/13	\$ 5,900	\$ 6,066,498
Springfiled MO Pub Util 5.00%, 12/01/17	1,390	<u>1,641,646</u>
		<u>7,708,144</u>
Nevada – 0.3%		
Clark Cnty NV Arpt (McCarran Airport) Series 2010 D 5.00%, 7/01/21-7/01/22	775	916,391
Clark Cnty NV SD GO NPFGC-RE Series 2005 A 5.00%, 6/15/18.....	450	<u>502,024</u>
		<u>1,418,415</u>
New Hampshire – 1.6%		
Manchester NH Arpt (Manchester-Boston Regional Arpt) Series 2012A 5.00%, 1/01/23.....	7,170	<u>8,369,254</u>
New Jersey – 0.1%		
New Jersey EDA (New Jersey Lease Sch Fac) Series 2010DD-1 5.00%, 12/15/17	480	<u>569,371</u>
New York – 13.1%		
Long Island Pwr Auth NY NPFGC Series 2006D 2.429%, 9/01/15 ^(a)	3,500	3,586,485
Metropolitan Trnsp Auth NY 5.00%, 11/15/26	3,635	4,329,939
Series 2012C 5.00%, 11/15/24-11/15/25	9,065	10,887,140
New York NY GO AGM Series 2005K 3.505%, 8/01/16 ^(a)	1,700	1,778,353
New York NY Mun Wtr Fin Auth 3.129%, 6/15/13 ^(a)	500	505,305
5.00%, 6/15/26.....	3,875	4,654,495
New York NY Trnsl Fin Auth Series 2012B 5.00%, 11/01/26	6,830	8,364,906

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
New York St Dormitory Auth (New York St Pers Income Tax)		
4.00%, 3/15/13.....	\$ 6,800	\$ 6,894,248
Series 2011C		
5.00%, 3/15/25.....	3,000	3,622,980
Series 2011E		
5.00%, 8/15/14.....	2,790	3,021,263
Series 2012B		
5.00%, 3/15/20.....	7,900	9,863,703
New York St Envrn Fac Corp. (New York NY Mun Wtr Fin Auth)		
5.00%, 6/15/25.....	3,000	3,700,620
New York St Loc Gov Asst Corp. AGM		
0.18%, 4/01/17 ^(c)	1,475	1,376,755
New York St Thruway Auth (New York St Thruway Auth Ded Tax)		
Series 2011A		
4.00%, 4/01/13.....	6,720	6,823,152
		<u>69,409,344</u>
North Carolina – 1.5%		
North Carolina Eastern Mun Pwr Agy Series 2012B		
5.00%, 1/01/21.....	6,700	<u>8,205,490</u>
Ohio – 0.3%		
Cleveland OH COP Series 2010A		
5.00%, 11/15/17.....	700	788,893
Toledo OH City Svcs Spl Assmt Notes Series 2010		
4.125%, 12/01/12.....	725	<u>726,095</u>
		<u>1,514,988</u>
Oregon – 1.0%		
Tri-County Met Trnsp Dist OR Grant Prog Series 2011A		
5.00%, 10/01/25.....	4,605	<u>5,466,365</u>
Pennsylvania – 5.5%		
Allegheny Cnty PA Sani Auth (Allegheny Cnty PA Swr) AGM		
5.00%, 6/01/19.....	2,250	2,671,357
Montgomery Cnty PA IDA (New Regional Medical Ctr)		
5.00%, 8/01/19.....	475	566,390
Pennsylvania Econ Dev Fin Auth (Pennsylvania Unemployment)		
5.00%, 7/01/21.....	7,500	8,941,275

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Pennsylvania GO		
Series 2006		
5.00%, 3/01/13.....	\$ 700	\$ 710,836
NPFGC-RE		
5.50%, 2/01/14.....	5,290	5,627,132
Pennsylvania IDA		
(Pennsylvania IDA Econ Dev)		
5.00%, 7/01/16.....	5,000	5,639,150
Philadelphia PA Gas Works		
Series 2011-1975		
5.00%, 7/01/14.....	1,900	2,033,570
Philadelphia PA SD GO		
Series 2011E		
5.25%, 9/01/22.....	1,800	2,091,330
Philadelphia PA Wtr & WstWtr AGM		
Series 2010A		
5.00%, 6/15/18.....	550	655,826
		<u>28,936,866</u>
Puerto Rico – 3.0%		
Puerto Rico Elec Pwr Auth		
Series 2007TT		
5.00%, 7/01/21.....	2,000	2,140,180
Series 2010AAA		
5.25%, 7/01/21.....	1,830	2,022,644
NPFGC		
5.00%, 7/01/19.....	3,400	3,768,424
Puerto Rico Govt Dev Bank		
5.25%, 1/01/15.....	3,535	3,704,963
Puerto Rico Hwy & Trnsp Auth		
(Puerto Rico Hwy & Trnsp Spl Tax) AMBAC		
Series 2007N		
2.528%, 7/01/28 ^(a)	4,650	3,702,051
Puerto Rico Pub Bldgs Auth		
(Puerto Rico GO)		
Series 2007 M		
5.75%, 7/01/16.....	275	300,190
		<u>15,638,452</u>
South Carolina – 2.7%		
Renewable Water Resources Sew Sys SC		
5.00%, 1/01/24.....	2,570	3,139,846
South Carolina Pub Svc Auth		
Series 2012C		
5.00%, 12/01/15-12/01/18	9,545	11,364,096
		<u>14,503,942</u>

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Tennessee – 0.6%		
Met Govt Nashville-DAV TN GO		
5.00%, 7/01/23.....	\$ 2,385	\$ 3,007,962
Texas – 9.2%		
Conroe TX ISD GO		
5.00%, 2/15/24-2/15/26	6,240	7,554,452
Denton TX ISD GO		
Series 2012A		
2.125%, 8/01/42	2,135	2,203,832
Garland TX GO		
Series 2010		
5.00%, 2/15/26.....	500	593,660
Houston TX Arpt Sys		
Series 2011A		
5.00%, 7/01/19.....	2,105	2,486,573
Houston TX ISD GO		
2.00%, 6/01/29.....	4,345	4,448,367
Houston TX Util Sys		
Series 20011E		
5.00%, 11/15/13	2,225	2,332,935
Series 2011D		
5.00%, 11/15/27	2,735	3,277,159
Series 2011E		
5.00%, 11/15/14	6,900	7,540,389
Katy TX ISD GO		
Series 2010 B		
4.00%, 2/15/13.....	700	707,399
Lower Colorado River Auth TX		
5.00%, 5/15/24.....	2,615	3,066,924
Midlothian TX ISD GO		
Series 2011B		
2.25%, 8/01/51.....	5,000	5,146,900
North Texas Tollway Auth TX		
(Texas St Hwy Fund Third Tier)		
Series 2011D		
5.25%, 9/01/26.....	3,625	4,380,994
Red River TX Hlth Facs Dev Corp.		
(Mrc Crestview Proj)		
6.00%, 11/15/16	735	751,361
San Antonio TX ISD GO		
5.00%, 8/15/26.....	1,710	2,051,863
Texas Trnsp Comm		
(Central Texas Turnpike)		
Series 2009		
2.75%, 8/15/42 ^(a)	655	658,164
Univ of Texas		
Series 2010A		
5.00%, 8/15/22.....	1,070	1,308,268
		<u>48,509,240</u>

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Virginia – 5.3%		
Fairfax Cnty VA Econ Dev Dist (Fairfax Cnty VA Trnsp Impt Dist)		
5.00%, 4/01/25-4/01/26	\$ 6,000	\$ 7,125,660
Virginia College Bldg Auth (Virginia Lease 21st Century College Prog)		
5.00%, 2/01/14-2/01/15	10,550	11,480,833
Virginia Lease Pub Fac Series 2003A		
5.00%, 8/01/13.....	3,525	3,649,856
Virginia Pub Bldg Auth (Virginia Lease Pub Fac) Series 2011A		
4.00%, 8/01/13.....	4,050	4,163,562
Virginia Trnsp Brd (Virginia Lease Trnsp Fund)		
5.00%, 5/15/15.....	1,655	1,839,615
		<u>28,259,526</u>
Washington – 4.6%		
Central Puget Sound WA RTA Series 2012P		
5.00%, 2/01/23-2/01/25	7,815	9,651,979
Chelan Cnty WA PUD #1 Series 2011B		
5.50%, 7/01/25.....	3,305	3,922,308
Energy Northwest WA (Bonneville Power Admin) Series 2011A		
5.00%, 7/01/18.....	680	830,865
Series 2012A		
5.00%, 7/01/13-7/01/19	5,450	6,494,886
King Cnty WA Swr Series 2011B		
5.00%, 1/01/14.....	2,230	2,349,729
Washington St GO Series 2009 B		
5.00%, 1/01/22.....	710	870,432
		<u>24,120,199</u>
Total Municipal Obligations (cost \$474,233,575)		<u>491,487,334</u>
CORPORATES - INVESTMENT GRADES – 3.2%		
Financial Institutions – 1.8%		
Banking – 1.5%		
Bank of America Corp.		
7.375%, 5/15/14	1,200	1,311,164
Capital One Financial Corp.		
2.125%, 7/15/14	736	750,560

	Principal Amount (000)	U.S. \$ Value
Citigroup, Inc. 5.50%, 4/11/13.....	\$ 1,475	\$ 1,506,083
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (The) 5.15%, 1/15/14.....	1,510	1,583,735
6.00%, 5/01/14.....	1,200	1,286,688
JPMorgan Chase & Co. 2.05%, 1/24/14.....	1,570	1,597,428
		<u>8,035,658</u>
Finance – 0.3%		
General Electric Capital Corp. 2.15%, 1/09/15.....	1,576	1,619,416
		<u>9,655,074</u>
Industrial – 1.2%		
Communications - Telecommunications – 0.3%		
Verizon Communications, Inc. 4.35%, 2/15/13.....	1,446	1,462,049
Consumer Cyclical - Automotive – 0.2%		
Daimler Finance North America LLC 6.50%, 11/15/13.....	904	957,677
Consumer Cyclical - Entertainment – 0.1%		
Viacom, Inc. 1.25%, 2/27/15.....	800	807,765
Energy – 0.1%		
ConocoPhillips 4.75%, 2/01/14.....	381	401,044
Technology – 0.5%		
Hewlett-Packard Co. 4.50%, 3/01/13.....	1,280	1,293,916
International Business Machines Corp. 0.55%, 2/06/15.....	1,715	1,719,222
		<u>3,013,138</u>
		<u>6,641,673</u>
Utility – 0.2%		
Electric – 0.2%		
Exelon Generation Co. LLC 5.35%, 1/15/14.....	831	873,444
Total Corporates - Investment Grades (cost \$16,913,597).....		<u>17,170,191</u>
AGENCIES – 1.2%		
U.S. Government Agency – 1.2%		
Federal Home Loan Bank Series 656 5.375%, 5/18/16 (cost \$5,879,062)	5,315	6,214,622

	Shares	U.S. \$ Value
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS – 1.1%		
Investment Companies – 1.1%		
AllianceBernstein Fixed-Income Shares, Inc. -		
Government STIF Portfolio, 0.15% ^(d)		
(cost \$5,713,118)	5,713,118	\$ 5,713,118
Total Investments – 98.3%		
(cost \$502,739,352)		520,585,265
Other assets less liabilities – 1.7%		9,158,944
Net Assets – 100.0%		\$ 529,744,209

INFLATION (CPI) SWAP CONTRACTS (see Note D)

Swap Counterparty	Notional Amount (000)	Termination Date	Rate Type		Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
			Payments made by the Fund	Payments received by the Fund	
Barclays Bank PLC	\$ 7,000	3/16/13	1.795%	CPI#	\$ 77,598
Barclays Bank PLC	2,000	4/8/15	2.22%	CPI#	(13,992)
Barclays Bank PLC	38,000	4/24/15	2.02%	CPI#	(138,093)
Barclays Bank PLC	5,500	6/1/15	2.038%	CPI#	29,386
Barclays Bank PLC	6,000	2/26/17	2.37%	CPI#	(53,650)
Barclays Bank PLC	3,000	7/19/17	2.038%	CPI#	83,978
Barclays Bank PLC	5,500	6/2/19	2.58%	CPI#	(42,979)
Barclays Bank PLC	4,000	6/15/20	2.48%	CPI#	44,077
Barclays Bank PLC	1,500	8/4/20	2.308%	CPI#	50,747
Barclays Bank PLC	2,000	11/10/20	2.50%	CPI#	38,364
Barclays Bank PLC	6,000	5/4/21	2.845%	CPI#	(115,153)
Barclays Bank PLC	3,000	5/12/21	2.815%	CPI#	(51,894)
Barclays Bank PLC	14,000	4/3/22	2.663%	CPI#	69,179
Barclays Bank PLC	16,700	10/5/22	2.765%	CPI#	55,496
Barclays Bank PLC	5,400	3/6/27	2.695%	CPI#	115,143
Citibank, NA	2,000	4/15/14	2.06%	CPI#	(1,062)
Citibank, NA	10,000	5/4/16	2.71%	CPI#	(258,328)
Citibank, NA	14,000	5/30/17	2.125%	CPI#	58,794
Citibank, NA	11,500	6/21/17	2.153%	CPI#	38,861
Citibank, NA	9,000	6/29/22	2.398%	CPI#	274,917
Citibank, NA	5,400	7/19/22	2.40%	CPI#	177,255
Citibank, NA	4,000	8/10/22	2.55%	CPI#	80,560
Deutsche Bank AG	16,300	6/30/14	1.998%	CPI#	(96,047)
Deutsche Bank AG	14,200	7/21/14	2.155%	CPI#	(176,213)
Deutsche Bank AG	11,000	6/20/21	2.655%	CPI#	(73,369)
Deutsche Bank AG	9,800	9/7/21	2.40%	CPI#	226,109
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	32,000	5/30/14	1.575%	CPI#	(21,724)
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	1,000	7/29/20	2.305%	CPI#	34,401
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	19,000	8/17/22	2.523%	CPI#	462,420
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	1,400	6/30/26	2.89%	CPI#	(23,173)
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	3,300	7/21/26	2.935%	CPI#	(83,277)
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	2,400	10/3/26	2.485%	CPI#	120,733

Swap Counterparty	Notional Amount (000)	Termination Date	Rate Type		Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
			Payments made by the Fund	Payments received by the Fund	
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	\$ 5,400	11/14/26	2.488%	CPI#	\$ 268,133
JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	4,850	12/23/26	2.484%	CPI#	273,392
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	1,000	5/6/13	1.95%	CPI#	11,945
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	9,000	10/28/13	1.61%	CPI#	241,066
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	22,000	10/3/14	1.53%	CPI#	252,216
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	6,000	4/5/16	2.535%	CPI#	(70,781)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	2,000	10/14/20	2.37%	CPI#	73,162
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	13,000	5/23/21	2.68%	CPI#	(35,587)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	5,000	8/15/26	2.885%	CPI#	(79,276)
					<u>\$ 1,823,334</u>

Variable interest rate based on the rate of inflation as determined by the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

(a) Variable rate coupon, rate shown as of October 31, 2012.

(b) When-Issued or delayed delivery security.

(c) An auction rate security whose interest rate resets at each auction date. Auctions are typically held every week or month. The rate shown is as of October 31, 2012 and the aggregate market value of this security amounted to \$1,376,755 or 0.26% of net assets.

(d) Investment in affiliated money market mutual fund. The rate shown represents the 7-day yield as of period end.

As of October 31, 2012, the Fund held 9.5% of net assets in insured bonds (of this amount 0.0% represents the Fund's holding in pre-refunded or escrowed to maturity bonds).

Glossary:

AGM – Assured Guaranty Municipal

AMBAC – Ambac Assurance Corporation

CCD – Community College District

COP – Certificate of Participation

EDA – Economic Development Agency

GO – General Obligation

IDA – Industrial Development Authority/Agency

ISD – Independent School District

NPFGC – National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation

NPFGC-RE – National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation Reinsuring FGIC

PFC – Passenger Facility Charge

PUD – Public Utility District

RTA – Regional Transportation Authority

SD – School District

SRF – State Revolving Fund

USD – Unified School District

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS & LIABILITIES

October 31, 2012

Assets

Investments in securities, at value

Unaffiliated issuers (cost \$497,026,234)	\$ 514,872,147
Affiliated issuers (cost \$5,713,118)	5,713,118 ^(a)
Interest and dividends receivable	6,223,821
Receivable for capital stock sold	4,337,604
Unrealized appreciation on inflation swap contracts	3,157,932
Receivable for investment securities sold	165,000
Total assets	<u>534,469,622</u>

Liabilities

Payable for investment securities purchased	1,758,000
Unrealized depreciation on inflation swap contracts	1,334,598
Payable for capital stock redeemed	637,959
Collateral received from broker	561,000
Advisory fee payable	186,659
Distribution fee payable	69,122
Administrative fee payable	23,563
Transfer Agent fee payable	1,478
Accrued expenses	153,034
Total liabilities	<u>4,725,413</u>
Net Assets	<u>\$ 529,744,209</u>

Composition of Net Assets

Capital stock, at par	\$ 49,095
Additional paid-in capital	508,862,837
Undistributed net investment income	308,622
Accumulated net realized gain on investment transactions	854,408
Net unrealized appreciation on investments	19,669,247
	<u>\$ 529,744,209</u>

Net Asset Value Per Share—24 billion shares of capital stock authorized, \$.001 par value

Class	Net Assets	Shares Outstanding	Net Asset Value
A	\$ 79,735,232	7,383,011	\$ 10.80*
C	\$ 35,435,749	3,288,170	\$ 10.78
Advisor	\$ 85,780,770	7,938,886	\$ 10.81
1	\$ 236,284,774	21,912,039	\$ 10.78
2	\$ 92,507,684	8,573,146	\$ 10.79

(a) Includes investment of cash collateral of \$561,000 received from broker for OTC Derivatives.

* The maximum offering price per share for Class A shares was \$11.13 which reflects a sales charge of 3.0%.

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

Year Ended October 31, 2012

Investment Income

Interest	\$ 8,743,731	
Dividends—Affiliated issuers	<u>10,893</u>	\$ 8,754,624

Expenses

Advisory fee (see Note B)	2,049,500	
Distribution fee—Class A	215,000	
Distribution fee—Class C	304,304	
Distribution fee—Class 1	173,346	
Transfer agency—Class A	13,648	
Transfer agency—Class C	6,681	
Transfer agency—Advisor Class	13,140	
Transfer agency—Class 1	17,042	
Transfer agency—Class 2	6,453	
Custodian	164,045	
Registration fees	143,787	
Administrative	81,271	
Audit	43,642	
Printing	41,673	
Legal	40,686	
Directors' fees	10,801	
Miscellaneous	<u>16,624</u>	
Total expenses	3,341,643	
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed by the Adviser (see Note B)	<u>(598,023)</u>	

Net expenses	<u>2,743,620</u>
Net investment income	<u>6,011,004</u>

Realized and Unrealized Gain on Investment Transactions

Net realized gain on:		
Investment transactions		328,758
Swap contracts		538,146
Net change in unrealized appreciation/ depreciation of:		
Investments		14,444,958
Swap contracts		<u>2,743,969</u>
Net gain on investment transactions		<u>18,055,831</u>

Net Increase in Net Assets from

Operations	<u>\$ 24,066,835</u>
------------------	----------------------

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011
Increase in Net Assets from Operations		
Net investment income	\$ 6,011,004	\$ 2,363,084
Net realized gain on investment transactions	866,904	563,350
Net change in unrealized appreciation/ depreciation of investments	17,188,927	2,256,836
Net increase in net assets from operations	24,066,835	5,183,270
Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders from		
Net investment income		
Class A	(926,220)	(739,996)
Class C	(186,712)	(157,851)
Advisor Class	(1,102,559)	(459,343)
Class 1	(2,576,922)	(657,636)
Class 2	(1,029,039)	(282,095)
Net realized gain on investment transactions		
Class A	(122,501)	(60,961)
Class C	(48,220)	(23,413)
Advisor Class	(91,970)	(24,872)
Class 1	(218,955)	(18)
Class 2	(83,342)	(10,009)
Capital Stock Transactions		
Net increase	226,653,362	220,275,764
Total increase	244,333,757	223,042,840
Net Assets		
Beginning of period	285,410,452	62,367,612
End of period (including undistributed net investment income of \$308,622 and \$114,377, respectively)	\$ 529,744,209	\$ 285,410,452

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

October 31, 2012

NOTE A

Significant Accounting Policies

AllianceBernstein Bond Fund, Inc. (the “Fund”) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as an open-end management investment company. The Fund, which is a Maryland corporation, operates as a series company currently comprised of five portfolios: the Intermediate Bond Portfolio, the Bond Inflation Strategy Portfolio, the Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy Portfolio, the Real Asset Strategy Portfolio and the Limited Duration High Income Portfolio. They are each diversified Portfolios, with the exception of the Limited Duration High Income Portfolio, which is non-diversified. The Limited Duration High Income Portfolio commenced operations on December 7, 2011. Each Portfolio is considered to be a separate entity for financial reporting and tax purposes. This report relates only to the Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy Portfolio. The Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy Portfolio (the “Strategy”) offers Class A, Class C, Advisor Class, Class 1 and Class 2 shares. Class 1 shares are sold only to the private clients of Sanford C. Bernstein & Co. LLC by its registered representatives. Class R, Class K and Class I shares have been authorized by the Strategy but are not currently being offered. Class A shares are sold with a front-end sales charge of up to 3.0% for purchases not exceeding \$500,000. With respect to purchases of \$500,000 or more, Class A shares redeemed within one year of purchase may be subject to a contingent deferred sales charge of 1%. Class C shares are subject to a contingent deferred sales charge of 1% on redemptions made within the first year after purchase. Class R, Class K, and Class 1 shares are sold without an initial or contingent deferred sales charge. Advisor Class, Class I, and Class 2 shares are sold without an initial or contingent deferred sales charge and are not subject to ongoing distribution expenses. All eight classes of shares have identical voting, dividend, liquidation and other rights, except that the classes bear different distribution and transfer agency expenses. Each class has exclusive voting rights with respect to its distribution plan. The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) which require management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Strategy.

1. Security Valuation

Portfolio securities are valued at their current market value determined on the basis of market quotations or, if market quotations are not readily available or are deemed unreliable, at “fair value” as determined in accordance with procedures established by and under the general supervision of the Fund’s Board of Directors.

In general, the market value of securities which are readily available and deemed reliable are determined as follows: Securities listed on a national securities

exchange (other than securities listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. (“NASDAQ”)) or on a foreign securities exchange are valued at the last sale price at the close of the exchange or foreign securities exchange. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the last traded price from the previous day. Securities listed on more than one exchange are valued by reference to the principal exchange on which the securities are traded; securities listed only on NASDAQ are valued in accordance with the NASDAQ Official Closing Price; listed or over the counter (“OTC”) market put or call options are valued at the mid level between the current bid and ask prices. If either a current bid or current ask price is unavailable, AllianceBernstein L.P. (the “Adviser”) will have discretion to determine the best valuation (e.g. last trade price in the case of listed options); open futures contracts are valued using the closing settlement price or, in the absence of such a price, the most recent quoted bid price. If there are no quotations available for the day of valuation, the last available closing settlement price is used; U.S. government securities and other debt instruments having 60 days or less remaining until maturity are valued at amortized cost if their original maturity was 60 days or less; or by amortizing their fair value as of the 61st day prior to maturity if their original term to maturity exceeded 60 days; fixed-income securities, including mortgage backed and asset backed securities, may be valued on the basis of prices provided by a pricing service or at a price obtained from one or more of the major broker/dealers. In cases where broker/dealer quotes are obtained, the Adviser may establish procedures whereby changes in market yields or spreads are used to adjust, on a daily basis, a recently obtained quoted price on a security. Swaps and other derivatives are valued daily, primarily using independent pricing services, independent pricing models using market inputs, as well as third party broker-dealers or counterparties. Investments in money market funds are valued at their net asset value each day.

Securities for which market quotations are not readily available (including restricted securities) or are deemed unreliable are valued at fair value. Factors considered in making this determination may include, but are not limited to, information obtained by contacting the issuer, analysts, analysis of the issuer’s financial statements or other available documents. In addition, the Strategy may use fair value pricing for securities primarily traded in non-U.S. markets because most foreign markets close well before the Strategy values its securities at 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time. The earlier close of these foreign markets gives rise to the possibility that significant events, including broad market moves, may have occurred in the interim and may materially affect the value of those securities.

2. Fair Value Measurements

In accordance with U.S. GAAP regarding fair value measurements, fair value is defined as the price that the Strategy would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value,

and a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset (including those valued based on their market values as described in Note 1 above) or liability. Inputs may be observable or unobservable and refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Strategy. Unobservable inputs reflect the Strategy's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. Each investment is assigned a level based upon the observability of the inputs which are significant to the overall valuation. The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized below.

- Level 1—quoted prices in active markets for identical investments
- Level 2—other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3—significant unobservable inputs (including the Strategy's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The fair value of debt instruments, such as bonds, and over-the-counter derivatives is generally based on market price quotations, recently executed market transactions (where observable) or industry recognized modeling techniques and are generally classified as Level 2. Pricing vendor inputs to Level 2 valuations may include quoted prices for similar investments in active markets, interest rates, coupon rates, yield curves, option adjusted spreads, default rates, credit spreads and other unique security features in order to estimate the relevant cash flows which is then discounted to calculate fair values. If these inputs are unobservable and significant to the fair value, these investments will be classified as Level 3.

Other fixed income investments, including non-U.S. government and corporate debt, are generally valued using quoted market prices, if available, which are typically impacted by current interest rates, maturity dates and any perceived credit risk of the issuer. Additionally, in the absence of quoted market prices, these inputs are used by pricing vendors to derive a valuation based upon industry or proprietary models which incorporate issuer specific data with relevant yield/spread comparisons with more widely quoted bonds with similar key characteristics. Those investments for which there are observable inputs are classified as Level 2. Where the inputs are not observable, the investments are classified as Level 3.

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Strategy's investments by the above fair value hierarchy levels as of October 31, 2012:

Investments in Securities:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Long-Term Municipal Bonds	\$ - 0 -	\$ 490,590,657	\$ 896,677	\$ 491,487,334
Corporates – Investment Grades	- 0 -	17,170,191	- 0 -	17,170,191
Agencies.....	- 0 -	6,214,622	- 0 -	6,214,622
Short-Term Investments	5,713,118	- 0 -	- 0 -	5,713,118
Total Investments in Securities	5,713,118	513,975,470	896,677	520,585,265
Other Financial Instruments*:				
Assets:				
Inflation (CPI) Swap Contracts	- 0 -	- 0 -	3,157,932	3,157,932
Liabilities:				
Inflation (CPI) Swap Contracts	- 0 -	- 0 -	(1,334,598)	(1,334,598)
Total*	\$ 5,713,118	\$ 513,975,470	\$ 2,720,011	\$ 522,408,599

* Other financial instruments are derivative instruments, such as futures, forwards and swap contracts, which are valued at the unrealized appreciation/depreciation on the instrument.

* There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the reporting period.

The Strategy recognizes all transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy assuming the financial instruments were transferred at the beginning of the reporting period.

The following is a reconciliation of investments in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value.

	Long-Term Municipal Bonds	Inflation (CPI) Swap Contracts	Total
Balance as of 10/31/11	\$ 268,665	\$ - 0 -	\$ 268,665
Accrued discounts/ (premiums)	6,447	- 0 -	6,447
Realized gain (loss)	17,094	- 0 -	17,094
Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation ..	8,896	3,281,979	3,290,875
Purchases	735,000	- 0 -	735,000
Sales	(139,425)	- 0 -	(139,425)
Transfers in to Level 3*	- 0 -	(1,458,645)	(1,458,645)
Transfers out of Level 3.....	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -
Balance as of 10/31/12	\$ 896,677	\$ 1,823,334	\$ 2,720,011
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation from Investments held as of 10/31/12*	\$ 15,737	\$ 3,281,979	\$ 3,279,716

* The unrealized appreciation/depreciation is included in net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation of investments in the accompanying statement of operations.

* There were de minimis transfers under 1% of net assets during the reporting period.

The Adviser has established a Valuation Committee (the "Committee") which is responsible for overseeing the pricing and valuation of all securities held in the Strategy. The Committee operates under pricing and valuation policies and procedures established by the Adviser and approved by the Board, including

pricing policies which set forth the mechanisms and processes to be employed on a daily basis to implement these policies and procedures. In particular, the pricing policies describe how to determine market quotations for securities and other instruments. The Committee's responsibilities include: 1) fair value and liquidity determinations (and oversight of any third parties to whom any responsibility for fair value and liquidity determinations is delegated), and 2) regular monitoring of the Adviser's pricing and valuation policies and procedures and modification or enhancement of these policies and procedures (or recommendation of the modification of these policies and procedures) as the Committee believes appropriate.

The Committee is also responsible for monitoring the implementation of the pricing policies by the Adviser's Pricing Group (the "Pricing Group") and a third party which performs certain pricing functions in accordance with the pricing policies. The Pricing Group is responsible for the oversight of the third party on a day-to-day basis. The Committee and the Pricing Group perform a series of activities to provide reasonable comfort over the accuracy of prices including: 1) periodic vendor due diligence meetings, review methodologies, new developments, process at vendors, 2) daily compare of security valuation versus prior day for all fixed income securities that exceed established thresholds, 3) monthly multi-source pricing compares, reviewed and submitted to the Committee, and 4) daily review of unpriced, stale, and variance reports with exceptions reviewed by senior management and the Committee.

In addition, there are several processes outside of the pricing process that are used to monitor valuation issues including: 1) performance and performance attribution reports are monitored for anomalous impacts based upon benchmark performance, and 2) portfolio managers review all portfolios for performance and analytics (which are generated using the Adviser's prices).

3. Taxes

It is the Strategy's policy to meet the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute all of its investment company taxable income and net realized gains, if any, to shareholders. Therefore, no provisions for federal income or excise taxes are required.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP requirements regarding accounting for uncertainties in income taxes, management has analyzed the Strategy's tax positions taken or expected to be taken on federal and state income tax returns for all open tax years (all years since inception of the Strategy) and has concluded that no provision for income tax is required in the Strategy's financial statements.

4. Investment Income and Investment Transactions

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date or as soon as the Strategy is informed of the dividend. Interest income is accrued daily. Investment transactions are accounted for on the date the securities are purchased or sold. Investment gains or losses are determined on the identified cost basis. The

Strategy amortizes premiums and accretes original issue discounts and market discounts as adjustments to interest income.

5. Class Allocations

All income earned and expenses incurred by the Strategy are borne on a pro-rata basis by each outstanding class of shares, based on the proportionate interest in the Strategy represented by the net assets of such class, except for class specific expenses which are allocated to the respective class. Expenses of the Fund are charged to each Strategy in proportion to each Strategy's respective net assets. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are allocated among the various share classes based on respective net assets.

6. Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to shareholders, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Income dividends and capital gains distributions are determined in accordance with federal tax regulations and may differ from those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. To the extent these differences are permanent, such amounts are reclassified within the capital accounts based on their federal tax basis treatment; temporary differences do not require such reclassification.

NOTE B

Advisory Fee and Other Transactions with Affiliates

Under the terms of the investment advisory agreement, the Strategy pays the Adviser an advisory fee at an annual rate of .50% of the first \$2.5 billion, .45% of the next \$2.5 billion and .40% in excess of \$5 billion, of the Strategy's average daily net assets. The fee is accrued daily and paid monthly. The Adviser has agreed to waive its fees and bear certain expenses to the extent necessary to limit total operating expenses on an annual basis to .80%, 1.50%, .50%, .60% and .50% of the daily average net assets for the Class A, Class C, Advisor Class, Class 1 and Class 2 shares, respectively. Under the agreement, fees waived and expenses borne by the Adviser are subject to repayment by the Strategy until January 26, 2013. No repayment will be made that would cause the Strategy's total annualized operating expenses to exceed the net fee percentage set forth above, or which would exceed the amount of offering expenses as recorded by the Strategy before January 26, 2011. This fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement agreement will remain in effect until January 31, 2013 and then may be extended by the Adviser for additional one-year terms. For the year ended October 31, 2012, such reimbursement amounted to \$598,023, which is subject to repayment, not to exceed the amount of offering expenses.

Pursuant to the investment advisory agreement, the Strategy may reimburse the Adviser for certain legal and accounting services provided to the Strategy by the Adviser. For the year ended October 31, 2012, the reimbursement for such services amounted to \$81,271.

The Strategy compensates AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc. (“ABIS”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Adviser, under a Transfer Agency Agreement for providing personnel and facilities to perform transfer agency services for the Strategy. ABIS may make payments to intermediaries that provide omnibus account services, sub-accounting services and/or networking services. Such compensation retained by ABIS amounted to \$18,013 for the year ended October 31, 2012.

AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. (the “Distributor”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Adviser, serves as the distributor of the Strategy’s shares. The Distributor has advised the Strategy that it has retained front-end sales charges of \$1,300 from the sale of Class A shares and received \$35,047 and \$9,272 in contingent deferred sales charges imposed upon redemptions by shareholders of Class A and Class C shares, respectively, for the year ended October 31, 2012.

The Strategy may invest in the AllianceBernstein Fixed-Income Shares, Inc. – Government STIF Portfolio (“Government STIF Portfolio”), an open-end management investment company managed by the Adviser. The Government STIF Portfolio is offered as a cash management option to mutual funds and other institutional accounts of the Adviser, and is not available for direct purchase by members of the public. The Government STIF Portfolio pays no investment management fees but does bear its own expenses. A summary of the Strategy’s transactions in shares of the Government STIF Portfolio for the year ended October 31, 2012 is as follows:

Market Value October 31, 2011 (000)	Purchases at Cost (000)	Sales Proceeds (000)	Market Value October 31, 2012 (000)	Dividend Income (000)
\$ 5,807	\$ 214,513	\$ 214,607	\$ 5,713	\$ 11

NOTE C

Distribution Services Agreement

The Strategy has adopted a Distribution Services Agreement (the “Agreement”) pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Under the Agreement, the Strategy pays distribution and servicing fees to the Distributor at an annual rate of up to .30% of the Strategy’s average daily net assets attributable to Class A shares, 1% of the Strategy’s average daily net assets attributable to Class C shares and .10% of the Strategy’s average daily net assets attributable to Class 1 shares. There are no distribution and servicing fees on the Advisor Class and Class 2 shares. The fees are accrued daily and paid monthly. The Agreement provides that the Distributor will use such payments in their entirety for distribution assistance and promotional activities. Since the commencement of the Strategy’s operations, the Distributor has incurred expenses in excess of the distribution costs reimbursed by the Strategy in the amount of \$249,611 and \$686,075 for Class C and Class 1 shares, respectively. While such costs may be recovered from the Strategy in future periods so long as the Agreement is in

effect, the rate of the distribution and servicing fees payable under the Agreement may not be increased without a shareholder vote. In accordance with the Agreement, there is no provision for recovery of unreimbursed distribution costs incurred by the Distributor beyond the current fiscal year for Class A shares. The Agreement also provides that the Adviser may use its own resources to finance the distribution of the Strategy's shares.

NOTE D

Investment Transactions

Purchases and sales of investment securities (excluding short-term investments) for the year ended October 31, 2012 were as follows:

	<u>Purchases</u>	<u>Sales</u>
Investment securities (excluding		
U.S. government securities)	\$ 265,728,518	\$ 30,034,269
U.S. government securities	8,394,288	8,363,601

The cost of investments for federal income tax purposes, gross unrealized appreciation and unrealized depreciation (excluding swap transactions) are as follows:

Cost	<u>\$ 502,739,352</u>
Gross unrealized appreciation.....	\$ 17,881,892
Gross unrealized depreciation.....	(35,979)
Net unrealized appreciation	<u>\$ 17,845,913</u>

1. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Strategy may use derivatives in an effort to earn income and enhance returns, to replace more traditional direct investments, to obtain exposure to otherwise inaccessible markets (collectively, "investment purposes"), or to hedge or adjust the risk profile of its portfolio.

The principal type of derivatives utilized by the Strategy, as well as the methods in which they may be used are:

- **Swap Agreements**

The Strategy may enter into swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rates or credit risk. A swap is an agreement that obligates two parties to exchange a series of cash flows at specified intervals based upon or calculated by reference to changes in specified prices or rates for a specified amount of an underlying asset. The payment flows are usually netted against each other, with the difference being paid by one party to the other. In addition, collateral may be pledged or received by the Strategy in accordance with the terms of the respective swap agreements to provide value and recourse to the Strategy or its counterparties in the event of default, bankruptcy or insolvency by one of the parties to the swap agreement.

Risks may arise as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the swap contract to comply with the terms of the swap contract. The loss incurred by

the failure of a counterparty is generally limited to the net interim payment to be received by the Strategy, and/or the termination value at the end of the contract. Therefore, the Strategy considers the creditworthiness of each counterparty to a swap contract in evaluating potential counterparty risk. This risk is mitigated by having a netting arrangement between the Strategy and the counterparty and by the posting of collateral by the counterparty to the Strategy to cover the Strategy's exposure to the counterparty. Additionally, risks may arise from unanticipated movements in interest rates or in the value of the underlying securities. The Strategy accrues for the interim payments on swap contracts on a daily basis, with the net amount recorded within unrealized appreciation/depreciation of swap contracts on the statement of assets and liabilities, where applicable. Once the interim payments are settled in cash, the net amount is recorded as realized gain/(loss) on swaps on the statement of operations, in addition to any realized gain/(loss) recorded upon the termination of swap contracts. Upfront premiums paid or received are recognized as cost or proceeds on the statement of assets and liabilities and are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the contract. Amortized upfront premiums are included in net realized gain/(loss) from swaps on the statement of operations. Fluctuations in the value of swap contracts are recorded as a component of net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation of swap contracts on the statement of operations.

Inflation (CPI) Swaps:

Inflation swap agreements are contracts in which one party agrees to pay the cumulative percentage increase in a price index (the Consumer Price Index with respect to CPI swaps) over the term of the swap (with some lag on the inflation index), and the other pays a compounded fixed rate. Inflation swap agreements may be used to protect the net asset value, or NAV, of a Strategy against an unexpected change in the rate of inflation measured by an inflation index since the value of these agreements is expected to increase if unexpected inflation increases.

During the year ended October 31, 2012, the Strategy held inflation (CPI) swap contracts for hedging purposes.

Documentation governing the Strategy's OTC derivatives may contain provisions for early termination of such transaction in the event the net assets of the Strategy decline below specific levels set forth in the documentation ("net asset contingent features"). If these levels are triggered, the Strategy's counterparty has the right to terminate such transaction and require the Strategy to pay or receive a settlement amount in connection with the terminated transaction. As of October 31, 2012, the Strategy had OTC derivatives with contingent features in net liability positions in the amount of \$119,520. If a trigger event had occurred at October 31, 2012, for those derivatives in a net liability position, an amount of \$119,520 would be required to be posted by the Strategy.

At October 31, 2012, the Strategy had entered into the following derivatives:

Derivative Type	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value
Interest rate contracts.....	Unrealized appreciation on inflation swap contracts	\$ 3,157,932	Unrealized depreciation on inflation swap contracts	\$ 1,334,598
Total.....		<u>\$ 3,157,932</u>		<u>\$ 1,334,598</u>

The effect of derivative instruments on the statement of operations for the year ended October 31, 2012:

Derivative Type	Location of Gain or (Loss) on Derivatives	Realized Gain or (Loss) on Derivatives	Change in Unrealized Appreciation or (Depreciation)
Interest rate contracts.....	Net realized gain (loss) on swap contracts; Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation of swap contracts	\$ 538,146	\$ 2,743,969
Total		<u>\$ 538,146</u>	<u>\$ 2,743,969</u>

The following table represents the volume of the Strategy's derivative transactions during the year ended October 31, 2012:

Inflation Swap Contracts:

Average notional amount..... \$267,296,154

NOTE E

Capital Stock

Each class consists of 3,000,000,000 authorized shares. Transactions in capital shares for Class A, Class C, Advisor Class, Class 1 and Class 2 were as follows:

	Shares		Amount	
	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011
Class A				
Shares sold	4,102,533	5,142,328	\$ 43,442,993	\$ 52,360,160
Shares issued in reinvestment of dividends and distributions	72,554	54,868	766,041	553,410
Shares redeemed	(3,029,718)	(1,753,553)	(31,985,941)	(17,863,298)
Net increase	1,145,369	3,443,643	\$ 12,223,093	\$ 35,050,272

	Shares		Amount	
	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011	Year Ended October 31, 2012	Year Ended October 31, 2011
Class C				
Shares sold	1,433,167	1,500,701	\$ 15,136,166	\$ 15,313,770
Shares issued in reinvestment of dividends and distributions	17,757	14,956	186,685	149,935
Shares redeemed	(486,097)	(363,624)	(5,152,933)	(3,648,199)
Net increase	964,827	1,152,033	\$ 10,169,918	\$ 11,815,506
Advisor Class				
Shares sold	5,902,266	3,278,789	\$ 62,380,255	\$ 33,508,137
Shares issued in reinvestment of dividends and distributions	77,611	33,958	821,381	344,191
Shares redeemed	(2,103,271)	(469,384)	(22,379,392)	(4,799,372)
Net increase	3,876,606	2,843,363	\$ 40,822,244	\$ 29,052,956
Class 1				
Shares sold	13,680,419	11,632,224	\$ 144,989,020	\$ 119,044,000
Shares issued in reinvestment of dividends and distributions	113,453	4,161	1,200,618	42,866
Shares redeemed	(2,741,573)	(777,645)	(29,072,156)	(8,021,647)
Net increase	11,052,299	10,858,740	\$ 117,117,482	\$ 111,065,219
Class 2				
Shares sold	5,129,537	4,736,196	\$ 54,427,562	\$ 48,492,929
Shares issued in reinvestment of dividends and distributions	50,466	7,316	533,805	73,754
Shares redeemed	(815,266)	(1,531,103)	(8,640,742)	(15,274,872)
Net increase	4,364,737	3,212,409	\$ 46,320,625	\$ 33,291,811

NOTE F**Risks Involved in Investing in the Strategy**

Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will affect the value of the Strategy's investments in fixed-income debt securities such as bonds or notes. Increases in interest rates may cause the value of the Strategy's investments to decline. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or guarantor of a debt security, or the counterparty to a derivative contract, will be unable or unwilling to make timely principal and/or interest payments, or to otherwise honor its obligations. The degree of risk for a particular security may be reflected in its credit risk rating. Credit risk is greater

for medium quality and lower-rated securities. Lower-rated debt securities and similar unrated securities (commonly known as “junk bonds”) have speculative elements or are predominantly speculative risks.

Inflation Risk—This is the risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the real value of the Strategy’s assets can decline as can the real value of the Strategy’s distributions. This risk is significantly greater for fixed-income securities with longer maturities.

Municipal Market Risk—This is the risk that special factors may adversely affect the value of municipal securities and have a significant effect on the yield or value of the Strategy’s investments in municipal securities. These factors include economic conditions, political or legislative changes, uncertainties related to the tax status of municipal securities, or the rights of investors in these securities. To the extent that the Strategy invests more of its assets in a particular state’s municipal securities, the Strategy may be vulnerable to events adversely affecting that state, including economic, political and regulatory occurrences, court decisions, terrorism and catastrophic natural disasters, such as hurricanes or earthquakes. The Strategy’s investments in certain municipal securities with principal and interest payments that are made from the revenues of a specific project or facility, and not general tax revenues, may have increased risks. Factors affecting the project or facility, such as local business or economic conditions, could have a significant effect on the project’s ability to make payments of principal and interest on these securities.

Derivatives Risk—The Strategy may enter into derivative transactions such as forwards, options, futures and swaps. Derivatives may be illiquid, difficult to price, and leveraged so that small changes may produce disproportionate losses for the Strategy, and subject to counterparty risk to a greater degree than more traditional investments. Derivatives may result in significant losses, including losses that are far greater than the value of the derivatives reflected in the statement of assets and liabilities.

Indemnification Risk—In the ordinary course of business, the Strategy enters into contracts that contain a variety of indemnifications. The Strategy’s maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown. However, the Strategy has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these indemnification provisions and expects the risk of loss thereunder to be remote. Therefore, the Strategy has not accrued any liability in connection with these indemnification provisions.

NOTE G**Joint Credit Facility**

A number of open-end mutual funds managed by the Adviser, including the Strategy, participate in a \$140 million revolving credit facility (the “Facility”) intended to provide short-term financing, if necessary, subject to certain restrictions in connection with abnormal redemption activity. Commitment fees related to the Facility are paid by the participating funds and are included in miscellaneous expenses in the statement of operations. The Strategy did not utilize the Facility during the year ended October 31, 2012.

NOTE H**Distributions to Shareholders**

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended October 31, 2012 and October 31, 2011 were as follows:

	2012	2011
Distributions paid from:		
Ordinary income	\$ 892,092	\$ 233,340
Long-term capital gains	<u>14,487</u>	<u>—</u>
Total taxable distributions	906,579	233,340
Tax exempt distributions	5,479,861	2,182,854
Total distributions paid	<u>\$ 6,386,440</u>	<u>\$ 2,416,194</u>

As of October 31, 2012, the components of accumulated earnings/(deficit) on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed tax-exempt income	\$ 341,949
Undistributed ordinary income	247,370
Undistributed capital gains	607,038
Unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	<u>19,669,247</u>
Total accumulated earnings/(deficit)	<u>\$ 20,865,604^(a)</u>

^(a) The difference between book-basis and tax-basis components of accumulated earnings/(deficit) is attributable primarily to the amortization of offering costs.

For tax purposes, net capital losses may be carried over to offset future capital gains, if any. Under the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010, funds are permitted to carry forward capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 22, 2010 for an indefinite period. These post-enactment capital losses must be utilized prior to the pre-enactment capital losses, which are subject to expiration. Post-enactment capital loss carryforwards will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses rather than being considered short-term as under previous regulation. As of October 31, 2012, the Strategy did not have any capital loss carryforwards.

During the current fiscal year, permanent differences primarily due to the tax treatment of Treasury inflation-protected securities resulted in a net increase in

undistributed net investment income and a net decrease in accumulated net realized gain on investment transactions. These reclassifications had no effect on net assets.

NOTE I

Recent Accounting Pronouncement

In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued an Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) related to disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities in financial statements. The amendments in this update require an entity to disclose both gross and net information for derivatives and other financial instruments that are either offset in the statement of assets and liabilities or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The ASU is effective during interim or annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. At this time, management is evaluating the implication of this ASU and its impact on the financial statements has not been determined.

NOTE J

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date the financial statements are issued. Management has determined that there are no material events that would require disclosure in the Strategy’s financial statements through this date.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Selected Data For A Share Of Capital Stock Outstanding Throughout Each Period

	Class A		
	Year Ended October 31,		January 26 2010 ^(a) to October 31,
	2012	2011	2010
Net asset value, beginning of period.....	\$ 10.32	\$ 10.09	\$ 10.00
Income From Investment Operations			
Net investment income ^{(b)(c)}	.14	.16	.11
Net realized and unrealized gain on investment transactions	.50	.26	.06
Net increase in net asset value from operations.....	.64	.42	.17
Less: Dividends and Distributions			
Dividends from net investment income.....	(.14)	(.17)	(.08)
Distributions from net realized gain on investment transactions	(.02)	(.02)	— 0 —
Total dividends and distributions	(.16)	(.19)	(.08)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 10.80	\$ 10.32	\$ 10.09
Total Return			
Total investment return based on net asset value ^(d)	6.22 %	4.24 %	1.70 %
Ratios/Supplemental Data			
Net assets, end of period (000's omitted)	\$79,735	\$64,342	\$28,200
Ratio to average net assets of:			
Expenses, net of waivers/reimbursements	.80 %	.80 %	.80 % ^(e)
Expenses, before waivers/reimbursements	.95 %	1.20 %	2.15 % ^(e)
Net investment income ^(b)	1.34 %	1.57 %	1.43 % ^(e)
Portfolio turnover rate	10 %	26 %	1 %

See footnote summary on page 45.

Selected Data For A Share Of Capital Stock Outstanding Throughout Each Period

	Class C		
	Year Ended October 31,		January 26 2010 ^(a) to October 31, 2010
	2012	2011	2010
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 10.30	\$ 10.08	\$ 10.00
Income From Investment Operations			
Net investment income ^{(b)(c)}	.07	.09	.06
Net realized and unrealized gain on investment transactions	.50	.25	.06
Net increase in net asset value from operations	.57	.34	.12
Less: Dividends and Distributions			
Dividends from net investment income	(.07)	(.10)	(.04)
Distributions from net realized gain on investment transactions	(.02)	(.02)	— 0 —
Total dividends and distributions	(.09)	(.12)	(.04)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 10.78	\$ 10.30	\$ 10.08
Total Return			
Total investment return based on net asset value ^(d)	5.51 %	3.45 %	1.23 %
Ratios/Supplemental Data			
Net assets, end of period (000's omitted)	\$35,436	\$23,919	\$11,804
Ratio to average net assets of:			
Expenses, net of waivers/reimbursements	1.50 %	1.50 %	1.50 % ^(e)
Expenses, before waivers/reimbursements	1.65 %	1.91 %	2.76 % ^(e)
Net investment income ^(b)	.64 %	.87 %	.78 % ^(e)
Portfolio turnover rate	10 %	26 %	1 %

See footnote summary on page 45.

Selected Data For A Share Of Capital Stock Outstanding Throughout Each Period

	Advisor Class		
	Year Ended October 31,		January 26 2010 ^(a) to October 31, 2010
	2012	2011	2010
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 10.32	\$ 10.10	\$ 10.00
Income From Investment Operations			
Net investment income ^{(b)(c)}	.17	.19	.12
Net realized and unrealized gain on investment transactions	.51	.25	.08
Net increase in net asset value from operations	.68	.44	.20
Less: Dividends and Distributions			
Dividends from net investment income	(.17)	(.20)	(.10)
Distributions from net realized gain on investment transactions	(.02)	(.02)	– 0 –
Total dividends and distributions	(.19)	(.22)	(.10)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 10.81	\$ 10.32	\$ 10.10
Total Return			
Total investment return based on net asset value ^(d)	6.64 %	4.44 %	1.97 %
Ratios/Supplemental Data			
Net assets, end of period (000's omitted)	\$85,781	\$41,924	\$12,310
Ratio to average net assets of:			
Expenses, net of waivers/reimbursements	.50 %	.50 %	.50 % ^(e)
Expenses, before waivers/reimbursements	.65 %	.88 %	1.57 % ^(e)
Net investment income ^(b)	1.63 %	1.85 %	1.81 % ^(e)
Portfolio turnover rate	10 %	26 %	1 %

See footnote summary on page 45.

Selected Data For A Share Of Capital Stock Outstanding Throughout Each Period

	Class 1		
	Year Ended October 31,		January 26 2010 ^(a) to
	2012	2011	October 31, 2010
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 10.30	\$ 10.08	\$ 10.00
Income From Investment Operations			
Net investment income ^{(b)(c)}	.16	.17	.11
Net realized and unrealized gain on investment transactions.....	.50	.27	.07
Net increase in net asset value from operations	.66	.44	.18
Less: Dividends and Distributions			
Dividends from net investment income.....	(.16)	(.20)	(.10)
Distributions from net realized gain on investment transactions.....	(.02)	(.02)	– 0 –
Total dividends and distributions	(.18)	(.22)	(.10)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 10.78	\$ 10.30	\$ 10.08
Total Return			
Total investment return based on net asset value ^(d)	6.45 %	4.40 %	1.78 %
Ratios/Supplemental Data			
Net assets, end of period (000's omitted)	\$236,285	\$111,857	\$10
Ratio to average net assets of:			
Expenses, net of waivers/reimbursements	.60 %	.60 %	.60 % ^(e)
Expenses, before waivers/reimbursements	.74 %	.92 %	2.70 % ^(e)
Net investment income ^(b)	1.54 %	1.66 %	1.38 % ^(e)
Portfolio turnover rate	10 %	26 %	1 %

See footnote summary on page 45.

Selected Data For A Share Of Capital Stock Outstanding Throughout Each Period

	Class 2		
	Year Ended October 31,		January 26 2010 ^(a) to October 31, 2010
	2012	2011	2010
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 10.31	\$ 10.08	\$ 10.00
Income From Investment Operations			
Net investment income ^{(b)(c)}	.17	.17	.11
Net realized and unrealized gain on investment transactions	.50	.28	.07
Net increase in net asset value from operations	.67	.45	.18
Less: Dividends and Distributions			
Dividends from net investment income	(.17)	(.20)	(.10)
Distributions from net realized gain on investment transactions	(.02)	(.02)	— 0 —
Total dividends and distributions	(.19)	(.22)	(.10)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 10.79	\$ 10.31	\$ 10.08
Total Return			
Total investment return based on net asset value ^(d)	6.54 %	4.54 %	1.85 %
Ratios/Supplemental Data			
Net assets, end of period (000's omitted)	\$ 92,507	\$ 43,368	\$ 10,044
Ratio to average net assets of:			
Expenses, net of waivers/reimbursements	.50 %	.50 %	.50 % ^(e)
Expenses, before waivers/reimbursements	.64 %	.85 %	2.61 % ^(e)
Net investment income ^(b)	1.64 %	1.77 %	1.49 % ^(e)
Portfolio turnover rate	10 %	26 %	1 %

(a) Commencement of operations.

(b) Net of fees waived and expenses reimbursed by the Adviser.

(c) Based on average shares outstanding.

(d) Total investment return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption on the last day of the period. Initial sales charges or contingent deferred sales charges are not reflected in the calculation of total investment return. Total return does not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on portfolio distributions or the redemption of portfolio shares. Total investment return calculated for a period of less than one year is not annualized.

(e) Annualized.

See notes to financial statements.

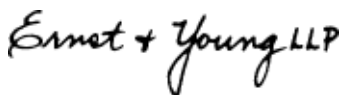
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of AllianceBernstein Bond Fund, Inc. and Shareholders of the AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy Portfolio

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the portfolio of investments, of AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy Portfolio (the "Strategy") (one of the portfolios constituting AllianceBernstein Bond Fund, Inc.), as of October 31, 2012, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the two years in the period then ended and the period January 26, 2010 (commencement of operations) through October 31, 2010. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Strategy's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Strategy's internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Strategy's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2012 by correspondence with the custodian and others or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from others were not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy Portfolio of AllianceBernstein Bond Fund, Inc. at October 31, 2012, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of two years in the period then ended and the period January 26, 2010 (commencement of operations) through October 31, 2010, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The signature of Ernst & Young LLP is written in a stylized, cursive script. The words "Ernst & Young" are written in a larger, more prominent script, with "LLP" in a smaller, simpler script to the right.

New York, New York
December 27, 2012

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

William H. Foulk, Jr.⁽¹⁾, *Chairman*

John H. Dobkin⁽¹⁾

Michael J. Downey⁽¹⁾

D. James Guzy⁽¹⁾

Nancy P. Jacklin⁽¹⁾

Robert M. Keith, *President and
Chief Executive Officer*

Garry L. Moody⁽¹⁾

Marshall C. Turner, Jr.⁽¹⁾

Earl D. Weiner⁽¹⁾

OFFICERS

Philip L. Kirstein,

Senior Vice President and
Independent Compliance Officer

Michael G. Brooks⁽²⁾, Vice President

Robert (Guy) B. Davidson III⁽²⁾,
Vice President

Wayne D. Godlin⁽²⁾, Vice President

Terrance T. Hults⁽²⁾, Vice President

Emilie D. Wrapp, Secretary

Joseph J. Mantineo, Treasurer and
Chief Financial Officer

Phyllis J. Clarke, Controller

Custodian and Accounting Agent

State Street Bank and Trust Company
One Lincoln Street
Boston, MA 02111

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Ernst & Young LLP
5 Times Square
New York, NY 10036

Principal Underwriter

AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc.
1345 Avenue of the Americas
New York, NY 10105

Legal Counsel

Seward & Kissel LLP
One Battery Park Plaza
New York, NY 10004

Transfer Agent

AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc.
P.O. Box 786003
San Antonio, TX 78278-6003
Toll-Free (800) 221-5672

(1) Member of the Audit Committee, the Governance and Nominating Committee and the Independent Directors Committee. Mr. Foulk is the sole member of the Fair Value Pricing Committee.

(2) The day-to-day management of, and investment decisions for, the Strategy's portfolio are made by the Adviser's Municipal Bond Investment Team. Messrs. Michael G. Brooks, Robert "Guy" B. Davidson III, Wayne D. Godlin and Terrance T. Hults are the investment professionals with the most significant responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Strategy's portfolio.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Board of Directors Information

The business and affairs of the Strategy are managed under the direction of the Board of Directors. Certain information concerning the Strategy’s Directors is set forth below.

NAME, ADDRESS* and AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
INTERESTED DIRECTOR			
Robert M. Keith, + 1345 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10105 52 (2010)	Senior Vice President of AllianceBernstein L.P. (the “Adviser”) and head of AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. (“ABI”) since July 2008; Director of ABI and President of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds. Previously, he served as Executive Managing Director of ABI from December 2006 to June 2008. Prior to joining ABI in 2006, Executive Managing Director of Bernstein Global Wealth Management, and prior thereto, Senior Managing Director and Global Head of Client Service and Sales of the Adviser’s institutional investment management business since 2004. Prior thereto, he was Managing Director and Head of North American Client Service and Sales in the Adviser’s institutional investment management business, with which he had been associated since prior to 2004.	101	None

NAME, ADDRESS* and AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
---	--	---	---

DISINTERESTED DIRECTORS

William H. Foulk, Jr., ++, # <i>Chairman of the Board</i> 80 (1998)	Investment Adviser and an Independent Consultant since prior to 2007. Previously, he was Senior Manager of Barrett Associates, Inc., a registered investment adviser. He was formerly Deputy Comptroller and Chief Investment Officer of the State of New York and, prior thereto, Chief Investment Officer of the New York Bank for Savings. He has served as a director or trustee of various AllianceBernstein Funds since 1983 and has been Chairman of the AllianceBernstein Funds and of the Independent Directors Committee of such Funds since 2003. He is also active in a number of mutual fund organizations and committees.	101	None
John H. Dobkin, # 70 (1998)	Independent Consultant since prior to 2007. Formerly, President of Save Venice, Inc. (preservation organization) from 2001-2002, Senior Advisor from June 1999 – June 2000 and President of Historic Hudson Valley (historic preservation) from December 1989 – May 1999. Previously, Director of the National Academy of Design. He has served as a director or trustee of various AllianceBernstein Funds since 1992, and as Chairman of the Audit Committees of a number of such Funds from 2001-2008.	101	None

NAME, ADDRESS* and AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
DISINTERESTED DIRECTORS (continued)			
Michael J. Downey, # 68 (2005)	Private Investor since prior to 2007. Formerly, managing partner of Lexington Capital, LLC (investment advisory firm) from December 1997 until December 2003. From 1987 until 1993, Chairman and CEO of Prudential Mutual Fund Management, Director of the Prudential mutual funds and member of the Executive Committee of Prudential Securities, Inc. He has served as a director or trustee of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2005 and is a director of two other registered investment companies (and Chairman of one of them).	101	Asia Pacific Fund, Inc. and The Merger Fund since prior to 2007 and Prospect Acquisition Corp. (financial services) from 2007 until 2009
D. James Guzy, # 76 (2005)	Chairman of the Board of PLX Technology (semi-conductors) and of SRC Computers Inc., with which he has been associated since prior to 2007. He was a director of Intel Corporation (semi-conductors) from 1969 until 2008, and served as Chairman of the Finance Committee of such company for several years until May 2008. He has served as a director or trustee of one or more of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 1982.	101	Cirrus Logic Corporation (semi-conductors) and PLX Technology (semi-conductors) since prior to 2007 and Intel Corporation (semi-conductors) since prior to 2007 until 2008

NAME, ADDRESS* and AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
DISINTERESTED DIRECTORS (continued)			
Nancy P. Jacklin, # 64 (2006)	Professorial Lecturer at the Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies since 2008. Formerly, U.S. Executive Director of the International Monetary Fund (December 2002 – May 2006); Partner, Clifford Chance (1992-2002); Sector Counsel, International Banking and Finance, and Associate General Counsel, Citicorp (1985-1992); Assistant General Counsel (International), Federal Reserve Board of Governors (1982-1985); and Attorney Advisor, U.S. Department of the Treasury (1973-1982). Member of the Bar of the District of Columbia and of New York; and member of the Council on Foreign Relations. She has served as a director or trustee of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2006.	101	None

NAME, ADDRESS* and AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
---	--	---	---

**DISINTERESTED DIRECTORS
(continued)**

Garry L. Moody, # 60 (2008)	Independent Consultant. Formerly, Partner, Deloitte & Touche LLP (1995-2008) where he held a number of senior positions, including Vice Chairman, and U.S. and Global Investment Management Practice Managing Partner; President, Fidelity Accounting and Custody Services Company (1993-1995); and Partner, Ernst & Young LLP (1975- 1993), where he served as the National Director of Mutual Fund Tax Services. He is also a member of the Governing Council of the Independent Directors Council (IDC), an organization of independent directors of mutual funds. He has served as a director or trustee, and as Chairman of the Audit Committee, of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2008.	101	None
-----------------------------------	---	-----	------

NAME, ADDRESS* and AGE (YEAR FIRST ELECTED**)	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS AND OTHER RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS***	PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY DIRECTOR	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY DIRECTOR IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS
---	--	---	---

**DISINTERESTED DIRECTORS
(continued)**

Marshall C. Turner, Jr., # 71 (2005)	Private Investor since prior to 2007. Interim CEO of MEMC Electronic Materials, Inc. (semi-conductor and solar cell substrates) from November 2008 until March 2009. He was Chairman and CEO of Dupont Photomasks, Inc. (components of semi-conductor manufacturing), 2003-2005, and President and CEO, 2005-2006, after the company was acquired and renamed Toppan Photomasks, Inc. He has extensive experience in venture capital investing including prior service as general partner of three institutional venture capital partnerships, and serves on the boards of a number of education and science-related non-profit organizations. He has served as a director or trustee of one or more of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 1992.	101	Xilinx, Inc. (programmable logic semi-conductors) and MEMC Electronic Materials, Inc. (semi-conductor and solar cell substrates) since prior to 2007
Earl D. Weiner, # 73 (2007)	Of Counsel, and Partner prior to January 2007, of the law firm Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, and member of ABA Federal Regulation of Securities Committee Task Force to draft editions of the Fund Director's Guidebook. He also serves as a director or trustee of various non-profit organizations and has served as Chairman or Vice Chairman of a number of them. He has served as a director or trustee of the AllianceBernstein Funds since 2007 and is Chairman of the Governance and Nominating Committees of the Funds.	101	None

- * *The address for each of the Strategy's disinterested Directors is c/o AllianceBernstein L.P., Attention: Philip L. Kirstein, 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10105.*
- ** *There is no stated term of office for the Strategy's Directors.*
- *** *The information above includes each Director's principal occupation during the last five years and other information relating to the experience, attributes and skills relevant to each Director's qualifications to serve as a Director, which led to the conclusion that each Director should serve as a Director for the Strategy.*
- + *Mr. Keith is an "interested person" of the Strategy as defined in the "40 Act," due to his position as a Senior Vice President of the Adviser.*
- ++ *Member of the Fair Value Pricing Committee.*
- # *Member of the Audit Committee, the Governance and Nominating Committee and the Independent Directors Committee.*

Officer Information

Certain information concerning the Strategy's Officers is listed below.

NAME, ADDRESS* AND AGE	PRINCIPAL POSITION(S) HELD WITH FUND	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS
Robert M. Keith 52	President and Chief Executive Officer	See biography above.
Philip L. Kirstein 67	Senior Vice President and Independent Compliance Officer	Senior Vice President and Independent Compliance Officer of the AllianceBernstein Funds, with which he has been associated since October 2004. Prior thereto, he was Of Counsel to Kirkpatrick & Lockhart, LLP from October 2003 to October 2004, and General Counsel of Merrill Lynch Investment Managers, L.P. since prior to March 2003.
Michael G. Brooks 64	Vice President	Senior Vice President of the Adviser,** with which he has been associated since prior to 2007.
Robert "Guy" B. Davidson III 51	Vice President	Senior Vice President of the Adviser,** with which he has been associated since prior to 2007.
Wayne D. Godlin 51	Vice President	Senior Vice President of the Adviser,** with which he has been associated since December 2009. Prior thereto, he was an investment manager and a Managing Director of Van Kampen Asset Management with which he had been associated since prior to 2007.
Terrance T. Hulst 46	Vice President	Senior Vice President of the Adviser,** with which he has been associated since prior to 2007.
Emilie D. Wrapp 57	Secretary	Senior Vice President, Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Secretary of ABI,** with which she has been associated since prior to 2007.
Joseph J. Mantineo 53	Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer	Senior Vice President of AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc. ("ABIS"),** with which he has been associated since prior to 2007.
Phyllis J. Clarke 51	Controller	Vice President of ABIS,** with which she has been associated since prior to 2007.

* The address for each of the Fund's Officers is 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10105.

** The Adviser, ABI and ABIS are affiliates of the Strategy.

The Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") has additional information about the Strategy's Directors and Officers and is available without charge upon request. Contact your financial representative or AllianceBernstein at 1-800-227-4618, or visit www.alliancebernstein.com, for a free prospectus or SAI.

THE FOLLOWING IS NOT PART OF THE SHAREHOLDER REPORT OR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUMMARY OF SENIOR OFFICER'S EVALUATION OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY AGREEMENT¹

The following is a summary of the evaluation of the Investment Advisory Agreement between AllianceBernstein L.P. (the “Adviser”) and AllianceBernstein Bond Fund, Inc. (the “Fund”) in respect of AllianceBernstein Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy (“Strategy”).² The evaluation of the Investment Advisory Agreement was prepared by Philip L. Kirstein, the Senior Officer of the Fund, for the Directors of the Fund, as required by the September 1, 2004 Assurance of Discontinuance (“AoD”) between the Adviser and the New York State Attorney General (the “NYAG”). The Senior Officer’s evaluation of the Investment Advisory Agreement is not meant to diminish the responsibility or authority of the Board of Directors of the Fund to perform its duties pursuant to Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “40 Act”) and applicable state law. The purpose of the summary is to provide shareholders with a synopsis of the independent evaluation of the reasonableness of the advisory fees proposed to be paid by the Strategy which was provided to the Directors in connection with their review of the proposed approval of the continuance of the Investment Advisory Agreement. The Senior Officer’s evaluation considered the following factors:

1. Advisory fees charged to institutional and other clients of the Adviser for like services;
2. Advisory fees charged by other mutual fund companies for like services;
3. Costs to the Adviser and its affiliates of supplying services pursuant to the advisory agreement, excluding any intra-corporate profit;
4. Profit margins of the Adviser and its affiliates from supplying such services;
5. Possible economies of scale as the Strategy grows larger; and
6. Nature and quality of the Adviser’s services including the performance of the Strategy.

These factors, with the exception of the first factor, are generally referred to as the “*Gartenberg* factors,” which were articulated by the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit in 1982. *Gartenberg v. Merrill Lynch Asset Management, Inc.*, 694 F. 2d 923 (2d Cir. 1982). On March 30, 2010, the Supreme Court held the *Gartenberg* decision was correct in its basic formulation of what §36(b) requires: to face liability under §36(b), “an investment adviser must charge a fee that is so disproportionately large that it bears no reasonable

1 The Senior Officer’s fee evaluation was completed on October 25, 2012 and discussed with the Board of Directors on November 6-8, 2012.

2 Future references to the Fund or the Strategy do not include “AllianceBernstein.”

relationship to the services rendered and could not have been the product of arm's length bargaining." *Jones v. Harris Associates L.P.*, 130 S. Ct. 1418 (2010). In *Jones*, the Court stated the *Gartenberg* approach fully incorporates the correct understanding of fiduciary duty within the context of section 36(b) and noted with approval that "*Gartenberg* insists that all relevant circumstances be taken into account" and "uses the range of fees that might result from arm's length bargaining as the benchmark for reviewing challenged fees."³

PORTFOLIO ADVISORY FEES, EXPENSE CAPS, REIMBURSEMENTS & RATIOS

The Adviser proposed that the Strategy pay the advisory fee set forth in the table below for receiving the services to be provided pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement. The fee schedule below, implemented in January 2004 in connection with the Adviser's settlement with the NYAG in December 2003, is based on a master schedule that contemplates eight categories of funds with almost all funds in each category having the same advisory fee schedule.⁴

Strategy	Category	Advisory Fee Based on % of Average Daily Net Assets	Net Assets 09/30/12 (\$MM)
Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy	High Income	50 bp on 1 st \$2.5 billion 45 bp on next \$2.5 billion 40 bp on the balance	\$509.8

The Adviser is reimbursed as specified in the Investment Advisory Agreement for certain clerical, legal, accounting, administrative and other services provided to the Strategy. During the Strategy's most recently completed fiscal year, the Adviser was entitled to receive \$75,639 (0.05% of the Strategy's average daily net assets) for such services, but waived the amount in its entirety.

The Adviser agreed to waive that portion of its advisory fees and/or reimburse the Strategy for that portion of the Strategy's total operating expenses to the degree necessary to limit the Strategy's expense ratios to the amounts set forth below for the Strategy's current fiscal year. The waiver is terminable by the Adviser prior to the Strategy's new Prospectus date upon at least 60 days written notice. In addition, set forth below are the Strategy's gross expense ratios, annualized for the most recent semi-annual period:

Strategy	Expense Cap Pursuant to Expense Limitation Undertaking	Gross Expense Ratio ⁵	Fiscal Year End
Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy	Advisor	0.50%	0.67%
	Class A	0.80%	0.96%
	Class C	1.50%	1.67%
	Class 1	0.60%	0.76%
	Class 2	0.50%	0.66%

³ *Jones v. Harris* at 1427.

⁴ *Most of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds, which the Adviser manages, were affected by the Adviser's settlement with the NYAG.*

⁵ *Annualized.*

I. ADVISORY FEES CHARGED TO INSTITUTIONAL AND OTHER CLIENTS

The advisory fees charged to investment companies which the Adviser manages and sponsors are normally higher than those charged to similar sized institutional accounts, including pension plans and sub-advised investment companies. The fee differential reflects, among other things, different services provided to such clients, and different liabilities assumed. Services provided by the Adviser to the Strategy that are not provided to non-investment company clients include providing office space and personnel to serve as Fund Officers, who among other responsibilities make the certifications required under the Sarbanes–Oxley Act of 2002, and coordinating with and monitoring the Strategy’s third party service providers such as Fund counsel, auditors, custodians, transfer agents and pricing services. The accounting, administrative, legal and compliance requirements for the Strategy are more costly than those for institutional client assets due to the greater complexities and time required for investment companies, although as previously noted, the Adviser is entitled to be reimbursed for providing some of these services. Also, retail mutual funds managed by the Adviser are widely held and accordingly, servicing the Strategy’s investors is more time consuming and labor intensive compared to servicing institutional clients since the Adviser needs to communicate with a more extensive network of financial intermediaries and shareholders. The Adviser also believes that it incurs substantial entrepreneurial risk when offering a new mutual fund since establishing a new mutual fund requires a large upfront investment and it may take a long time for the fund to achieve profitability since the fund must be priced to scale from inception in order to be competitive and assets are acquired one account at a time. In addition, managing the cash flow of an investment company may be more difficult than that of a stable pool of assets, such as an institutional account with little cash movement in either direction, particularly if the Strategy is in net redemption and the Adviser is frequently forced to sell securities to raise cash for redemptions. However, managing a fund with positive cash flow may be easier at times than managing a stable pool of assets. Finally, in recent years, investment advisers have been sued by institutional clients and have suffered reputational damage both by the attendant publicity and outcomes other than complete victories. Accordingly, the legal and reputational risks associated with institutional accounts are greater than previously thought, although arguably still not equal to those related to the mutual fund industry.

Notwithstanding the Adviser’s view that managing an investment company is not comparable to managing other institutional accounts because the services provided are different, the Supreme Court has indicated consideration should be given to the advisory fees charged to institutional accounts with a similar investment style as the Strategy.⁶

6 *The Supreme Court stated that “courts may give such comparisons the weight that they merit in light of the similarities and differences between the services that the clients in question require, but the courts must be wary of inapt comparisons.” Among the significant differences the Supreme Court noted that may exist between services provided to mutual funds and institutional accounts are “higher marketing costs.” Jones v. Harris at 1428.*

However, with respect to the Strategy, the Adviser represented that there is no category in the Form ADV for institutional products that have a substantially similar investment styles as the Strategy.

The Adviser represented that it does not sub-advise any registered investment companies that have a similar investment strategy as the Strategy.

II. MANAGEMENT FEES CHARGED BY OTHER MUTUAL FUND COMPANIES FOR LIKE SERVICES.

Lipper, Inc. (“Lipper”), an analytical service that is not affiliated with the Adviser, compared the fees charged to the Strategy with fees charged to other investment companies for similar services offered by other investment advisers.⁷ Lipper’s analysis included the comparison of the Strategy’s contractual management fee, estimated at the approximate current asset level of the Strategy, to the median of the Strategy’s Lipper Expense Group (“EG”)⁸ and the Strategy’s contractual management fee ranking.⁹

Lipper describes an EG as a representative sample of comparable funds. Lipper’s standard methodology for screening funds to be included in an EG entails the consideration of several fund criteria, including fund type, investment classification/objective, load type and similar 12b-1/non-12b-1 service fees, asset (size) comparability, expense components and attributes. An EG will typically consist of seven to twenty funds.

Strategy	Contractual Management Fee (%)	Lipper Expense Group Median (%)	Rank
Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy	0.500	0.538	3/10

⁷ The Supreme Court cautioned against accepting mutual fund fee comparisons without careful scrutiny since “these comparisons are problematic because these fees, like those challenged, may not be the product of negotiations conducted at arm’s length.” *Jones v. Harris* at 1429.

⁸ Lipper does not consider average account size when constructing EGs. Funds with relatively small average account sizes tend to have higher transfer agent expense ratio than comparable sized funds that have relatively large average account sizes. There are limitations to Lipper expense category data because different funds categorize expenses differently.

⁹ The contractual management fee is calculated by Lipper using the Strategy’s contractual management fee rate at a hypothetical asset level. The hypothetical asset level is based on the combined net assets of all classes of the Strategy, rounded up to the next \$25 million. Lipper’s total expense ratio information is based on the most recent annual report except as otherwise noted. A ranking of “1” would mean that Strategy had the lowest effective fee rate in the Lipper peer group.

Lipper also compared the Strategy's total expense ratio to the medians of the Strategy's EG and Lipper Expense Universe ("EU"). The EU¹⁰ is a broader group compared to the EG, consisting of all funds that have the same investment classification/objective and load type as the subject Strategy.

Strategy	Expense Ratio (%) ¹¹	Lipper Exp. Group Median (%)	Lipper Group Rank	Lipper Exp. Universe Median (%)	Lipper Universe Rank
Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy	0.800	0.884	2/10	0.770	22/37

Based on this analysis, the Strategy has a more favorable ranking on a total expense ratio basis than on a management fee basis.

III. COSTS TO THE ADVISER AND ITS AFFILIATES OF SUPPLYING SERVICES PURSUANT TO THE ADVISORY FEE ARRANGEMENT, EXCLUDING ANY INTRA-CORPORATE PROFIT.

The Adviser utilizes two profitability reporting systems, which operate independently but are aligned with each other, to estimate the Adviser's profitability in connection with investment advisory services provided to the Strategy. The Senior Officer has retained an independent consultant to provide independent advice regarding the alignment of the two profitability systems as well as the methodologies and allocations utilized by both profitability systems. See Section IV for additional discussion.

IV. PROFIT MARGINS OF THE ADVISER AND ITS AFFILIATES FOR SUPPLYING SUCH SERVICES.

The profitability information for the Strategy, prepared by the Adviser for the Board of Directors, was reviewed by the Senior Officer and the independent consultant. The Adviser's profitability from providing investment advisory services to the Strategy in 2011 was negative.

In addition to the Adviser's direct profits from managing the Strategy, certain of the Adviser's affiliates have business relationships with the Strategy and may earn a profit from providing other services to the Strategy. The courts have referred to this type of business opportunity as "fall-out benefits" to the Adviser and indicated that such benefits should be factored into the evaluation of the total relationship between the Strategy and the Adviser. Neither case law nor common business practice precludes the Adviser's affiliates from earning a reasonable profit on this type of relationship provided the affiliates' charges and services are

¹⁰ Except for asset (size) comparability, Lipper uses the same criteria for selecting an EG when selecting an EU. Unlike the EG, the EU allows for the same adviser to be represented by more than just one fund.

¹¹ Most recently completed fiscal year Class A share total expense ratio.

competitive. These affiliates provide transfer agent and distribution related services to the Strategy and receive transfer agent fees, front-end sales loads, Rule 12b-1 payments and contingent deferred sales charges (“CDSC”). During the Strategy’s most recently completed fiscal year, ABI received from the Portfolio \$0, \$347,324 and \$19,284 in front-end sales charges, Rule 12b-1 and CDSC fees, respectively.

AllianceBernstein Investments, Inc. (“ABI”), an affiliate of the Adviser, is the Strategy’s principal underwriter. ABI and the Adviser have disclosed in the Strategy’s prospectus that they may make revenue sharing payments from their own resources, in addition to revenues derived from sales loads and Rule 12b-1 fees, to firms that sell shares of the Strategy. In 2011, ABI paid approximately 0.04% of the average monthly assets of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds or approximately \$17 million for distribution services and educational support (revenue sharing payments).

Fees and reimbursements for out of pocket expenses charged by AllianceBernstein Investor Services, Inc. (“ABIS”), the affiliated transfer agent for the Strategy, are charged on a per account basis, based on the level of service provided and the class of share held by the account. ABIS also receives a fee per shareholder sub-account for each account maintained by an intermediary on an omnibus basis. During the Strategy’s most recently completed fiscal year, ABIS received \$18,000 in fees from the Strategy.

V. POSSIBLE ECONOMIES OF SCALE

The Adviser has indicated that economies of scale are being shared with shareholders through pricing to scale, breakpoints, fee reductions/waivers and enhancement to services.

An independent consultant, retained by the Senior Officer, provided the Board of Directors information on the Adviser’s firm-wide average costs from 2005 through 2011 and the potential economies of scale. The independent consultant noted that from 2005 through 2007 the Adviser experienced significant growth in assets under management (“AUM”). During this period, operating expenses increased, in part to keep up with growth, and in part reflecting market returns. However, from 2008 through the first quarter of 2009, AUM rapidly and significantly decreased due to declines in market value and client withdrawals. When AUM rapidly decreased, some operating expenses categories, including base compensation and office space, adjusted more slowly during this period, resulting in an increase in average costs. Since 2009, AUM has experienced less significant changes. The independent consultant noted that changes in operating expenses reflect changes in business composition and business practices in response to changes in financial markets. Finally, the independent consultant concluded that the increase in average cost and the decline in net operating margin across the Adviser since late 2008 are inconsistent with the

view that there are currently reductions in average costs due to economies of scale that can be shared with the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds managed by the Adviser through lower fees.

Previously in February 2008, the independent consultant provided the Board of Directors an update of the Deli¹² study on advisory fees and various fund characteristics.¹³ The independent consultant first reiterated the results of his previous two dimensional comparison analysis (fund size and family size) with the Board of Directors.¹⁴ The independent consultant then discussed the results of the regression model that was utilized to study the effects of various factors on advisory fees. The regression model output indicated that the bulk of the variation in fees predicted were explained by various factors, but substantially by fund AUM, family AUM, index fund indicator and investment style. The independent consultant also compared the advisory fees of the AllianceBernstein Mutual Funds to similar funds managed by 19 other large asset managers, regardless of the fund size and each Adviser's proportion of mutual fund assets to non-mutual fund assets.

VI. NATURE AND QUALITY OF THE ADVISER'S SERVICES INCLUDING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE PORTFOLIO.

With assets under management of approximately \$419 billion as of September 30, 2012, the Adviser has the investment experience to manage and provide non-investment services (described in Section I) to the Strategy.

12 The Deli study, originally published in 2002 based on 1997 data and updated for the February 2008 Presentation, may be of diminished value due to the age of the data used in the presentation and the changes experienced in the industry over the last four years.

13 As mentioned previously, the Supreme Court cautioned against accepting mutual fund fee comparisons without careful scrutiny since the fees may not be the product of negotiations conducted at arm's length. See Jones V. Harris at 1429.

14 The two dimensional analysis showed patterns of lower advisory fees for funds with larger asset sizes and funds from larger family sizes compared to funds with smaller asset sizes and funds from smaller family sizes, which according to the independent consultant is indicative of a sharing of economies of scale and scope. However, in less liquid and active markets, such is not the case, as the empirical analysis showed potential for diseconomies of scale in those markets. The empirical analysis also showed diminishing economies of scale and scope as funds surpassed a certain high level of assets.

The information below shows the 1 year performance return and rankings of the Strategy ¹⁵ relative to its Lipper Performance Group (“PG”) and Lipper Performance Universe (“PU”)¹⁶ for the periods ended July 31, 2012.¹⁷

Strategy	Strategy Return (%)	PG Median (%)	PU Median (%)	PG Rank	PU Rank
Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy					
1 year	4.75	7.66	8.09	10/10	44/46

Set forth below are the 1 year and since inception net performance returns of the Strategy (in bold)¹⁸ versus its benchmark.¹⁹ Strategy and benchmark volatility and reward-to-variability ratio (“Sharpe Ratio”) information is also shown.²⁰

	Periods Ending July 31, 2012					
	Annualized Performance					
	Annualized					
	Since 1 Year Inception	Volatility	Sharpe	Risk	Period	
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(Year)	
Municipal Bond Inflation Strategy	4.75	4.25	2.78	1.58	1	
Barclays Capital 1-10yr TIPS Index	4.84	6.58	2.71	1.65	1	

Inception Date: January 26, 2010

- 15 The performance returns and rankings are for the Class A shares of the Strategy. The performance returns of the Strategy were provided Lipper.
- 16 The Strategy's PG is identical to the Strategy's EG. The Strategy's PU is not identical to the Strategy's EU as the criteria for including/excluding a Strategy in/from a PU are somewhat different from that of an EU.
- 17 The current Lipper investment classification/objective dictates the PG and PU throughout the life of the Strategy even if the Strategy may have had a different investment classification/objective at different points in time.
- 18 The performance returns and risk measures shown in the table are for the Class A shares of the Strategy.
- 19 The Adviser provided Strategy and benchmark performance return information for the periods through July 31, 2012.
- 20 Strategy and benchmark volatility and Sharpe Ratio information was obtained through Lipper LANA, a database maintained by Lipper. Volatility is a statistical measure of the tendency of a market price or yield to vary over time. A Sharpe Ratio is a risk adjusted measure of return that divides a fund's return in excess of the riskless return by the fund's standard deviation. A strategy with a greater volatility would be viewed as more risky than a strategy with equivalent performance but lower volatility; for that reason, a greater return would be demanded for the more risky fund. A strategy with a higher Sharpe Ratio would be viewed as better performing than a strategy with a lower Sharpe Ratio.

CONCLUSION:

Based on the factors discussed above the Senior Officer's conclusion is that the proposed advisory fee for the Strategy is reasonable and within the range of what would have been negotiated at arm's-length in light of all the surrounding circumstances. This conclusion in respect of the Strategy is based on an evaluation of all of these factors and no single factor was dispositive.

Dated: December 3, 2012

THIS PAGE IS NOT PART OF THE SHAREHOLDER REPORT OR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FAMILY OF FUNDS

Wealth Strategies

Balanced Wealth Strategy
Conservative Wealth Strategy
Wealth Appreciation Strategy
Tax-Managed Balanced Wealth Strategy
Tax-Managed Conservative Wealth Strategy
Tax-Managed Wealth Appreciation Strategy

Asset Allocation/Multi-Asset Funds

Dynamic All Market Fund
Emerging Markets Multi-Asset Portfolio
International Portfolio
Tax-Managed International Portfolio

Growth Funds

Domestic

Discovery Growth Fund**
Growth Fund
Large Cap Growth Fund
Select US Equity Portfolio
Small Cap Growth Portfolio
U.S. Strategic Research Portfolio

Global & International

Global Thematic Growth Fund
International Discovery Equity Portfolio
International Focus 40 Portfolio
International Growth Fund

Value Funds

Domestic

Core Opportunities Fund
Discovery Value Fund**
Equity Income Fund
Growth & Income Fund
Value Fund

Global & International

Global Real Estate Investment Fund
Global Value Fund
International Value Fund

Taxable Bond Funds

Bond Inflation Strategy
Global Bond Fund
High Income Fund
Intermediate Bond Portfolio
Limited Duration High Income Portfolio
Short Duration Portfolio

Municipal Bond Funds

Arizona Portfolio	National Portfolio
California Portfolio	New Jersey Portfolio
High Income Portfolio	New York Portfolio
Massachusetts Portfolio	Ohio Portfolio
Michigan Portfolio	Pennsylvania Portfolio
Minnesota Portfolio	Virginia Portfolio
Municipal Bond	
Inflation Strategy	

Intermediate Municipal Bond Funds

Intermediate California Portfolio
Intermediate Diversified Portfolio
Intermediate New York Portfolio

Closed-End Funds

Alliance California Municipal Income Fund
Alliance New York Municipal Income Fund
AllianceBernstein Global High Income Fund
AllianceBernstein Income Fund
AllianceBernstein National Municipal Income Fund

Alternatives

Global Risk Allocation Fund**
Market Neutral Strategy-Global
Market Neutral Strategy-U.S.
Real Asset Strategy
Unconstrained Bond Fund

Retirement Strategies

2000 Retirement Strategy	2020 Retirement Strategy	2040 Retirement Strategy
2005 Retirement Strategy	2025 Retirement Strategy	2045 Retirement Strategy
2010 Retirement Strategy	2030 Retirement Strategy	2050 Retirement Strategy
2015 Retirement Strategy	2035 Retirement Strategy	2055 Retirement Strategy

We also offer Exchange Reserves,* which serves as the money market fund exchange vehicle for the AllianceBernstein mutual funds.

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Fund carefully before investing. For copies of our prospectus or summary prospectus, which contain this and other information, visit us online at www.alliancebernstein.com or contact your AllianceBernstein investments representative. Please read the prospectus and/or summary prospectus carefully before investing.

* An investment in the Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

** Prior to October 8, 2012, Global Risk Allocation Fund was named Balanced Shares. Prior to November 1, 2012, Discovery Growth Fund was named Small/Mid Cap Growth Fund and Discovery Value Fund was named Small/Mid Cap Value Fund.

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MUNICIPAL BOND INFLATION STRATEGY
1345 Avenue of the Americas
New York, NY 10105
800.221.5672


ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN

MBIS-0151-1012

